

# Converting Colors

YUV(135.4720, 34.2773,  
-27.6009)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(135.4720, 34.2773, -27.6009)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(135.4720, 34.2773,  
-27.6009)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	688ACD
RGB	104, 138, 205
RGB Percent	41%, 54%, 80%
CMY	0.5922, 0.4588, 0.1961
CMYK	0.49, 0.33, 0.00, 0.20
HSL	220°, 50%, 61%
HSV	220°, 49%, 80%
XYZ	25.8168, 25.5278, 61.3243
YIQ	135.4720, -41.7710, 13.6290

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

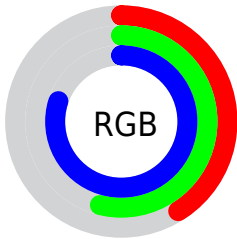
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	104, 129, 205
Decimal	6851277
CIELab	57.59, 6.63, -38.29
CIELCh	58, 38.863, 279.822
Yxy	25.5278, 0.2291, 0.2266
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285041357 (0xFF688ACD)
YUV	135.4720, 34.2773, -27.6009
Hunter-Lab	50.5250, 2.7896, -36.5951

# Details

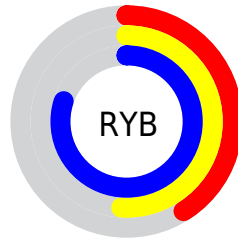
The YUV color **135.4720, 34.2773, -27.6009** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **6699CC**. A complement of this color would be **173.5280, -34.2773, 27.6009**, and the grayscale version is **135.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **189.0270, 32.5247, -25.4567**, and **82.5100, 33.2726, -32.0193** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **120.9750, 41.4243, -33.3041**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **149.6700, 27.2777, -22.5126**.

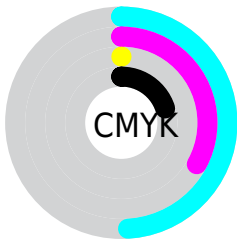
# Distribution



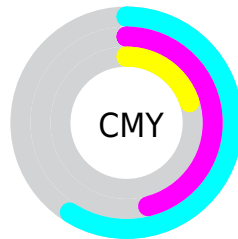
- Red (41%)
- Green (54%)
- Blue (80%)



- Red (41%)
- Yellow (51%)
- Blue (80%)



- Cyan (49%)
- Magenta (33%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (20%)



- Cyan (59%)
- Magenta (46%)
- Yellow (20%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 135.4720, 34.2773, -27.6009 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 135.4720, 34.2773, -27.6009 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 135.4720, 34.2773,  
-27.6009

■ 135.4720, 34.2773,  
-27.6009

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 109.2330, 33.4091,  
-29.1453

■ 189.0270, 32.5247,  
-25.4567

■ 82.5100, 33.2726,  
-32.0193

■ 213.8350, 20.2943,  
-22.6573

■ 52.8890, 35.0577,  
-44.6297

■ 238.9420, 7.9166,  
-19.2431

■ 37.1140, 30.5098,  
-32.5490

■ 252.6080, 1.1793,  
-4.9182

■ 22.6380, 25.8145,  
-19.8535

■ 8.2760, 21.5559,  
-7.2581

■ 4.5940, 12.5252,

-4.0289

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 135.4720, 34.2773,  
-27.6009

