

# Converting Colors

YUV(135.5260, -11.1053,  
15.3247)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(135.5260, -11.1053, 15.3247)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(135.5260, -11.1053,  
15.3247)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	998371
RGB	153, 131, 113
RGB Percent	60%, 51%, 44%
CMY	0.4000, 0.4863, 0.5569
CMYK	0.00, 0.14, 0.26, 0.40
HSL	27°, 16%, 52%
HSV	27°, 26%, 60%
XYZ	24.2338, 24.1972, 19.0160
YIQ	135.5260, 18.8900, -0.9340

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

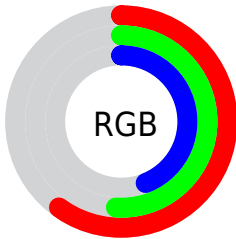
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	153, 146, 113
Decimal	10060657
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	56.28, 5.48, 12.84
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	56, 13.956, 66.877
Yxy	24.1972, 0.3593, 0.3588
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288250737 (0xFF998371)
YUV	135.5260, -11.1053, 15.3247
Hunter-Lab	49.1906, 1.8547, 11.5132

# Details

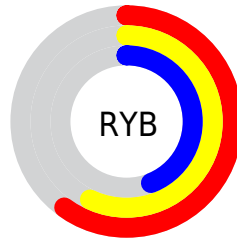
The YUV color  $135.5260, -11.1053, 15.3247$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $999999$ . A complement of this color would be  $130.4740, 11.1053, -15.3247$ , and the grayscale version is  $136.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $189.0100, -11.8369, 16.6542$ , and  $85.7430, -10.2263, 13.3804$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $129.1200, -15.3422, 20.9428$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $141.9320, -6.8685, 9.7066$ .

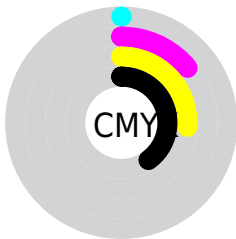
# Distribution



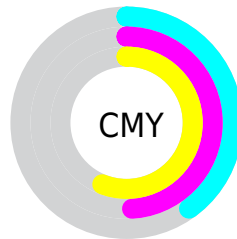
- Red (60%)
- Green (51%)
- Blue (44%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (57%)
- Blue (44%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (26%)
- Black (40%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (49%)
- Yellow (56%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 135.5260, -11.1053, 15.3247 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 135.5260, -11.1053, 15.3247 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 135.5260,  
-11.1053, 15.3247

■ 135.5260,  
-11.1053, 15.3247

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 110.2270,  
-10.9579, 14.7099

■ 189.0100,  
-11.8369, 16.6542

■ 85.7430, -10.2263,  
13.3804

■ 216.8960,  
-12.2737, 16.7542

■ 62.5580, -9.6421,  
12.6656

■ 242.2050,  
-10.9471, 11.2212

■ 40.0740, -8.9105,  
11.3361

■ 254.2020, -3.0576,  
0.6998

■ 19.2590, -9.4947,  
12.0509

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 135.5260,  
-11.1053, 15.3247

