

# Converting Colors

YUV(132.8160, 9.4577, 46.6424)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(132.8160, 9.4577, 46.6424)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(132.8160, 9.4577,  
46.6424)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	BA6698
RGB	186, 102, 152
RGB Percent	73%, 40%, 60%
CMY	0.2706, 0.6000, 0.4039
CMYK	0.00, 0.45, 0.18, 0.27
HSL	324°, 38%, 56%
HSV	324°, 45%, 73%
XYZ	30.6686, 22.2088, 32.3761
YIQ	132.8160, 34.0140, 33.3580

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

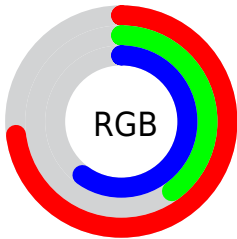
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	186, 102, 152
Decimal	12215960
CIE Lab	54.25, 40.15, -12.37
CIE LCh	54, 42.014, 342.871
Yxy	22.2088, 0.3597, 0.2605
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290406040 (0xFFBA6698)
YUV	132.8160, 9.4577, 46.6424
Hunter-Lab	47.1263, 33.6923, -7.7443

# Details

The YUV color **132.8160, 9.4577, 46.6424** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6699**. A complement of this color would be **155.1840, -9.4577, -46.6424**, and the grayscale version is **133.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **187.4250, 9.1575, 49.6163**, and **80.6200, 10.0473, 44.1833** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **120.7510, 11.4618, 57.2234**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **144.8810, 7.4537, 36.0614**.

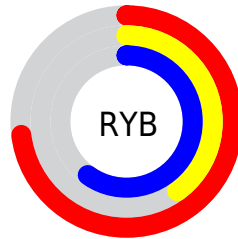
# Distribution



Red (73%)

Green (40%)

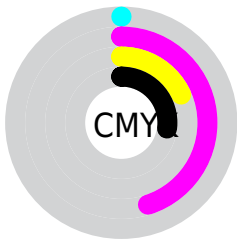
Blue (60%)



Red (73%)

Yellow (40%)

Blue (60%)

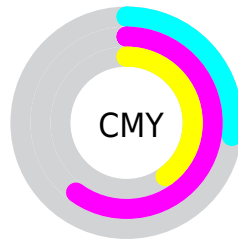


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (45%)

Yellow (18%)

Black (27%)



Cyan (27%)

Magenta (60%)


Yellow (40%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 132.8160, 9.4577, 46.6424 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 132.8160, 9.4577, 46.6424 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 132.8160, 9.4577,  
46.6424


 132.8160, 9.4577,  
46.6424


255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 106.2180, 9.7525,  
45.4128


 187.4250, 9.1575,  
49.6163


 80.6200, 10.0473,  
44.1833

 209.8690, 12.3896,  
39.5799


 54.5490, 11.0683,  
43.3685

 229.1720, 12.7332,  
22.6512

 29.4780, 12.0893,  
42.5538

 245.6080, 4.6303,  
8.2368

 19.9080, 6.4544,  
29.8987

 9.1700, -1.0698,  
16.5139

 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 132.8160, 9.4577,  
46.6424

■ 132.8160, 9.4577,  
46.6424

■ 120.7510, 11.4618,  
57.2234

■ 144.8810, 7.4537,  
36.0614

■ 109.3870, 13.6132,  
67.1896

■ 156.2450, 5.3022,  
26.0951

■ 97.3220, 15.6173,  
77.7706

■ 168.3100, 3.2982,  
15.5141

■ 85.9580, 17.7687,  
87.7368

■ 179.6740, 1.1467,  
5.5479

■ 73.8930, 19.7728,  
98.3178

■ 191.7390, -0.8573,  
-5.0331

■ 68.2680, 21.0669,  
103.2510

■ 203.6900, -3.2982,  
-15.5141

■ 215.1680, -5.0128,  
-25.5803

■ 227.1190, -7.4537,  
-36.0614

■ 230.3790, -5.1168,  
-38.9204

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



133.5270, 24.3902, 17.0778



132.8160, 9.4577, 46.6424



130.4250, -7.6045, 59.2633

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



132.8160, 9.4577, 46.6424



125.1190, -34.0757, 9.5426



105.9940, 35.4990, -92.9567

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



132.8160, 9.4577, 46.6424



155.1840, -9.4577, -46.6424

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



103.4060, 20.5058, -90.6871



132.8160, 9.4577, 46.6424



120.6080, -22.4847, -21.5812

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



132.8160, 9.4577, 46.6424



127.3980, -33.7202, 35.6080



109.2510, -1.1097, -64.2411



104.2790, 46.6975, -91.4527



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



132.8160, 9.4577, 46.6424



129.8410, -18.6556, 57.1444



109.2510, -1.1097, -64.2411



105.4410, 30.8416, -92.4718

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



132.8160, 9.4577, 46.6424



220.5600, 4.1609, 18.8029



121.7420, 31.6792, 12.5043



109.3480, 2.2934, 11.0958



250.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



122.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



132.8160, 9.4577, 46.6424



159.0610, 14.7599, 72.7375



128.0280, -8.8878, 50.8414



86.2610, 0.8573, 5.0331



57.2460, 17.6267, 86.6073



10.3100, 3.2982, 15.5141



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



132.8160, 9.4577, 46.6424



159.0610, 14.7599, 72.7375



159.9720, 8.8878, -50.8414



86.2610, 0.8573, 5.0331



57.2460, 17.6267, 86.6073



10.3100, 3.2982, 15.5141



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 132.8160, 9.4577, 46.6424 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

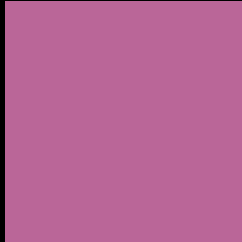
Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 132.8160, 9.4577, 46.6424 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

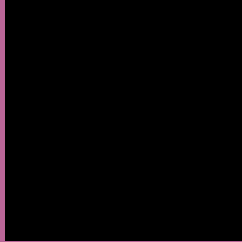
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 132.8160, 9.4577, 46.6424

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 132.8160, 9.4577, 46.6424.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 132.8160, 9.4577,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

132.8160, 9.4577, 46.6424

### Protanopia

130.6840, 19.3828, -10.2469

### Deuteranopia

131.7860, 7.9935, 2.8187



## Tritanopia

131.7390, -7.2663, 44.0789

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

132.8160, 9.4577, 46.6424

**Protanomaly**

131.1920, 15.6813, 10.3556

**Deuteranomaly**

132.2980, 8.2341, 19.0327

**Tritanomaly**

131.7590, -0.8672, 44.9384

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

132.8160, 9.4577, 46.6424

**Achromatopsia**

133.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

**Achromatomaly**

133.0220, 3.4402, 16.6437

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 132.8160, 9.4577, 46.6424 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(186, 102, 152)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(186, 102, 152)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(186, 102, 152) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(186, 102, 152) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 132.8160, 9.4577, 46.6424 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(186, 102, 152) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(186, 102, 152) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(186, 102, 152)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(186, 102, 152); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(186, 102, 152);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(186, 102,  
152) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 132.8160, 9.4577, 46.6424 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(186, 102, 152) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(186,  
102, 152) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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