■ 135.4720, 34.2773,  
-27.6009

■ 120.9750, 41.4243,  
-33.3041

■ 149.6700, 27.2777,  
-22.5126

■ 107.3640, 48.1345,  
-38.9072

■ 163.5800, 20.4201,  
-16.2947

■ 92.8670, 55.2816,  
-44.6104

■ 178.0770, 13.2730,  
-10.5915

■ 79.2560, 61.9918,  
-50.2135

■ 191.6880, 6.5628,  
-4.9884

■ 64.7590, 69.1388,  
-55.9166

■ 206.1850, -0.5842,  
0.7148

■ 63.8730, 69.5756,  
-56.0166

■ 220.3830, -7.5838,  
5.8031

■ 234.2930,  
-14.4414, 12.0210

■ 244.6040,  
-19.5248, 9.1173

■ 249.3000,  
-21.8399, 4.9989

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



112.1820, 43.7873, -91.3676



135.4720, 34.2773, -27.6009



141.7930, 24.2591, 12.4595

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



135.4720, 34.2773, -27.6009



138.8250, -21.1127, 51.8965



122.8290, -4.3527, -50.7160

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



135.4720, 34.2773, -27.6009



173.5280, -34.2773, 27.6009

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



130.6410, -22.5010, -16.3482



135.4720, 34.2773, -27.6009



136.9080, -30.5206, 36.0377

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



135.4720, 34.2773, -27.6009



140.4460, -6.1359, 54.8599



134.7110, -31.9025, 12.5315



108.5580, 19.9379, -95.2054



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



135.4720, 34.2773, -27.6009



142.2210, 15.1740, 33.1322



134.7110, -31.9025, 12.5315



126.3700, -11.5214, -38.0355

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



135.4720, 34.2773, -27.6009



228.9630, 12.8362, -10.4916



170.8110, -0.3998, -58.5932



111.7310, 8.0206, -5.9031



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



135.4720, 34.2773, -27.6009



151.4500, 51.0502, -40.7366



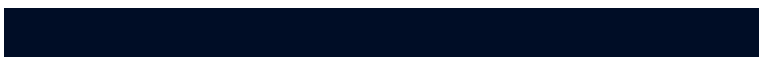
119.9990, 41.9055, -0.8761



94.9010, 3.4998, -2.5442



51.7960, 56.3026, -45.4251



11.9630, 12.8362, -10.4916



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



138.0750, -0.0370, 58.6932



155.5500, -0.2712, 87.2176



189.0010, -41.9055, 0.8761



95.3320, -0.1637, 5.8478



56.0180, -0.0089, 96.4542



12.8440, 0.0769, 22.0618



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 135.4720, 34.2773, -27.6009 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

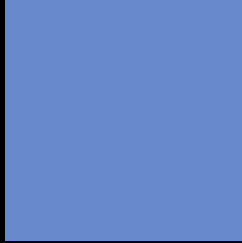
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 135.4720, 34.2773, -27.6009 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

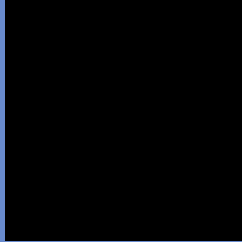
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 135.4720, 34.2773, -27.6009

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 135.4720, 34.2773, -27.6009.



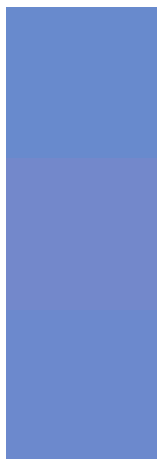
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 135.4720, 34.2773, -27.6009.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

135.4720, 34.2773, -27.6009

### Protanopia

137.3590, 32.3610, -19.6088

### Deuteranopia

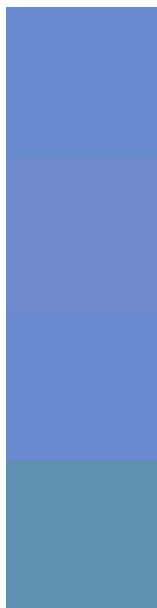
136.0810, 33.9771, -24.6270



## Tritanopia

131.3250, 13.6438, -36.2420

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

135.4720, 34.2773, -27.6009

## Protanomaly

136.8640, 33.0980, -22.6827

## Deuteranomaly

135.7820, 34.1245, -25.2418

## Tritanomaly

132.9970, 21.2005, -33.3234

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

135.4720, 34.2773, -27.6009

## Achromatopsia

135.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

135.1480, 12.2520, -9.7768

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 135.4720, 34.2773, -27.6009 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(104, 138, 205)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(104, 138, 205)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(104, 138, 205) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(104, 138, 205) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 135.4720, 34.2773, -27.6009 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(104, 138, 205) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(104, 138, 205) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(104, 138, 205)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(104, 138, 205); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(104, 138, 205); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(104, 138, 205) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 135.4720, 34.2773, -27.6009 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(104, 138, 205) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(104,  
138, 205) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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