

# Converting Colors

YUV(132.8920, -9.8068,  
-27.9693)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(132.8920, -9.8068, -27.9693)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(132.8920, -9.8068,  
-27.9693)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	659971
RGB	101, 153, 113
RGB Percent	40%, 60%, 44%
CMY	0.6039, 0.4000, 0.5569
CMYK	0.34, 0.00, 0.26, 0.40
HSL	134°, 20%, 50%
HSV	134°, 34%, 60%
XYZ	19.7387, 26.7414, 19.7441
YIQ	132.8920, -18.1520, -23.4640

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

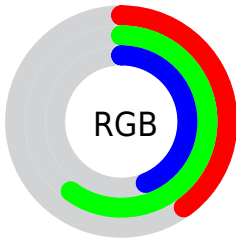
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	101, 143, 153
Decimal	6658417
CIELab	58.73, -26.04, 15.65
CIELCh	59, 30.377, 148.991
Yxy	26.7414, 0.2981, 0.4038
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284848497 (0xFF659971)
YUV	132.8920, -9.8068, -27.9693
Hunter-Lab	51.7121, -22.3621, 13.5611

# Details

The YUV color **132.8920, -9.8068, -27.9693** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669966**. A complement of this color would be **121.1080, 9.8068, 27.9693**, and the grayscale version is **133.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **186.9520, -10.8223, -28.8989**, and **82.5330, -8.6438, -27.6544** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **127.0390, -12.8372, -35.9912**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **138.7450, -6.7763, -19.9474**.

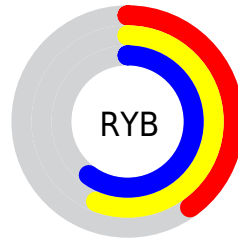
# Distribution



Red (40%)

Green (60%)

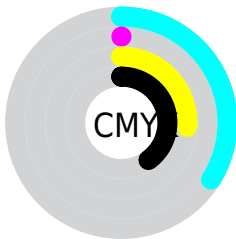
Blue (44%)



Red (40%)

Yellow (56%)

Blue (60%)

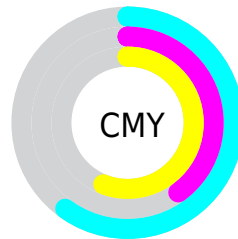


Cyan (34%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (26%)

Black (40%)



Cyan (60%)

Magenta (40%)


Yellow (56%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 132.8920, -9.8068, -27.9693 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 132.8920, -9.8068, -27.9693 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 132.8920, -9.8068,  
-27.9693


 132.8920, -9.8068,  
-27.9693


255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 107.3050, -9.5174,  
-27.4545


 186.9520,  
-10.8223, -28.8989

 82.5330, -8.6438,  
-27.6544


 214.5390,  
-11.1117, -29.4137


 57.8750, -7.3334,  
-27.9544

 237.2560, -8.5072,  
-24.7805

 34.2060, -6.0176,  
-29.9987

 248.9340, 0.0325,  
-10.4661

 19.3710, -9.5499,  
-16.9884

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 132.8920, -9.8068,  
-27.9693

■ 132.8920, -9.8068,  
-27.9693

■ 127.0390,  
-12.8372, -35.9912

■ 138.7450, -6.7763,  
-19.9474

■ 120.8870,  
-15.7203, -44.6279

■ 144.8970, -3.8932,  
-11.3107

■ 115.1480,  
-18.3140, -52.7498

■ 150.6360, -1.2995,  
-3.1888

■ 109.2950,  
-21.3444, -60.7717

■ 156.4890, 1.7309,  
4.8331

■ 103.4420,  
-24.3749, -68.7936

■ 162.3420, 4.7614,  
12.8551

■ 97.2900, -27.2580,  
-77.4303


■ 168.4940, 7.6445,  
21.4918

■ 93.8010, -28.9889,  
-82.2635

■ 174.2330, 10.2381,  
29.6137

■ 180.0860, 13.2686,

37.6356

 186.2380, 16.1517,  
46.2723

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



136.4730, -20.9392, -3.9228



132.8920, -9.8068, -27.9693



127.7500, 5.5462, -52.4008

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



132.8920, -9.8068, -27.9693



137.4410, 27.8836, -30.2048



143.2460, -12.9393, 43.6343

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



132.8920, -9.8068, -27.9693



121.1080, 9.8068, 27.9693

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



144.4380, -0.7089, 40.8349



132.8920, -9.8068, -27.9693



143.4340, 21.9710, -0.3806

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



132.8920, -9.8068, -27.9693



128.0800, 28.5546, -58.8292



145.2540, 11.7068, 25.2102



141.3730, -22.3689, 34.7529



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



132.8920, -9.8068, -27.9693



123.9360, 16.7936, -66.5959



145.2540, 11.7068, 25.2102



143.8700, -9.3029, 43.9640

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



132.8920, -9.8068, -27.9693



191.3100, -3.6038, -10.7959



143.7830, -21.0920, -1.5637



94.6850, -2.3097, -5.8627



227.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



99.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



132.8920, -9.8068, -27.9693



167.3000, -15.4309, -44.1131



135.7420, 1.1132, -30.4687



73.9240, -1.4415, -4.3183



85.8280, -26.5372, -75.2712



7.9730, -2.4517, -6.9923



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



121.1080, 9.8068, 27.9693



148.7000, 15.4309, 44.1131



118.2580, -1.1132, 30.4687



72.0760, 1.4415, 4.3183



54.1720, 26.5372, 75.2712



5.0270, 2.4517, 6.9923



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 132.8920, -9.8068, -27.9693 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 132.8920, -9.8068, -27.9693 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

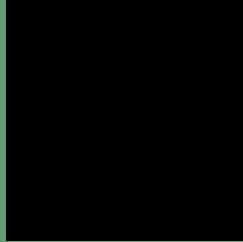
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 132.8920, -9.8068, -27.9693

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 132.8920, -9.8068, -27.9693.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 132.8920, -9.8068,

-27.9693.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

132.8920, -9.8068, -27.9693

### Protanopia

139.8150, -16.1778, 8.9322

### Deuteranopia

141.3200, -11.9898, 19.0134



## Tritanopia

137.3050, 10.6956, -23.9465

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

132.8920, -9.8068, -27.9693

## Protanomaly

137.0090, -13.8084, -4.3929

## Deuteranomaly

138.4380, -11.0619, 1.3699

## Tritanomaly

135.6440, 3.1335, -25.1208

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

132.8920, -9.8068, -27.9693

## Achromatopsia

133.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

132.7230, -3.3144, -10.2811

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 132.8920, -9.8068, -27.9693 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(101, 153, 113)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(101, 153, 113)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(101, 153, 113) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(101, 153, 113) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 132.8920, -9.8068, -27.9693 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(101, 153, 113) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(101, 153, 113) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(101, 153, 113)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(101, 153, 113); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(101, 153, 113);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(101, 153,  
113) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 132.8920, -9.8068, -27.9693 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(101, 153, 113) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(101,  
153, 113) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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