

# Converting Colors

YUV(132.6590, -2.2969,  
83.6141)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(132.6590, -2.2969, 83.6141)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(132.6590, -2.2969,  
83.6141)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E45580
RGB	228, 85, 128
RGB Percent	89%, 33%, 50%
CMY	0.1059, 0.6667, 0.4980
CMYK	0.00, 0.63, 0.44, 0.11
HSL	342°, 73%, 61%
HSV	342°, 63%, 89%
XYZ	39.1397, 24.5495, 23.0977
YIQ	132.6590, 71.4250, 43.6890

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

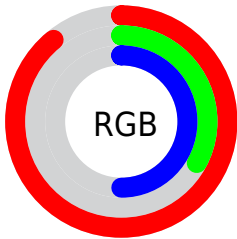
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	228, 85, 128
Decimal	14964096
CIE Lab	56.63, 58.91, 5.95
CIE LCh	57, 59.212, 5.768
Yxy	24.5495, 0.4510, 0.2829
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293154176 (0xFFE45580)
YUV	132.6590, -2.2969, 83.6141
Hunter-Lab	49.5474, 54.2969, 7.0438

# Details

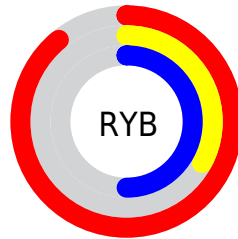
The YUV color **132.6590, -2.2969, 83.6141** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF6699**. The color can be described as light muted rose. A complement of this color would be **180.3410, 2.2969, -83.6141**, and the grayscale version is **133.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **179.6460, 0.6675, 66.0855**, and **70.3910, 4.2442, 85.6031** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **117.3340, -2.6297, 97.0541**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **147.9840, -1.9641, 70.1740**.

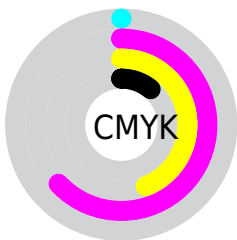
# Distribution



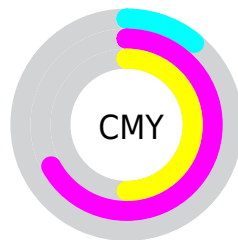
- Red (89%)
- Green (33%)
- Blue (50%)



- Red (89%)
- Yellow (33%)
- Blue (50%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (63%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Black (11%)



- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (67%)
- Yellow (50%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 132.6590, -2.2969, 83.6141 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 132.6590, -2.2969, 83.6141 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 132.6590, -2.2969,  
83.6141


 132.6590, -2.2969,  
83.6141

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 103.8160, -0.4023,  
82.5994


 179.6460, 0.6675,  
66.0855

 70.3910, 4.2442,  
85.6031


 199.7470, 4.0687,  
48.4569


 47.7600, 4.5553,  
79.1405

 219.3750, 8.1961,  
31.2431

 36.5810, -0.7794,  
63.5115

 238.5640, 8.1029,  
14.4144

 25.4020, -6.1142,  
47.8824

 16.0750, -6.9390,  
32.3832

 0.8970, -0.4422,

1.8443

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 132.6590, -2.2969,  
83.6141

■ 132.6590, -2.2969,  
83.6141

■ 117.3340, -2.6297,  
97.0541

■ 147.9840, -1.9641,  
70.1740

■ 102.0090, -2.9624,  
110.4941

■ 163.3090, -1.6313,  
56.7340

■ 87.2710, -3.5846,  
123.4193

■ 178.0470, -1.0092,  
43.8088

■ 76.0380, -3.4697,  
133.2707

■ 193.3720, -0.6764,  
30.3688

■ 208.6970, -0.3436,  
16.9287

■ 224.0220, -0.0108,  
3.4887

■ 239.3470, 0.3219,  
-9.9513

■ 246.9270, 3.9800,  
-16.5990

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



137.7650, 20.3289, 59.8421



132.6590, -2.2969, 83.6141



131.6220, -26.4356, 79.2615

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



132.6590, -2.2969, 83.6141



122.6670, -38.7828, -20.7560



115.4440, 56.4761, -101.2444

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



132.6590, -2.2969, 83.6141



180.3410, 2.2969, -83.6141

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



115.5630, 39.1624, -101.3488



132.6590, -2.2969, 83.6141



102.5330, -5.6858, -89.9214

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



132.6590, -2.2969, 83.6141



127.6480, -56.5215, 22.2337



110.4500, 17.0332, -96.8646



108.8390, 64.1694, -95.4518



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



132.6590, -2.2969, 83.6141



131.8640, -40.3590, 65.0173



110.4500, 17.0332, -96.8646



116.1790, 51.6768, -101.8890

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



132.6590, -2.2969, 83.6141



222.9480, -0.9604, 28.1096



130.6040, 48.0162, 45.9513



107.9960, -0.4910, 17.5435



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



132.6590, -2.2969, 83.6141



127.6070, -3.2573, 111.7237



143.0190, -28.6034, 74.5283



107.0440, -0.0217, 6.9774



59.6770, -2.7988, 104.6463



16.9590, -0.9658, 29.8540



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



132.6590, -2.2969, 83.6141



127.6070, -3.2573, 111.7237



169.9810, 28.6034, -74.5283



107.0440, -0.0217, 6.9774



59.6770, -2.7988, 104.6463



16.9590, -0.9658, 29.8540



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 132.6590, -2.2969, 83.6141 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

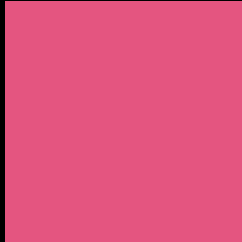
Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 132.6590, -2.2969, 83.6141 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

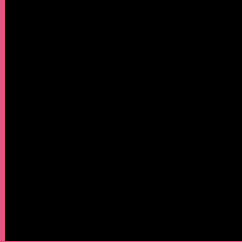
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 132.6590, -2.2969, 83.6141

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 132.6590, -2.2969, 83.6141.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 132.6590, -2.2969,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

132.6590, -2.2969, 83.6141

### Protanopia

136.9100, 9.9044, -3.4291

### Deuteranopia

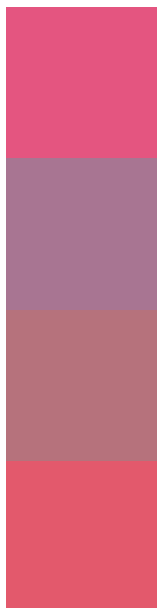
137.0360, -7.9057, 15.7544



## Tritanopia

132.0490, -17.2792, 82.3950

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

132.6590, -2.2969, 83.6141

## Protanomaly

135.5550, 5.1494, 28.4543

## Deuteranomaly

135.4720, -5.6557, 40.8051

## Tritanomaly

132.4280, -12.0430, 82.9396

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

132.6590, -2.2969, 83.6141

## Achromatopsia

133.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

133.2580, -1.1132, 30.4687

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 132.6590, -2.2969, 83.6141 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(228, 85, 128)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(228, 85, 128)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(228, 85, 128) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(228, 85, 128) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 132.6590, -2.2969, 83.6141 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(228, 85, 128) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(228, 85, 128) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(228, 85, 128)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(228, 85, 128); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(228, 85, 128);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(228, 85,  
128) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 132.6590, -2.2969, 83.6141 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(228, 85, 128) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(228, 85,  
128) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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