

Converting Colors

YUV(135.6680, -66.8843,
32.7402)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(135.6680, -66.8843, 32.7402)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(135.6680, -66.8843,
32.7402)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AD8F00
RGB	173, 143, 0
RGB Percent	68%, 56%, 0%
CMY	0.3216, 0.4392, 1.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.17, 1.00, 0.32
HSL	50°, 100%, 34%
HSV	50°, 100%, 68%
XYZ	27.0560, 28.5292, 4.0807
YIQ	135.6680, 63.7830, -38.1130

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

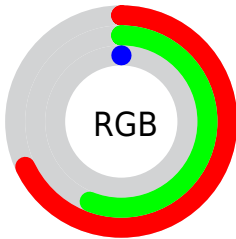
Format	Color
RYB	36, 173, 0
Decimal	11374336
CIELab	60.36, -0.24, 64.73
CIElCh	60, 64.732, 90.215
Yxy	28.5292, 0.4535, 0.4781
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289564416 (0xFFAD8F00)
YUV	135.6680, -66.8843, 32.7402
Hunter-Lab	53.4127, -3.0536, 32.8592

Details

The YUV color **135.6680, -66.8843, 32.7402** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9900**. A complement of this color would be **37.3320, 66.8843, -32.7402**, and the grayscale version is **136.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **192.5140, -59.9064, 34.6292**, and **89.2750, -44.0126, 23.4378** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **135.6680, -66.8843, 32.7402**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **139.3670, -60.3269, 29.4961**.

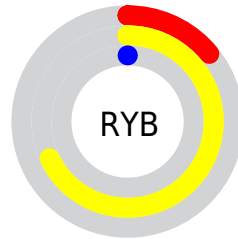
Distribution



Red (68%)

Green (56%)

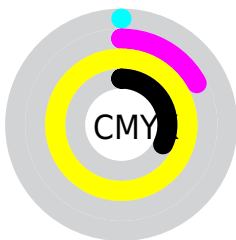
Blue (0%)



Red (14%)

Yellow (68%)

Blue (0%)

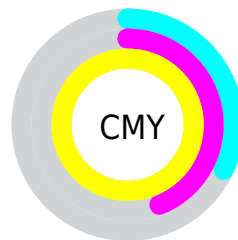


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (17%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (32%)



Cyan (32%)

Magenta (44%)

Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 135.6680, -66.8843, 32.7402 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 135.6680, -66.8843, 32.7402 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 135.6680,
-66.8843, 32.7402

■ 135.6680,
-66.8843, 32.7402

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 112.3220,
-55.3747, 27.7816

■ 192.5140,
-59.9064, 34.6292

■ 89.2750, -44.0126,
23.4378

■ 219.0190,
-59.1694, 31.5553

■ 67.4020, -33.2292,
18.0644

■ 239.1200,
-55.7682, 13.9268

■ 46.4150, -22.8826,
12.7910

■ 243.4860,
-44.1166, 10.0978

■ 26.6130, -13.1202,
8.2324

■ 246.6780,
-31.8863, 7.2984

■ 0.8860, -0.4368,
0.1000

■ 249.8700,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

-19.6559, 4.4990

0.0000

■ 253.1760, -6.9888,
1.5996

■ 135.6680,
-66.8843, 32.7402

■ 139.3670,
-60.3269, 29.4961

■ 143.1800,
-53.3327, 26.1521

■ 146.8790,
-46.7753, 22.9081

■ 150.5780,
-40.2180, 19.6641

■ 154.3910,
-33.2238, 16.3201

■ 158.0900,
-26.6664, 13.0761

■ 161.7890,
-20.1090, 9.8320

■ 165.4880,
-13.5516, 6.5880

■ 169.3010, -6.5574,
3.2440

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



140.6980, -48.6581, 66.9169



135.6680, -66.8843, 32.7402



131.7790, -48.6980, -13.8382

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



135.6680, -66.8843, 32.7402



123.9920, 38.4579, -108.7410



148.1760, 27.0282, 57.7276

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



135.6680, -66.8843, 32.7402



37.3320, 66.8843, -32.7402

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



147.2960, 48.1681, -2.8906



135.6680, -66.8843, 32.7402



125.2580, 58.5398, -109.8513

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



135.6680, -66.8843, 32.7402



117.3800, 13.1237, -102.9423



118.2940, 67.3961, -103.7438



141.7830, 3.0650, 90.5213

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



135.6680, -66.8843, 32.7402



123.3300, -27.7707, -52.9094



118.2940, 67.3961, -103.7438



149.9010, 34.0658, 40.4288

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



135.6680, -66.8843, 32.7402



209.9050, -26.0822, 12.3613



55.3750, -11.5239, 103.1571



103.3310, -15.4462, 7.6027



240.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



112.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



135.6680, -66.8843, 32.7402



175.5710, -86.5565, 42.4722



136.8330, -67.4587, -16.5165



84.8000, -3.3524, 1.9294



117.6380, -57.9955, 28.3815



18.0300, -8.8888, 4.3587

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



37.3320, 66.8843, -32.7402



48.4290, 86.5565, -42.4722



36.1670, 67.4587, 16.5165



80.2000, 3.3524, -1.9294



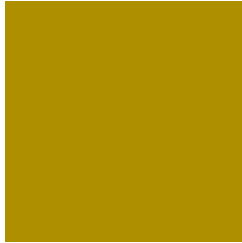
32.3620, 57.9955, -28.3815



4.9700, 8.8888, -4.3587

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 135.6680, -66.8843, 32.7402 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 135.6680, -66.8843, 32.7402 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 135.6680, -66.8843, 32.7402

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 135.6680, -66.8843, 32.7402.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 135.6680, -66.8843, 32.7402.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

135.6680, -66.8843, 32.7402

Protanopia

135.8350, -63.5157, 25.5777

Deuteranopia

137.6180, -60.9437, 40.6770



Tritanopia

148.4920, -2.7076, 28.5095

Trichromacy



Original Color

135.6680, -66.8843, 32.7402

Protanomaly

135.8030, -64.9789, 28.2368

Deuteranomaly

137.0260, -63.1168, 37.6882

Tritanomaly

144.0150, -26.1364, 29.8048

Monochromacy



Original Color

135.6680, -66.8843, 32.7402

Achromatopsia

136.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

136.0620, -24.1876, 11.3466

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 135.6680, -66.8843, 32.7402 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(173, 143, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(173, 143, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(173, 143, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(173, 143, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 135.6680, -66.8843, 32.7402 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(173, 143, 0) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(173, 143, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(173, 143, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(173, 143, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(173, 143, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(173, 143,  
0) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 135.6680, -66.8843, 32.7402 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(173, 143, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(173,  
143, 0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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