

Converting Colors

YUV(134.5420, 17.9738,
-25.0313)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(134.5420, 17.9738, -25.0313)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(134.5420, 17.9738,
-25.0313)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6A8EAB
RGB	106, 142, 171
RGB Percent	42%, 56%, 67%
CMY	0.5843, 0.4431, 0.3294
CMYK	0.38, 0.17, 0.00, 0.33
HSL	207°, 28%, 54%
HSV	207°, 38%, 67%
XYZ	22.9675, 25.3504, 42.2107
YIQ	134.5420, -30.7650, 1.3870

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

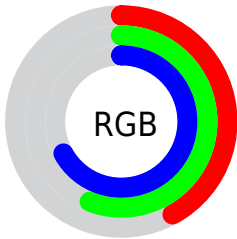
Format	Color
R_{YB}	106, 129, 171
Decimal	6983339
CIE _{Lab}	57.42, -5.01, -19.25
CIE _{LCh}	57, 19.895, 255.403
Yxy	25.3504, 0.2537, 0.2800
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285173419 (0xFF6A8EAB)
YUV	134.5420, 17.9738, -25.0313
Hunter-Lab	50.3492, -6.6857, -14.4618

Details

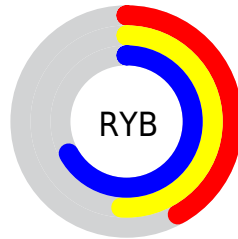
The YUV color $134.5420, 17.9738, -25.0313$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex $6699CC$. A complement of this color would be $142.4580, -17.9738, 25.0313$, and the grayscale version is $134.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $188.3570, 18.5580, -25.7461$, and $84.0150, 17.2476, -25.4462$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $124.7630, 22.7948, -31.3642$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $144.3210, 13.1527, -18.6985$.

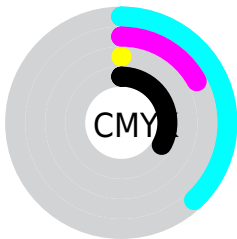
Distribution



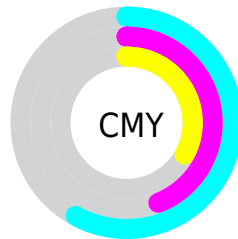
- Red (42%)
- Green (56%)
- Blue (67%)



- Red (42%)
- Yellow (51%)
- Blue (67%)



- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (33%)



- Cyan (58%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (33%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 134.5420, 17.9738, -25.0313 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 134.5420, 17.9738, -25.0313 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 134.5420, 17.9738,
-25.0313

■ 134.5420, 17.9738,
-25.0313

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 108.4280, 17.5370,
-24.9314

■ 188.3570, 18.5580,
-25.7461

■ 84.0150, 17.2476,
-25.4462

■ 216.4710, 18.9948,
-25.8461

■ 59.0040, 17.2530,
-27.1905

■ 241.2790, 6.7645,
-23.0467

■ 34.9820, 17.2639,
-30.6792

■ 251.7110, 1.6215,
-6.7625

■ 20.7340, 13.4421,
-18.1837

■ 3.6650, 11.5042,
-3.2142

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 134.5420, 17.9738,
-25.0313

■ 134.5420, 17.9738,
-25.0313

■ 124.7630, 22.7948,
-31.3642

■ 144.3210, 13.1527,
-18.6985

■ 115.5710, 27.3265,
-38.2118

■ 153.5130, 8.6211,
-11.8509

■ 105.7920, 32.1475,
-44.5446

■ 163.2920, 3.8000,
-5.5181

■ 96.0130, 36.9686,
-50.8774

■ 173.0710, -1.0210,
0.8147

■ 86.5220, 41.6477,
-58.3398

■ 182.2630, -5.5527,
7.6623

■ 76.7430, 46.4687,
-64.6726

■ 192.3410,
-10.5211, 14.6099

■ 75.2590, 47.2003,
-66.0021

■ 201.5330,
-15.0528, 21.4576

■ 211.3120,
-19.8738, 27.7904

■ 219.5960,
-23.9578, 31.0493

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



131.0800, 15.2436, -36.0272



134.5420, 17.9738, -25.0313



137.8970, 16.3198, -7.8027

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



134.5420, 17.9738, -25.0313



140.6940, -5.7651, 29.2094



133.8880, -10.2978, -10.4258

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



134.5420, 17.9738, -25.0313



142.4580, -17.9738, 25.0313

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



136.4940, -16.0195, 4.8288



134.5420, 17.9738, -25.0313



139.5490, -12.5957, 26.7055

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



134.5420, 17.9738, -25.0313



140.6530, 3.1291, 23.1063



138.1690, -16.3523, 18.2688



131.7920, -1.3765, -25.2506

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



134.5420, 17.9738, -25.0313



139.7630, 12.9348, 4.5928



138.1690, -16.3523, 18.2688



134.6390, -12.6400, -5.8224

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



134.5420, 17.9738, -25.0313



208.0680, 6.8685, -9.7066



147.3470, -6.5801, -36.2613



104.2920, 3.8000, -5.5181



240.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



112.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



134.5420, 17.9738, -25.0313



164.5000, 28.3475, -39.0265



115.7580, 27.2343, -8.5578



81.9610, 2.4842, -3.4738



65.8210, 41.5002, -57.7250



10.2530, 6.2843, -8.9919

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



129.5390, 6.1433, 36.3613



156.8820, 9.4252, 57.1085



161.2420, -27.2343, 8.5578



81.2610, 0.8573, 5.0331



54.3120, 14.1432, 83.9184



8.3590, 2.2880, 12.8402

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 134.5420, 17.9738, -25.0313 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 134.5420, 17.9738, -25.0313 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

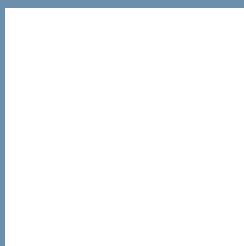
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 134.5420, 17.9738, -25.0313

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 134.5420, 17.9738, -25.0313.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 134.5420, 17.9738, -25.0313.

-25.0313.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

134.5420, 17.9738, -25.0313

Protanopia

138.0390, 14.2778, -6.1732

Deuteranopia

138.7340, 16.8931, -5.0287



Tritanopia

133.3970, 11.1433, -27.5352

Trichromacy



Original Color

134.5420, 17.9738, -25.0313

Protanomaly

136.6360, 15.4625, -12.8358

Deuteranomaly

137.3910, 17.0622, -12.6209

Tritanomaly

133.6790, 13.4693, -26.9055

Monochromacy



Original Color

134.5420, 17.9738, -25.0313

Achromatopsia

135.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

134.9540, 6.4317, -9.6067

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 134.5420, 17.9738, -25.0313 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(106, 142, 171)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(106, 142, 171)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(106, 142, 171) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(106, 142, 171) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 134.5420, 17.9738, -25.0313 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(106, 142, 171) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(106, 142, 171) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(106, 142, 171)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(106, 142, 171); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(106, 142, 171);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(106, 142,  
171) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 134.5420, 17.9738, -25.0313 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(106, 142, 171) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(106,  
142, 171) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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