■ 135.5260,  
-11.1053, 15.3247

■ 129.1200,  
-15.3422, 20.9428

■ 141.9320, -6.8685,  
9.7066

■ 122.0130,  
-19.7264, 27.1756

■ 149.0390, -2.4842,  
3.4738

■ 115.6070,  
-23.9633, 32.7937

■ 155.4450, 1.7526,  
-2.1443

■ 108.6140,  
-27.9107, 38.9265

■ 162.4380, 5.7001,  
-8.2771

■ 102.0940,  
-32.5843, 44.6446

■ 168.9580, 10.3737,  
-13.9952

■ 95.6880, -36.8212,  
50.2626

■ 175.3640, 14.6105,  
-19.6132

■ 88.6950, -40.7686,  
56.3955

■ 182.3570, 18.5580,  
-25.7461

■ 86.2500, -42.5213,

■ 188.7630, 22.7948,

58.5397

-31.3642

■ 195.8700, 27.1791,  
-37.5970

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



136.7700, -7.7746, 20.3727



135.5260, -11.1053, 15.3247



134.3570, -11.5150, 6.7029

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



135.5260, -11.1053, 15.3247



130.3670, 3.2701, -22.2469



136.6120, 8.5723, 3.8483

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



135.5260, -11.1053, 15.3247



130.4740, 11.1053, -15.3247

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



134.7460, 11.9572, -8.5472



135.5260, -11.1053, 15.3247



130.5500, 9.0959, -24.1613

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



135.5260, -11.1053, 15.3247



131.4020, -3.1562, -14.3846



132.6800, 11.9898, -19.0134



137.4130, 3.7404, 13.6698



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



135.5260, -11.1053, 15.3247



133.6550, -10.1829, -0.5744



132.6800, 11.9898, -19.0134



135.9320, 9.8935, 0.0596

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



135.5260, -11.1053, 15.3247



191.8930, -4.3842, 6.2328



127.4680, 3.7133, 22.3916



95.0390, -2.4842, 3.4738



227.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



99.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



135.5260, -11.1053, 15.3247



171.9740, -17.2422, 23.7018



146.6790, -16.6037, 5.5435



73.1530, -2.0474, 3.3738



78.8410, -38.8686, 53.6364



7.4090, -3.6526, 4.9033



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



130.4740, 11.1053, -15.3247



164.0260, 17.2422, -23.7018



118.7340, 16.8931, -5.0287



72.2600, 2.3368, -2.8590



61.1590, 38.8686, -53.6364

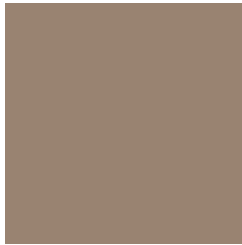


5.5910, 3.6526, -4.9033



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 135.5260, -11.1053, 15.3247 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

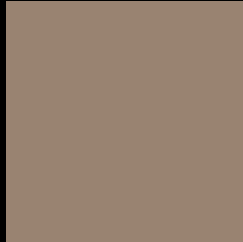
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 135.5260, -11.1053, 15.3247 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

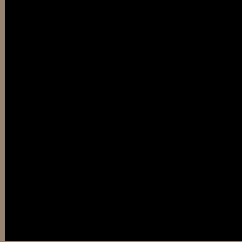
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 135.5260, -11.1053, 15.3247

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 135.5260, -11.1053, 15.3247.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 135.5260, -11.1053, 15.3247.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

135.5260, -11.1053, 15.3247

### Protanopia

134.8130, -9.7678, 6.3030

### Deuteranopia

135.8360, -11.2581, 17.6838



## Tritanopia

137.3980, -0.1962, 16.3140

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

135.5260, -11.1053, 15.3247

## Protanomaly

135.3080, -10.5048, 9.3769

## Deuteranomaly

135.5370, -11.1107, 17.0691

## Tritanomaly

136.6600, -4.2694, 16.0842

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

135.5260, -11.1053, 15.3247

## Achromatopsia

136.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

135.7080, -3.8000, 5.5181

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 135.5260, -11.1053, 15.3247 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(153, 131, 113)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(153, 131, 113)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(153, 131, 113) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(153, 131, 113) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 135.5260, -11.1053, 15.3247 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

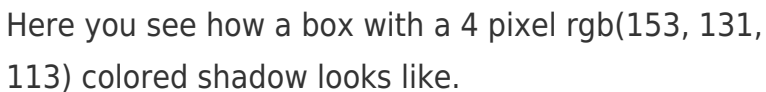
```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(153, 131, 113) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(153, 131, 113) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(153, 131, 113)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 131, 113); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 131, 113); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 131, 113) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 135.5260, -11.1053, 15.3247 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(153, 131, 113) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(153,  
131, 113) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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