

# Converting Colors

YUV(135.2180, -0.6005, 5.9478)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(135.2180, -0.6005, 5.9478)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(135.2180, -0.6005,  
5.9478)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	8E8486
RGB	142, 132, 134
RGB Percent	56%, 52%, 53%
CMY	0.4431, 0.4824, 0.4745
CMYK	0.00, 0.07, 0.06, 0.44
HSL	348°, 4%, 54%
HSV	348°, 7%, 56%
XYZ	23.7097, 23.9745, 25.9322
YIQ	135.2180, 5.3180, 2.7420

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

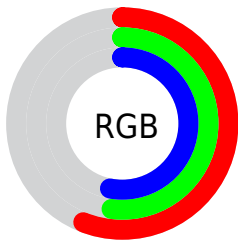
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	142, 132, 134
Decimal	9340038
CIE Lab	56.06, 4.14, 0.27
CIE LCh	56, 4.146, 3.783
Yxy	23.9745, 0.3221, 0.3257
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287530118 (0xFF8E8486)
YUV	135.2180, -0.6005, 5.9478
Hunter-Lab	48.9638, 0.7481, 2.8735

# Details

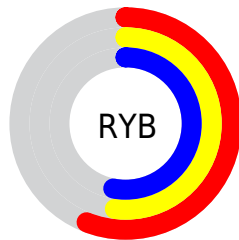
The YUV color  $135.2180, -0.6005, 5.9478$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $999999$ . A complement of this color would be  $138.7820, 0.6005, -5.9478$ , and the grayscale version is  $135.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $188.5170, -0.7479, 6.5626$ , and  $85.8050, -0.8899, 5.4330$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $125.7460, -1.3538, 14.2548$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $144.6900, 0.1528, -2.3591$ .

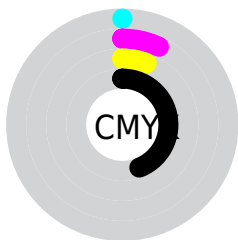
# Distribution



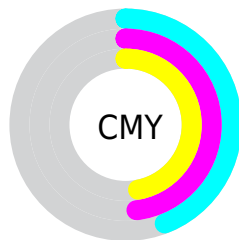
- Red (56%)
- Green (52%)
- Blue (53%)



- Red (56%)
- Yellow (52%)
- Blue (53%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (6%)
- Black (44%)



- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (48%)
- Yellow (47%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 135.2180, -0.6005, 5.9478 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 135.2180, -0.6005, 5.9478 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 135.2180, -0.6005,  
5.9478

■ 135.2180, -0.6005,  
5.9478

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 109.9190, -0.4531,  
5.3330

■ 188.5170, -0.7479,  
6.5626

■ 85.8050, -0.8899,  
5.4330

■ 216.5170, -0.7479,  
6.5626

■ 62.5060, -0.7425,  
4.8182

■ 244.5170, -0.7479,  
6.5626

■ 40.6200, -0.3057,  
4.7183

■ 19.9190, -0.4531,  
5.3330

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 135.2180, -0.6005,  
5.9478

■ 135.2180, -0.6005,  
5.9478

■ 125.7460, -1.3538,  
14.2548

■ 144.6900, 0.1528,  
-2.3591

■ 116.1600, -2.5439,  
22.6617

■ 154.2760, 1.3429,  
-10.7661

■ 106.1010, -3.0078,  
31.4834

■ 164.3350, 1.8068,  
-19.5878

■ 96.6290, -3.7611,  
39.7904

■ 173.8070, 2.5601,  
-27.8947

■ 87.0430, -4.9512,  
48.1973

■ 183.3930, 3.7503,  
-36.3017

■ 77.5710, -5.7045,  
56.5042

■ 192.8650, 4.5036,  
-44.6086

■ 67.9850, -6.8946,  
64.9112


■ 202.4510, 5.6937,  
-53.0155

■ 57.9260, -7.3585,

■ 212.5100, 6.1576,

73.7329

-61.8373

 48.4540, -8.1118,  
82.0398

 219.0470, 8.3578,  
-67.5702

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



135.0760, 1.4415, 4.3183



135.2180, -0.6005, 5.9478



134.7620, -2.3477, 6.3477

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



135.2180, -0.6005, 5.9478



133.6040, -2.7628, -0.5297



134.1780, 3.3632, -5.4181

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



135.2180, -0.6005, 5.9478



138.7820, 0.6005, -5.9478

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



133.2380, 2.3477, -6.3477



135.2180, -0.6005, 5.9478



133.3370, -1.1521, -3.8035

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



135.2180, -0.6005, 5.9478



134.0990, -3.4998, 2.5442



133.4830, 0.7479, -6.5626



133.9010, 3.4998, -2.5442



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



135.2180, -0.6005, 5.9478



134.9360, -2.9264, 5.3181



133.4830, 0.7479, -6.5626



133.7650, 3.0739, -5.9329

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



135.2180, -0.6005, 5.9478



181.3100, -0.1528, 2.3591



135.5320, 3.1887, 3.9184



90.5980, -0.2948, 1.2296



219.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



92.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



135.2180, -0.6005, 5.9478



173.8270, -0.9007, 8.9217



136.7510, -2.3422, 4.6034



66.3210, -0.1583, 4.1035



43.4430, -8.1064, 80.2955



2.6200, -0.3057, 4.7183



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



135.2180, -0.6005, 5.9478



173.8270, -0.9007, 8.9217



137.2490, 2.3422, -4.6034



66.3210, -0.1583, 4.1035



43.4430, -8.1064, 80.2955



2.6200, -0.3057, 4.7183



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 135.2180, -0.6005, 5.9478 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

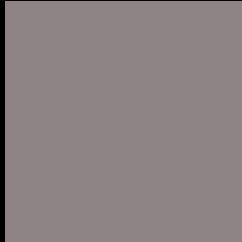
Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 135.2180, -0.6005, 5.9478 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

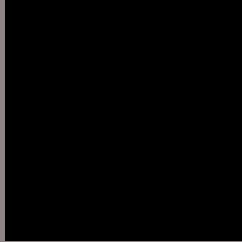
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 135.2180, -0.6005, 5.9478

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 135.2180, -0.6005, 5.9478.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 135.2180, -0.6005,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

135.2180, -0.6005, 5.9478

### Protanopia

135.0110, -0.0054, 1.7444

### Deuteranopia

135.5390, -0.7587, 10.0513



## Tritanopia

135.7280, 2.5991, 6.3775

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

135.2180, -0.6005, 5.9478

## Protanomaly

135.0220, -0.0108, 3.4887

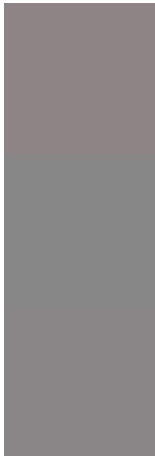
## Deuteranomaly

135.5280, -0.7533, 8.3069

## Tritanomaly

135.3860, 1.2887, 6.6775

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

135.2180, -0.6005, 5.9478

## Achromatopsia

135.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

135.3100, -0.1528, 2.3591

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 135.2180, -0.6005, 5.9478 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(142, 132, 134)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(142, 132, 134)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(142, 132, 134) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(142, 132, 134) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 135.2180, -0.6005, 5.9478 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(142, 132, 134) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(142, 132, 134) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(142, 132, 134)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(142, 132, 134); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(142, 132, 134);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(142, 132,  
134) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 135.2180, -0.6005, 5.9478 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(142, 132, 134) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(142,  
132, 134) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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