

# Converting Colors

YUV(134.7050, 57.3334,  
-96.2113)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(134.7050, 57.3334, -96.2113)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(134.7050, 57.3334,  
-96.2113)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	19A8FB
RGB	25, 168, 251
RGB Percent	10%, 66%, 98%
CMY	0.9020, 0.3412, 0.0157
CMYK	0.90, 0.33, 0.00, 0.02
HSL	202°, 97%, 54%
HSV	202°, 90%, 98%
XYZ	31.8161, 35.1770, 96.3797
YIQ	134.7050, -111.8710, -4.5030

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

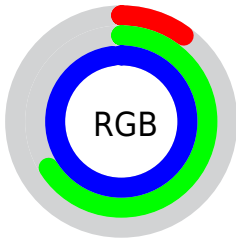
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	25, 113, 251
Decimal	1681659
CIE Lab	65.89, -5.79, -50.85
CIE LCh	66, 51.177, 263.504
Yxy	35.1770, 0.1947, 0.2153
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279871739 (0xFF19A8FB)
YUV	134.7050, 57.3334, -96.2113
Hunter-Lab	59.3102, -8.0390, -54.8298

# Details

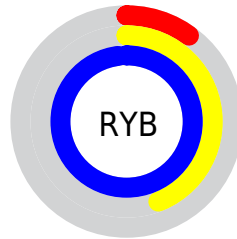
The YUV color **134.7050, 57.3334, -96.2113** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0099FF**. The color can be described as middle washed azure. A complement of this color would be **141.2950, -57.3334, 96.2113**, and the grayscale version is **134.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **194.6550, 29.7501, -68.9804**, and **90.2080, 51.1695, -79.1124** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **121.9470, 63.6231, -106.9475**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **147.4630, 51.0437, -85.4751**.

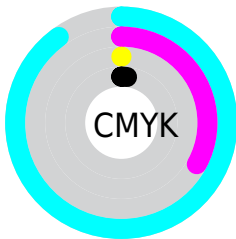
# Distribution



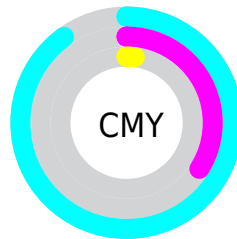
- Red (10%)
- Green (66%)
- Blue (98%)



- Red (10%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Blue (98%)



- Cyan (90%)
- Magenta (33%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (2%)



- Cyan (90%)
- Magenta (34%)
- Yellow (2%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 134.7050, 57.3334, -96.2113 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 134.7050, 57.3334, -96.2113 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 134.7050, 57.3334,  
-96.2113

■ 134.7050, 57.3334,  
-96.2113

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 108.6620, 55.8756,  
-95.2966

■ 194.6550, 29.7501,  
-68.9804

■ 90.2080, 51.1695,  
-79.1124

■ 221.2570, 16.6353,  
-62.4924

■ 72.9280, 45.8845,  
-63.9579

■ 233.1730, 10.7607,  
-44.8787

■ 56.4630, 41.1837,  
-49.5181

■ 242.4420, 6.1911,  
-25.8206

■ 40.5850, 36.1936,  
-35.5930

■ 252.0100, 1.4741,  
-6.1478

■ 26.5820, 30.7721,  
-23.3124

■ 11.5190, 26.3661,

-10.1022

■ 6.5490, 17.4773,  
-5.7435

■ 2.8670, 8.4466,  
-2.5144

■ 134.7050, 57.3334,  
-96.2113

■ 134.7050, 57.3334,  
-96.2113

■ 121.9470, 63.6231,  
-106.9475

■ 147.4630, 51.0437,  
-85.4751

■ 160.2210, 44.7540,  
-74.7388

■ 173.5660, 38.1750,  
-64.5174

■ 186.3240, 31.8853,  
-53.7811

■ 199.3810, 25.4482,  
-42.4301

■ 212.1390, 19.1585,  
-31.6939

■ 225.4840, 12.5794,  
-21.4725

■ 238.2420, 6.2897,  
-10.7362

■ 251.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



131.0480, 50.2623, -114.9291



134.7050, 57.3334, -96.2113



160.9930, 40.9225, -12.2719

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



134.7050, 57.3334, -96.2113



159.8200, -16.6733, 74.7029



144.6330, -20.5251, -43.5281

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



134.7050, 57.3334, -96.2113



141.2950, -57.3334, 96.2113

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



151.9730, -39.4267, -0.8533



134.7050, 57.3334, -96.2113



158.8080, -35.4013, 61.5584

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



134.7050, 57.3334, -96.2113



162.0960, 4.8827, 67.4448



156.2270, -44.4819, 34.0039



124.2930, 11.6876, -109.0050



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



134.7050, 57.3334, -96.2113



164.8680, 30.6311, 22.0408



156.2270, -44.4819, 34.0039



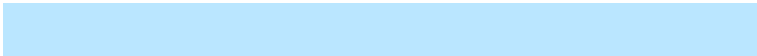
147.7830, -27.9940, -27.8737

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



134.7050, 57.3334, -96.2113



219.6940, 17.4059, -29.5496



167.1240, -29.1481, -124.6427



106.9360, 10.3846, -17.4839



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



134.7050, 57.3334, -96.2113



123.5770, 64.7915, -108.3770



68.3740, 90.0346, -38.0390



118.1780, 3.3632, -5.4181



91.3990, 48.1173, -80.1569



29.8470, 15.3584, -26.1758



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



108.8760, 29.1481, 124.6427



94.5990, 32.7357, 140.6717



207.6260, -90.0346, 38.0390



116.7990, 1.5781, 7.1923



70.0770, 24.1190, 104.2955

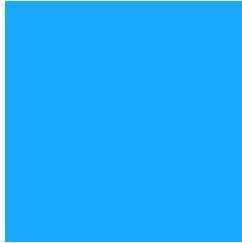


22.6850, 8.0433, 33.6023



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 134.7050, 57.3334, -96.2113 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 134.7050, 57.3334, -96.2113 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

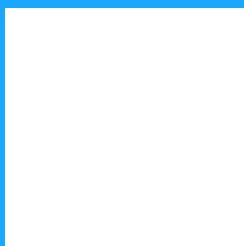
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 134.7050, 57.3334, -96.2113

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 134.7050, 57.3334, -96.2113.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 134.7050, 57.3334, -96.2113.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

134.7050, 57.3334, -96.2113

### Protanopia

157.6170, 41.1078, -25.0971

### Deuteranopia

153.5700, 49.0190, -42.5959



## Tritanopia

125.5590, 31.7694, -110.1152

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

134.7050, 57.3334, -96.2113

## Protanomaly

149.0590, 47.2989, -50.9177

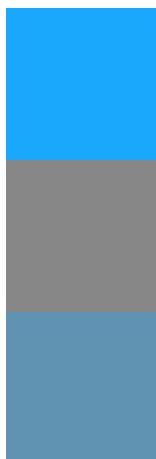
## Deuteranomaly

146.5460, 51.9888, -61.8688

## Tritanomaly

128.9970, 40.9205, -105.2374

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

134.7050, 57.3334, -96.2113

## Achromatopsia

135.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

134.8720, 20.7691, -34.9677

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 134.7050, 57.3334, -96.2113 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(25, 168, 251)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(25, 168, 251)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(25, 168, 251) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(25, 168, 251) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 134.7050, 57.3334, -96.2113 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(25, 168, 251) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(25, 168, 251) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(25, 168, 251)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(25, 168, 251); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(25, 168, 251);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(25, 168,  
251) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 134.7050, 57.3334, -96.2113 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(25, 168, 251) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(25, 168,  
251) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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