

Converting Colors

YUV(134.4630, 31.3237,
-13.5611)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(134.4630, 31.3237, -13.5611)
contains.

YUV(134.4630, 31.3237, -13.5611)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YUV(134.4630, 31.3237,
-13.5611)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7782C6
RGB	119, 130, 198
RGB Percent	47%, 51%, 78%
CMY	0.5333, 0.4902, 0.2235
CMYK	0.40, 0.34, 0.00, 0.22
HSL	232°, 41%, 62%
HSV	232°, 40%, 78%
XYZ	25.7834, 23.9644, 56.6927
YIQ	134.4630, -28.3840, 18.8160

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

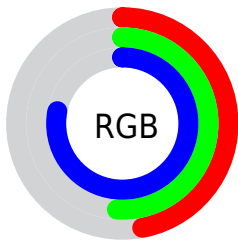
Format	Color
R _Y B	119, 129, 198
Decimal	7832262
CIE Lab	56.05, 13.10, -36.67
CIE LCh	56, 38.941, 289.661
Yxy	23.9644, 0.2422, 0.2251
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286022342 (0xFF7782C6)
YUV	134.4630, 31.3237, -13.5611
Hunter-Lab	48.9535, 8.3460, -34.3960

Details

The YUV color **134.4630, 31.3237, -13.5611** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **9999CC**. A complement of this color would be **182.5370, -31.3237, 13.5611**, and the grayscale version is **134.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **188.5170, 32.7761, -12.7314**, and **83.6970, 29.7294, -15.5203** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **118.5040, 39.1915, -17.1050**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **150.4220, 23.4560, -10.0171**.

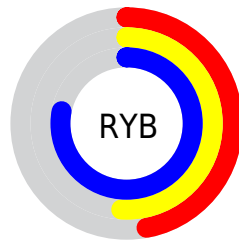
Distribution



Red (47%)

Green (51%)

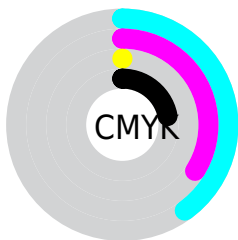
Blue (78%)



Red (47%)

Yellow (51%)

Blue (78%)

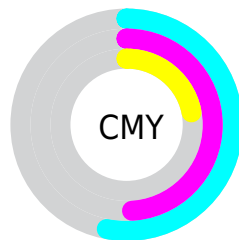


Cyan (40%)

Magenta (34%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (22%)



Cyan (53%)

Magenta (49%)

Yellow (22%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 134.4630, 31.3237, -13.5611 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 134.4630, 31.3237, -13.5611 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 134.4630, 31.3237,
-13.5611

■ 134.4630, 31.3237,
-13.5611

255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 108.6370, 30.7450,
-14.5906

■ 188.5170, 32.7761,
-12.7314

■ 83.6970, 29.7294,
-15.5203

■ 212.7380, 20.8352,
-9.4172

■ 58.8600, 29.1560,
-18.2942

■ 238.4320, 8.1680,
-6.5179

■ 32.3210, 29.9147,
-28.3455

■ 17.8450, 25.2194,
-15.6501

■ 7.5920, 18.9351,
-6.6582

■ 3.3230, 10.1938,

-2.9143

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 134.4630, 31.3237,
-13.5611

■ 134.4630, 31.3237,
-13.5611

■ 118.5040, 39.1915,
-17.1050

■ 150.4220, 23.4560,
-10.0171

■ 102.5450, 47.0593,
-20.6490

■ 166.3810, 15.5882,
-6.4731

■ 86.8850, 54.7797,
-23.5781

■ 182.0410, 7.8678,
-3.5440

■ 70.9260, 62.6475,
-27.1221

■ 198.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 54.9670, 70.5153,
-30.6661

■ 213.9590, -7.8678,
3.5440

■ 39.0080, 78.3831,
-34.2100

■ 229.9180,
-15.7356, 7.0879

■ 244.9800,
-23.1611, 8.7875

■ 248.5020,
-24.8975, 5.6987

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



119.9190, 39.4799, -63.0730



134.4630, 31.3237, -13.5611



138.3060, 19.5691, 23.4106

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



134.4630, 31.3237, -13.5611



134.1790, -24.7382, 48.0780



113.7930, 3.5531, -66.4705

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



134.4630, 31.3237, -13.5611



182.5370, -31.3237, 13.5611

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



124.5410, -17.5217, -26.7845



134.4630, 31.3237, -13.5611



132.1090, -32.0987, 28.8454

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



134.4630, 31.3237, -13.5611



135.7790, -11.2300, 55.4448



129.2260, -29.6914, 3.3098



107.0080, 24.1531, -93.8460

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



134.4630, 31.3237, -13.5611



138.0110, 10.3476, 41.2094



129.2260, -29.6914, 3.3098



118.8290, -4.3527, -50.7160

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



134.4630, 31.3237, -13.5611



230.4690, 12.0938, -5.6733



173.0110, 6.4036, -47.3676



113.2260, 7.2836, -2.8292



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



134.4630, 31.3237, -13.5611



156.8870, 48.3697, -20.9489



136.3780, 30.3796, 9.3155



91.6130, 3.6418, -1.4146



32.0830, 64.5421, -28.1368



7.0390, 14.2778, -6.1732

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



143.8750, -6.8404, 47.4676



171.4160, -10.5581, 73.3032



180.6220, -30.3796, -9.3155



92.8050, -0.8899, 5.4330



51.3590, -13.9810, 97.9092



11.3340, -3.1227, 21.6321

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 134.4630, 31.3237, -13.5611 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

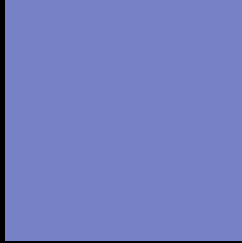
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 134.4630, 31.3237, -13.5611 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

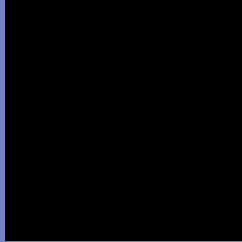
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 134.4630, 31.3237, -13.5611 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 134.4630, 31.3237, -13.5611.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 134.4630, 31.3237, -13.5611.

-13.5611.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

134.4630, 31.3237, -13.5611

Protanopia

133.4730, 32.7978, -19.7088

Deuteranopia

132.5220, 31.7877, -22.3828



Tritanopia

131.3870, 9.6692, -21.3874

Trichromacy



Original Color

134.4630, 31.3237, -13.5611

Protanomaly

133.6690, 32.2082, -17.2497

Deuteranomaly

133.1310, 31.4874, -19.4089

Tritanomaly

132.1730, 17.6627, -18.5687

Monochromacy



Original Color

134.4630, 31.3237, -13.5611

Achromatopsia

134.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

134.5400, 11.0728, -4.8586

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 134.4630, 31.3237, -13.5611 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(119, 130, 198)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(119, 130, 198)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(119, 130, 198) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(119, 130, 198) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 134.4630, 31.3237, -13.5611 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(119, 130, 198) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(119, 130, 198) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(119, 130, 198)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(119, 130, 198); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(119, 130, 198);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(119, 130,  
198) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 134.4630, 31.3237, -13.5611 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(119, 130, 198) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(119,  
130, 198) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor