

# Converting Colors

YUV(135.7480, 18.3652,  
-104.1420)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(135.7480, 18.3652, -104.1420)  
contains.

<b>YUV(135.7480, 18.3652, -104.1420)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YUV(135.7480, 18.3652,  
-104.1420)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	11BDAD
RGB	17, 189, 173
RGB Percent	7%, 74%, 68%
CMY	0.9333, 0.2588, 0.3216
CMYK	0.91, 0.00, 0.08, 0.26
HSL	174°, 83%, 40%
HSV	174°, 91%, 74%
XYZ	25.9716, 39.5315, 45.7967
YIQ	135.7480, -97.3760, -41.4400

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

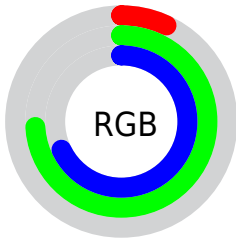
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	17, 107, 189
Decimal	1162669
CIELab	69.13, -42.50, -3.07
CIELCh	69, 42.613, 184.125
Yxy	39.5315, 0.2333, 0.3552
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279352749 (0xFF11BDAD)
YUV	135.7480, 18.3652, -104.1420
Hunter-Lab	62.8741, -36.2961, 0.8258

# Details

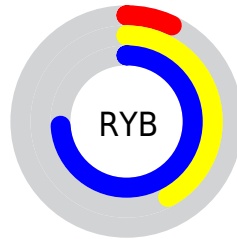
The YUV color **135.7480, 18.3652, -104.1420** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **00CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **70.2520, -18.3652, 104.1420**, and the grayscale version is **136.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **201.4900, 13.0694, -85.4987**, and **93.0390, 13.7848, -81.5952** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **130.4370, 19.9976, -114.3932**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **141.6570, 16.4381, -92.6612**.

# Distribution



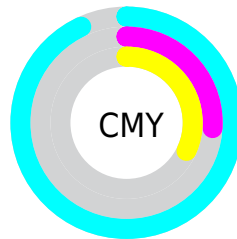
- Red (7%)
- Green (74%)
- Blue (68%)



- Red (7%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Blue (74%)



- Cyan (91%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (8%)
- Black (26%)



- Cyan (93%)
- Magenta (26%)
- Yellow (32%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 135.7480, 18.3652, -104.1420 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 135.7480, 18.3652, -104.1420 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 135.7480, 18.3652,  
-104.1420

■ 135.7480, 18.3652,  
-104.1420

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 111.1510, 17.1806,  
-97.4794

■ 201.4900, 13.0694,  
-85.4987

■ 93.0390, 13.7848,  
-81.5952

■ 219.1200, 17.6888,  
-73.7732

■ 74.9270, 10.3890,  
-65.7110

■ 228.3890, 13.1192,  
-54.7152

■ 57.5160, 7.1406,  
-50.4415

■ 237.6580, 8.5496,  
-35.6571

■ 40.3330, 4.7658,  
-35.3720

■ 246.6280, 4.1274,  
-17.2138

■ 25.6120, 1.6703,  
-22.4617

■ 0.4560, 1.7472,

-0.3999

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 135.7480, 18.3652,  
-104.1420

