

# Converting Colors

YUV(132.5650, -7.1805,  
-30.3135)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(132.5650, -7.1805, -30.3135)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(132.5650, -7.1805,  
-30.3135)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	629976
RGB	98, 153, 118
RGB Percent	38%, 60%, 46%
CMY	0.6157, 0.4000, 0.5373
CMYK	0.36, 0.00, 0.23, 0.40
HSL	142°, 22%, 49%
HSV	142°, 36%, 60%
XYZ	19.6983, 26.6871, 21.2525
YIQ	132.5650, -21.5450, -22.5450

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

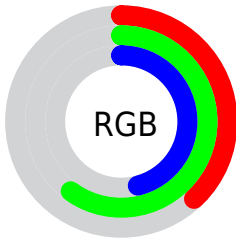
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	98, 138, 153
Decimal	6461814
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	58.68, -26.02, 12.75
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	59, 28.976, 153.895
Yxy	26.6871, 0.2912, 0.3946
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284651894 (0xFF629976)
YUV	132.5650, -7.1805, -30.3135
Hunter-Lab	51.6596, -22.3407, 11.7701

# Details

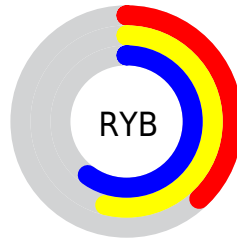
The YUV color  $132.5650, -7.1805, -30.3135$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $669966$ . A complement of this color would be  $118.4350, 7.1805, 30.3135$ , and the grayscale version is  $133.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $186.6250, -8.1961, -31.2431$ , and  $82.2060, -6.0176, -29.9987$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $126.9400, -9.3374, -38.5354$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $138.1900, -5.0237, -22.0916$ .

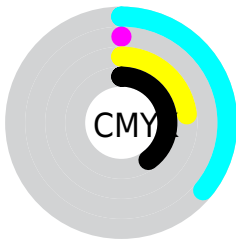
# Distribution



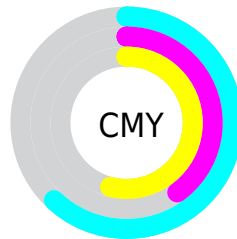
- Red (38%)
- Green (60%)
- Blue (46%)



- Red (38%)
- Yellow (54%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (36%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (23%)
- Black (40%)



- Cyan (62%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (54%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 132.5650, -7.1805, -30.3135 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 132.5650, -7.1805, -30.3135 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 132.5650, -7.1805,  
-30.3135

 132.5650, -7.1805,  
-30.3135


255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 106.9780, -6.8912,  
-29.7987


 186.6250, -8.1961,  
-31.2431

 82.2060, -6.0176,  
-29.9987


 214.3260, -8.0487,  
-31.8579


 57.1350, -4.9966,  
-30.8134

 237.0430, -5.4442,  
-27.2247

 34.6620, -4.2704,  
-30.3986

 248.6070, 2.6587,  
-12.8103

 19.3710, -9.5499,  
-16.9884

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 132.5650, -7.1805,  
-30.3135

■ 132.5650, -7.1805,  
-30.3135

■ 126.9400, -9.3374,  
-38.5354

■ 138.1900, -5.0237,  
-22.0916

■ 121.1300,  
-10.9101, -47.4720

■ 144.0000, -3.4510,  
-13.1550

■ 115.5050,  
-13.0670, -55.6939

■ 149.6250, -1.2941,  
-4.9331

■ 109.8800,  
-15.2238, -63.9158

■ 155.2500, 0.8628,  
3.2888

■ 103.9560,  
-17.2333, -72.7524

■ 160.8750, 3.0196,  
11.5106

■ 98.4450, -18.9534,  
-81.0743

■ 166.6850, 4.5923,  
20.4473

■ 96.1950, -19.8161,  
-84.3630

■ 172.3100, 6.7492,  
28.6691

■ 177.9350, 8.9060,

36.8910

■ 183.8590, 10.9155,  
45.7277

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



136.3200, -18.8918, -7.2966



132.5650, -7.1805, -30.3135



127.7330, 8.0196, -52.3858

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



132.5650, -7.1805, -30.3135



138.6160, 25.8253, -23.3422



143.1810, -14.3862, 41.0603

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



132.5650, -7.1805, -30.3135



118.4350, 7.1805, 30.3135

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



144.2700, -2.5981, 40.1052



132.5650, -7.1805, -30.3135



143.4840, 19.4814, 4.8375

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



132.5650, -7.1805, -30.3135



131.0810, 27.0751, -50.9370



144.6950, 9.5174, 27.4545



141.3510, -22.3580, 31.2642



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



132.5650, -7.1805, -30.3135



125.4850, 17.5089, -62.6923



144.6950, 9.5174, 27.4545



143.2180, -10.4605, 41.9048

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



132.5650, -7.1805, -30.3135



190.8260, -2.8722, -12.1254



141.0490, -21.2232, -6.1820



94.5000, -1.7255, -6.5775



227.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



99.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



132.5650, -7.1805, -30.3135



167.0160, -11.3469, -47.3720



135.6430, 4.6130, -33.0129



74.0380, -1.0047, -4.4183



87.9940, -18.2380, -77.1707



8.2010, -1.5781, -7.1923



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



118.4350, 7.1805, 30.3135



144.9840, 11.3469, 47.3720



115.3570, -4.6130, 33.0129



71.9620, 1.0047, 4.4183



52.0060, 18.2380, 77.1707



4.7990, 1.5781, 7.1923



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 132.5650, -7.1805, -30.3135 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 132.5650, -7.1805, -30.3135 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

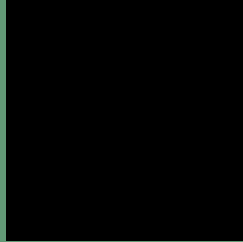
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 132.5650, -7.1805, -30.3135

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 132.5650, -7.1805, -30.3135.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 132.5650, -7.1805,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

132.5650, -7.1805, -30.3135

### Protanopia

139.4990, -13.5570, 8.3324

### Deuteranopia

141.2920, -9.5110, 17.2839



## Tritanopia

136.4080, 11.1379, -25.7908

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

132.5650, -7.1805, -30.3135

## Protanomaly

136.9810, -11.3296, -6.1223

## Deuteranomaly

138.4100, -8.5831, -0.3596

## Tritanomaly

134.9750, 4.4493, -27.1651

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

132.5650, -7.1805, -30.3135

## Achromatopsia

133.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

132.6520, -2.2934, -11.0958

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 132.5650, -7.1805, -30.3135 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(98, 153, 118)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(98, 153, 118)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(98, 153, 118) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(98, 153, 118) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 132.5650, -7.1805, -30.3135 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(98, 153, 118) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(98, 153, 118) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(98, 153, 118)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(98, 153, 118); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(98, 153, 118);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(98, 153,  
118) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 132.5650, -7.1805, -30.3135 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(98, 153, 118) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(98, 153,  
118) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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