

Converting Colors

YUV(133.1900, 28.0073,
-116.8076)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(133.1900, 28.0073, -116.8076)
contains.

YUV(133.1900, 28.0073, -116.8076)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YUV(133.1900, 28.0073,
-116.8076)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00BEBE
RGB	0, 190, 190
RGB Percent	0%, 75%, 75%
CMY	1.0000, 0.2549, 0.2549
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.25
HSL	180°, 100%, 37%
HSV	180°, 100%, 75%
XYZ	27.7077, 40.5446, 55.0807
YIQ	133.1900, -113.2400, -40.2800

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

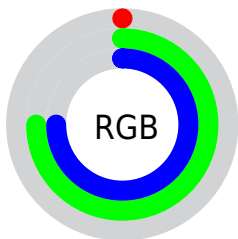
Format	Color
RYB	0, 95, 190
Decimal	48830
CIELab	69.86, -38.54, -11.33
CIELCh	70, 40.168, 196.386
Yxy	40.5446, 0.2247, 0.3287
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278238910 (0xFF00BEBE)
YUV	133.1900, 28.0073, -116.8076
Hunter-Lab	63.6747, -33.7572, -6.7156

Details

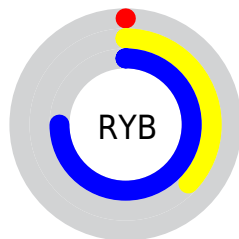
The YUV color **133.1900, 28.0073, -116.8076** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **00CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **56.8100, -28.0073, 116.8076**, and the grayscale version is **133.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **203.5310, 20.9372, -89.0427**, and **95.4500, 20.4842, -83.7096** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **133.1900, 28.0073, -116.8076**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **138.8710, 25.2066, -105.1269**.

Distribution



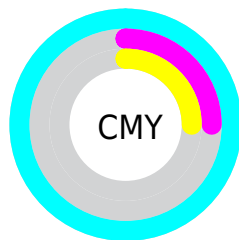
- Red (0%)
- Green (75%)
- Blue (75%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (37%)
- Blue (75%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (25%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (25%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 133.1900, 28.0073, -116.8076 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 133.1900, 28.0073, -116.8076 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 133.1900, 28.0073,
-116.8076

■ 133.1900, 28.0073,
-116.8076

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 114.2630, 24.0273,
-100.2087

■ 203.5310, 20.9372,
-89.0427

■ 95.4500, 20.4842,
-83.7096

■ 219.1200, 17.6888,
-73.7732

■ 77.2240, 16.6516,
-67.7254

■ 228.3890, 13.1192,
-54.7152

■ 59.8130, 13.4032,
-52.4560

■ 237.6580, 8.5496,
-35.6571

■ 43.1030, 10.3022,
-37.8013

■ 246.9270, 3.9800,
-16.5990

■ 28.2680, 6.7699,
-24.7910

■ 3.0950, 9.3202,

-2.7143

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 133.1900, 28.0073,
-116.8076

■ 138.8710, 25.2066,
-105.1269

■ 144.5520, 22.4059,
-93.4461

■ 150.2330, 19.6051,
-81.7653

■ 155.9140, 16.8044,
-70.0846

■ 161.5950, 14.0037,
-58.4038

■ 167.2760, 11.2029,
-46.7231

■ 172.9570, 8.4022,
-35.0423

■ 178.6380, 5.6015,
-23.3615

■ 184.3190, 2.8007,
-11.6808

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



153.6860, -0.8312, -60.2376



133.1900, 28.0073, -116.8076



135.0770, 42.8530, -118.4625

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



133.1900, 28.0073, -116.8076



175.3920, 22.4847, 21.5812



169.5720, -34.2990, 34.5784

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



133.1900, 28.0073, -116.8076



56.8100, -28.0073, 116.8076

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



171.2830, -25.7755, 54.1258



133.1900, 28.0073, -116.8076



175.1430, 6.8315, 48.9866

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



133.1900, 28.0073, -116.8076



170.2390, 34.3922, -17.7496



173.0400, -10.3727, 60.4779



166.0370, -33.0492, 6.9836

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



133.1900, 28.0073, -116.8076



150.8950, 42.4498, -82.3459



173.0400, -10.3727, 60.4779



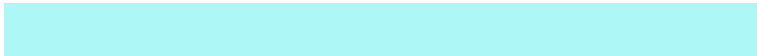
169.7840, -32.4315, 42.2854

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



133.1900, 28.0073, -116.8076



224.8740, 10.9081, -45.4935



111.5300, -54.9843, -97.8118



111.5450, 6.6333, -27.6650



252.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



125.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



133.1900, 28.0073, -116.8076



173.1470, 36.4095, -151.8499



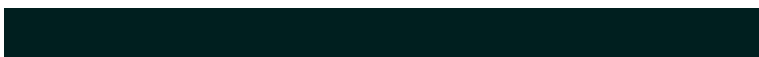
77.4250, 55.4995, -67.9017



91.3090, 1.3267, -5.5330



110.7580, 23.2903, -97.1348



21.7310, 4.5696, -19.0581

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



78.4700, 54.9843, 97.8118



102.0110, 71.4796, 127.1554



112.5750, -55.4995, 67.9017



88.7170, 2.6045, 4.6332



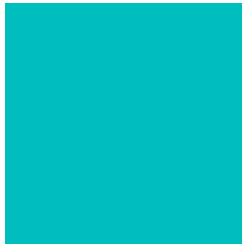
65.2540, 45.7238, 81.3382



12.8030, 8.9711, 15.9588

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 133.1900, 28.0073, -116.8076 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

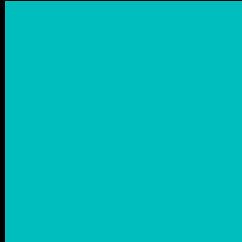
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 133.1900, 28.0073, -116.8076 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

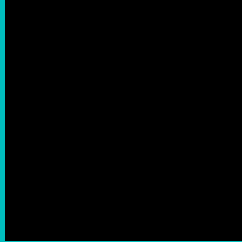
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

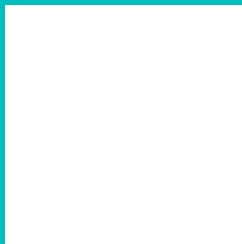
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 133.1900, 28.0073, -116.8076 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 133.1900, 28.0073, -116.8076.

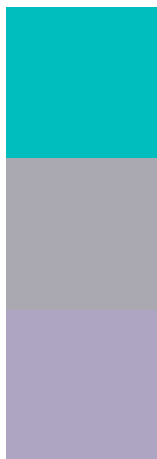


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 133.1900, 28.0073, -116.8076.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

133.1900, 28.0073, -116.8076

Protanopia

169.6240, 3.6364, 0.3298

Deuteranopia

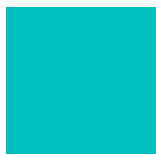
171.1110, 11.7773, 2.5337



Tritanopia

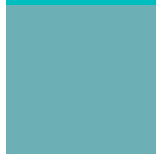
143.6640, 29.2526, -96.1753

Trichromacy



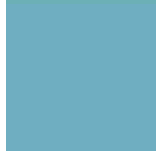
Original Color

133.1900, 28.0073, -116.8076



Protanomaly

156.3520, 12.6445, -42.4047



Deuteranomaly

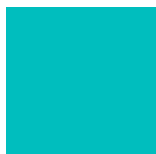
157.3290, 17.5858, -40.6305



Tritanomaly

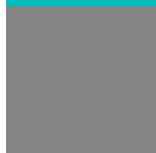
140.0930, 28.5482, -103.5676

Monochromacy



Original Color

133.1900, 28.0073, -116.8076



Achromatopsia

133.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



Achromatomaly

133.3690, 10.1711, -42.4196

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 133.1900, 28.0073, -116.8076 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 190, 190)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 190, 190)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 190, 190) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 190, 190) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 133.1900, 28.0073, -116.8076 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 190, 190) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 190, 190) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 190, 190)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 190, 190); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 190, 190);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 190,  
190) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 133.1900, 28.0073, -116.8076 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 190, 190) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 190,  
190) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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