■ 135.7480, 18.3652,  
-104.1420

■ 130.4370, 19.9976,  
-114.3932

■ 141.6570, 16.4381,  
-92.6612

■ 147.5660, 14.5110,  
-81.1804

■ 153.3610, 12.1470,  
-69.5996

■ 159.2700, 10.2199,  
-58.1188

■ 165.1790, 8.2928,  
-46.6380

■ 170.7890, 6.5130,  
-35.7720

■ 176.5840, 4.1491,  
-24.1912

■ 182.4930, 2.2220,  
-12.7104

■ 188.4020, 0.2948,  
-1.2296

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



154.0590, -9.8891, -48.2867



135.7480, 18.3652, -104.1420



134.4100, 37.7589, -117.8776

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



135.7480, 18.3652, -104.1420



172.5410, 29.8063, 6.5415



168.1650, -33.6053, 45.4593

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



135.7480, 18.3652, -104.1420



70.2520, -18.3652, 104.1420

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



169.5920, -20.9979, 61.7478



135.7480, 18.3652, -104.1420



173.1620, 14.7101, 41.9539

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



135.7480, 18.3652, -104.1420



163.5890, 40.1356, -39.9816



171.8750, -3.3894, 60.6226



165.0880, -37.0184, 20.0938



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



135.7480, 18.3652, -104.1420



134.2280, 47.2156, -117.7180



171.8750, -3.3894, 60.6226



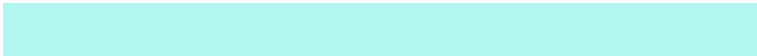
168.7190, -30.4275, 52.8664

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



135.7480, 18.3652, -104.1420



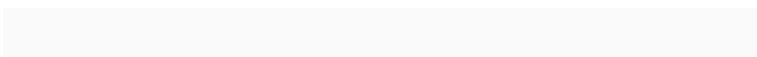
224.5820, 7.1081, -39.9754



123.0470, -52.2812, -78.0942



109.9970, 4.4385, -23.6764



250.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



122.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



135.7480, 18.3652, -104.1420



169.1230, 26.0684, -148.3209



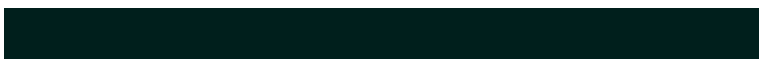
97.0690, 45.3220, -70.2205



91.1950, 0.8899, -5.4330



109.0480, 16.7383, -95.6351



21.3890, 3.2592, -18.7582



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



70.2520, -18.3652, 104.1420



75.8770, -26.0684, 148.3209



108.9310, -45.3220, 70.2205



87.8050, -0.8899, 5.4330



48.9520, -16.7383, 95.6351

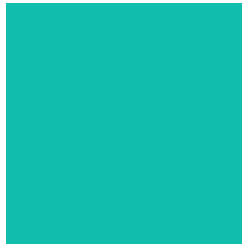


9.6110, -3.2592, 18.7582



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 135.7480, 18.3652, -104.1420 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 135.7480, 18.3652, -104.1420 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

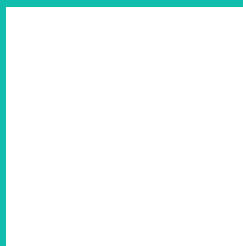
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 135.7480, 18.3652, -104.1420 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 135.7480, 18.3652, -104.1420.



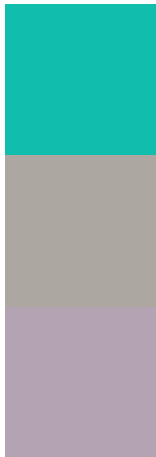
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 135.7480, 18.3652, -104.1420.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

135.7480, 18.3652, -104.1420

### Protanopia

167.6970, -3.7946, 3.7737

### Deuteranopia

169.6080, 4.6303, 8.2368



## Tritanopia

146.0460, 26.5993, -85.1093

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

135.7480, 18.3652, -104.1420



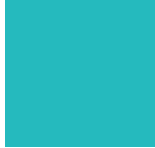
## Protanomaly

156.2190, 4.3290, -35.2721



## Deuteranomaly

157.0220, 9.8492, -32.4683



## Tritanomaly

141.9050, 23.7108, -92.0017

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

135.7480, 18.3652, -104.1420



## Achromatopsia

136.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



## Achromatomaly

135.7780, 6.5184, -37.5163

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 135.7480, 18.3652, -104.1420 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(17, 189, 173)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(17, 189, 173)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(17, 189, 173) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(17, 189, 173) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 135.7480, 18.3652, -104.1420 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(17, 189, 173) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(17, 189, 173) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(17, 189, 173)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(17, 189, 173); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(17, 189, 173);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(17, 189,  
173) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 135.7480, 18.3652, -104.1420 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(17, 189, 173) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(17, 189,  
173) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor