

# Converting Colors

YUV(133.6530, -10.1819,  
45.9083)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(133.6530, -10.1819, 45.9083)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(133.6530, -10.1819,  
45.9083)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	BA6F71
RGB	186, 111, 113
RGB Percent	73%, 44%, 44%
CMY	0.2706, 0.5647, 0.5569
CMYK	0.00, 0.40, 0.39, 0.27
HSL	358°, 35%, 58%
HSV	358°, 40%, 73%
XYZ	28.9148, 23.0002, 18.5383
YIQ	133.6530, 44.0580, 16.5220

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

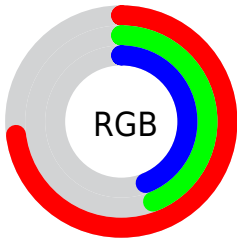
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	186, 111, 113
Decimal	12218225
CIELab	55.07, 29.93, 11.69
CIELCh	55, 32.131, 21.334
Yxy	23.0002, 0.4104, 0.3265
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290408305 (0xFFBA6F71)
YUV	133.6530, -10.1819, 45.9083
Hunter-Lab	47.9586, 23.6922, 10.6525

# Details

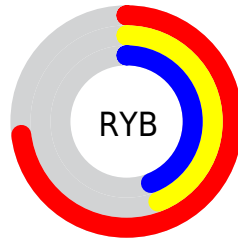
The YUV color **133.6530, -10.1819, 45.9083** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **163.3470, 10.1819, -45.9083**, and the grayscale version is **134.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **188.0340, -11.3558, 49.0822**, and **82.0870, -8.4239, 42.0197** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **120.4480, -12.5459, 57.4891**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **146.8580, -7.8180, 34.3275**.

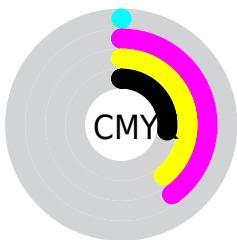
# Distribution



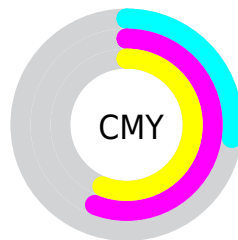
- Red (73%)
- Green (44%)
- Blue (44%)



- Red (73%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Blue (44%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (39%)
- Black (27%)




- Cyan (27%)
- Magenta (56%)
- Yellow (56%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 133.6530, -10.1819, 45.9083 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 133.6530, -10.1819, 45.9083 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 133.6530,  
-10.1819, 45.9083

 133.6530,  
-10.1819, 45.9083


255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 107.8700, -9.3029,  
43.9640


 188.0340,  
-11.3558, 49.0822


 82.0870, -8.4239,  
42.0197


 210.2500, -8.9972,  
39.2458


 58.0050, -7.3975,  
39.4606

 229.8780, -4.8699,  
22.0320

 33.2760, -5.0661,  
38.3459

 250.0930, -1.0318,  
4.3034

 15.5480, -7.6652,  
31.9684

 5.9800, -2.9481,  
12.2955

 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 133.6530,  
-10.1819, 45.9083

■ 133.6530,  
-10.1819, 45.9083

■ 120.4480,  
-12.5459, 57.4891

■ 146.8580, -7.8180,  
34.3275

■ 107.8300,  
-15.1992, 68.5551

■ 159.4760, -5.1647,  
23.2615

■ 94.6250, -17.5631,  
80.1359

■ 172.6810, -2.8007,  
11.6808

■ 82.0070, -20.2165,  
91.2019

■ 185.2990, -0.1474,  
0.6148

■ 68.6880, -23.0172,  
102.8826

■ 198.6180, 2.6533,  
-11.0660

■ 56.1840, -25.2337,  
113.8486

■ 211.8230, 5.0173,  
-22.6468

■ 224.4410, 7.6706,  
-33.7128

■ 234.3690, 10.1711,  
-42.4196

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



135.0510, 2.9329, 39.4203



133.6530, -10.1819, 45.9083



132.3350, -21.3642, 39.1712

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



133.6530, -10.1819, 45.9083



124.1870, -13.8962, -22.9660



124.3470, 30.3949, -42.4003

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



133.6530, -10.1819, 45.9083



163.3470, 10.1819, -45.9083

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



109.1590, 31.9666, -79.9464



133.6530, -10.1819, 45.9083



117.6640, 2.6306, -50.5713

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



133.6530, -10.1819, 45.9083



127.7080, -24.0130, 2.0101



105.6070, 22.3787, -84.7243



132.8890, 25.1977, -8.6727



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



133.6530, -10.1819, 45.9083



131.1290, -25.6996, 29.7049



105.6070, 22.3787, -84.7243



120.4980, 31.3065, -54.8107

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



133.6530, -10.1819, 45.9083



221.7850, -3.8380, 17.7286



141.3770, 21.9991, 37.3804



110.1970, -2.0691, 10.3512



250.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



122.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



133.6530, -10.1819, 45.9083



161.0260, -15.7888, 71.0142



153.9700, -21.1842, 28.0903



85.6910, -1.3267, 5.5330



47.1000, -21.2483, 95.5053



8.4860, -3.6906, 17.1138



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



133.6530, -10.1819, 45.9083



161.0260, -15.7888, 71.0142



143.0300, 21.1842, -28.0903



85.6910, -1.3267, 5.5330



47.1000, -21.2483, 95.5053



8.4860, -3.6906, 17.1138



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 133.6530, -10.1819, 45.9083 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

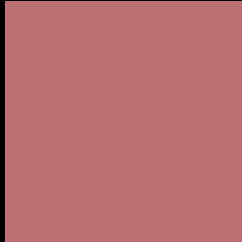
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 133.6530, -10.1819, 45.9083 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

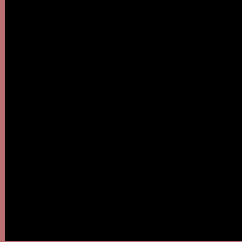
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 133.6530, -10.1819, 45.9083

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 133.6530, -10.1819, 45.9083.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 133.6530, -10.1819,

45.9083.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

133.6530, -10.1819, 45.9083

### Protanopia

132.5830, -4.2314, 3.8737

### Deuteranopia

132.8360, -11.2581, 17.6838



## Tritanopia

133.6360, -7.7085, 45.9232

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

133.6530, -10.1819, 45.9083

## Protanomaly

132.8130, -6.3168, 19.4580

## Deuteranomaly

133.0160, -10.8539, 28.0500

## Tritanomaly

133.4080, -8.5821, 46.1232

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

133.6530, -10.1819, 45.9083

## Achromatopsia

134.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

134.0730, -3.9800, 16.5990

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 133.6530, -10.1819, 45.9083 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(186, 111, 113)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(186, 111, 113)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(186, 111, 113) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(186, 111, 113) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 133.6530, -10.1819, 45.9083 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(186, 111, 113) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(186, 111, 113) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(186, 111, 113)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(186, 111, 113); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(186, 111, 113);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(186, 111,  
113) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 133.6530, -10.1819, 45.9083 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(186, 111, 113) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(186,  
111, 113) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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