

# Converting Colors

YUV(133.8020, -23.0734,  
27.3606)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(133.8020, -23.0734, 27.3606)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(133.8020, -23.0734,  
27.3606)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	A57F57
RGB	165, 127, 87
RGB Percent	65%, 50%, 34%
CMY	0.3529, 0.5020, 0.6588
CMYK	0.00, 0.23, 0.47, 0.35
HSL	31°, 31%, 49%
HSV	31°, 47%, 65%
XYZ	24.8267, 23.8662, 12.3150
YIQ	133.8020, 35.4880, -4.3840

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

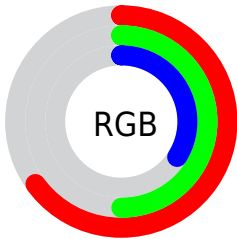
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	161, 165, 87
Decimal	10846039
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	55.95, 9.47, 27.34
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	56, 28.932, 70.888
Yxy	23.8662, 0.4069, 0.3912
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289036119 (0xFFA57F57)
YUV	133.8020, -23.0734, 27.3606
Hunter-Lab	48.8530, 5.2194, 19.2512

# Details

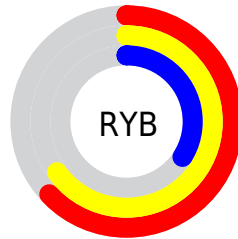
The YUV color **133.8020, -23.0734, 27.3606** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9966**. A complement of this color would be **118.1980, 23.0734, -27.3606**, and the grayscale version is **134.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **187.6560, -24.9734, 30.1197**, and **83.6490, -21.0260, 23.9868** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **127.1680, -28.1838, 33.1787**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **140.3220, -18.3997, 21.6426**.

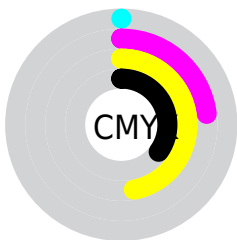
# Distribution



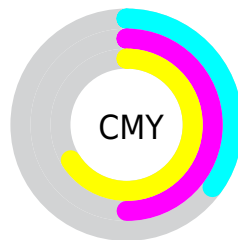
- Red (65%)
- Green (50%)
- Blue (34%)



- Red (63%)
- Yellow (65%)
- Blue (34%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Black (35%)



- Cyan (35%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (66%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 133.8020, -23.0734, 27.3606 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 133.8020, -23.0734, 27.3606 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 133.8020,  
-23.0734, 27.3606

■ 133.8020,  
-23.0734, 27.3606

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 108.3180,  
-22.3418, 26.0311

■ 187.6560,  
-24.9734, 30.1197

■ 83.6490, -21.0260,  
23.9868

■ 215.2540,  
-25.2682, 31.3492

■ 59.8660, -20.1469,  
22.0425

■ 235.9640,  
-22.1673, 16.6946

■ 38.1970, -18.8311,  
19.9982

■ 250.8960,  
-15.7247, 3.5992

■ 18.3950, -9.0687,  
15.4396

■ 254.2020, -3.0576,  
0.6998

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 133.8020,  
-23.0734, 27.3606

■ 133.8020,  
-23.0734, 27.3606

■ 127.1680,  
-28.1838, 33.1787

■ 140.3220,  
-18.3997, 21.6426

■ 120.6480,  
-32.8575, 38.8967

■ 146.9560,  
-13.2893, 15.8246

■ 114.0140,  
-37.9679, 44.7147

■ 153.5900, -8.1789,  
10.0066

■ 107.4940,  
-42.6415, 50.4328

■ 160.1100, -3.5052,  
4.2885

■ 100.8600,  
-47.7520, 56.2508

■ 166.7440, 1.6052,  
-1.5295

■ 99.2300, -48.9204,  
57.6803

■ 173.2640, 6.2788,  
-7.2475

■ 179.8980, 11.3893,  
-13.0655

■ 186.4180, 16.0629,

-18.7836

■ 192.9380, 20.7366,  
-24.5016

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



135.3010, -16.4174, 39.2010



133.8020, -23.0734, 27.3606



131.8660, -23.5979, 8.8875

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



133.8020, -23.0734, 27.3606



119.3240, 11.6723, -57.2891



136.9470, 17.2811, 10.5705

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



133.8020, -23.0734, 27.3606



118.1980, 23.0734, -27.3606

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



133.0190, 24.6406, -16.6797



133.8020, -23.0734, 27.3606



117.7820, 23.7715, -64.7068

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



133.8020, -23.0734, 27.3606



124.1560, -3.5279, -35.2168



125.2280, 27.4956, -45.8040



137.6200, 6.5963, 31.0283



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



133.8020, -23.0734, 27.3606



129.5160, -19.4814, -4.8375



125.2280, 27.4956, -45.8040



135.9890, 20.2184, 1.7636

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



133.8020, -23.0734, 27.3606



202.3620, -9.0525, 10.2065



114.7680, 5.5374, 44.0535



99.6650, -5.2578, 6.4328



235.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



107.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



133.8020, -23.0734, 27.3606



165.4590, -36.2153, 42.5705



156.1080, -34.0702, 7.7983



78.6260, -2.7736, 2.9590



87.3800, -43.0783, 50.5327



10.6650, -5.2578, 6.4328



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



118.1980, 23.0734, -27.3606



141.1280, 35.9259, -43.0853



95.8920, 34.0702, -7.7983



76.3740, 2.7736, -2.9590



58.2070, 42.7889, -51.0475

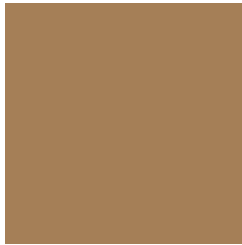


7.3350, 5.2578, -6.4328



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 133.8020, -23.0734, 27.3606 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

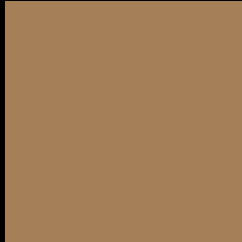
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 133.8020, -23.0734, 27.3606 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

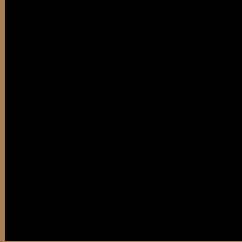
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 133.8020, -23.0734, 27.3606

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 133.8020, -23.0734, 27.3606.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 133.8020, -23.0734,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

133.8020, -23.0734, 27.3606

### Protanopia

132.5720, -20.9880, 11.7764

### Deuteranopia

133.4920, -22.9206, 25.0015



## Tritanopia

136.4920, -2.7076, 28.5095

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

133.8020, -23.0734, 27.3606

## Protanomaly

132.7900, -21.5885, 17.7242

## Deuteranomaly

133.7910, -23.0680, 25.6163

## Tritanomaly

135.5430, -10.1277, 28.4648

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

133.8020, -23.0734, 27.3606

## Achromatopsia

134.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

133.5900, -8.1789, 10.0066

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 133.8020, -23.0734, 27.3606 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(165, 127, 87)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(165, 127, 87)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(165, 127, 87) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(165, 127, 87) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 133.8020, -23.0734, 27.3606 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(165, 127, 87) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(165, 127, 87) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(165, 127, 87) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(165, 127, 87); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(165, 127, 87);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(165, 127,  
87) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 133.8020, -23.0734, 27.3606 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(165, 127, 87) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(165,  
127, 87) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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