

# Converting Colors

YUV(136.0590, 17.2259,  
-18.4687)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(136.0590, 17.2259, -18.4687)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(136.0590, 17.2259,  
-18.4687)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	738CAB
RGB	115, 140, 171
RGB Percent	45%, 55%, 67%
CMY	0.5490, 0.4510, 0.3294
CMYK	0.33, 0.18, 0.00, 0.33
HSL	213°, 25%, 56%
HSV	213°, 33%, 67%
XYZ	23.7990, 25.3413, 42.1651
YIQ	136.0590, -24.8510, 4.3410

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

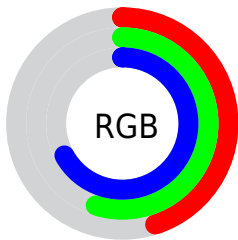
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	115, 132, 171
Decimal	7572651
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	57.41, -1.26, -19.22
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	57, 19.257, 266.242
Yxy	25.3413, 0.2607, 0.2775
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285762731 (0xFF738CAB)
YUV	136.0590, 17.2259, -18.4687
Hunter-Lab	50.3401, -3.7068, -14.4235

# Details

The YUV color  $136.0590, 17.2259, -18.4687$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $6699CC$ . A complement of this color would be  $149.9410, -17.2259, 18.4687$ , and the grayscale version is  $136.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $189.2870, 18.0995, -18.6687$ , and  $85.8310, 16.3523, -18.2688$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $125.6930, 22.3364, -24.2868$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $146.4250, 12.1155, -12.6507$ .

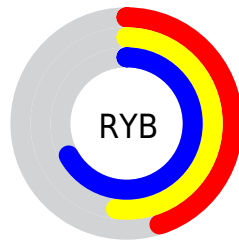
# Distribution



Red (45%)

Green (55%)

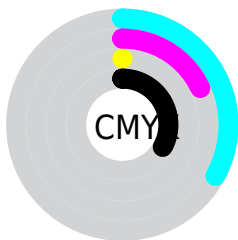
Blue (67%)



Red (45%)

Yellow (52%)

Blue (67%)

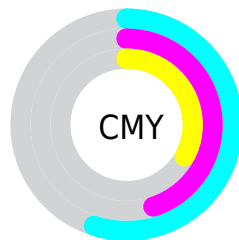


Cyan (33%)

Magenta (18%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (33%)



Cyan (55%)

Magenta (45%)

Yellow (33%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 136.0590, 17.2259, -18.4687 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 136.0590, 17.2259, -18.4687 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 136.0590, 17.2259,  
-18.4687

■ 136.0590, 17.2259,  
-18.4687

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 110.5320, 16.4997,  
-18.8836

■ 189.2870, 18.0995,  
-18.6687

■ 85.8310, 16.3523,  
-18.2688

■ 217.4010, 18.5363,  
-18.7687

■ 62.0050, 15.7735,  
-19.2984

■ 242.7960, 6.0166,  
-16.4841

■ 38.2820, 15.6370,  
-22.1723

254.4020, 0.2948,  
-1.2296

■ 19.5600, 14.0209,  
-17.1541

■ 3.6650, 11.5042,  
-3.2142

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 136.0590, 17.2259,  
-18.4687

■ 136.0590, 17.2259,  
-18.4687

■ 125.6930, 22.3364,  
-24.2868

■ 146.4250, 12.1155,  
-12.6507

■ 114.7400, 27.7362,  
-29.5900

■ 157.3780, 6.7156,  
-7.3475

■ 104.3740, 32.8466,  
-35.4080

■ 167.7440, 1.6052,  
-1.5295

■ 93.4210, 38.2464,  
-40.7112

■ 178.6970, -3.7946,  
3.7737

■ 82.7560, 43.5043,  
-47.1440

■ 189.0630, -8.9051,  
9.5917

■ 71.8030, 48.9041,  
-52.4472

■ 200.3150,  
-14.4523, 15.5097

■ 64.1060, 52.6987,  
-56.2210

■ 210.6810,  
-19.5627, 21.3278

■ 221.6340,  
-24.9626, 26.6310

■ 227.8140,  
-28.0093, 23.8421

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



132.6290, 15.9589, -32.1236



136.0590, 17.2259, -18.4687



139.0720, 14.2615, -0.9401

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



136.0590, 17.2259, -18.4687



140.1130, -7.9437, 27.9649



133.0660, -6.9345, -15.8439

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



136.0590, 17.2259, -18.4687



149.9410, -17.2259, 18.4687

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



135.3300, -13.9667, -0.2894



136.0590, 17.2259, -18.4687



139.1850, -13.8952, 23.5168

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



136.0590, 17.2259, -18.4687



140.8660, 0.0661, 25.5505



137.4350, -16.4835, 13.6505



131.2800, 1.8340, -28.3096



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



136.0590, 17.2259, -18.4687



140.6990, 10.0084, 9.9110



137.4350, -16.4835, 13.6505



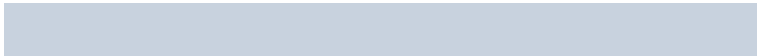
134.0020, -9.8610, -10.5258

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



136.0590, 17.2259, -18.4687



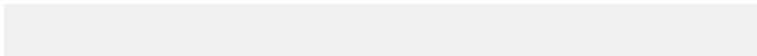
208.3780, 6.7156, -7.3475



151.4060, -2.6652, -31.9281



104.0040, 3.9420, -4.3885



240.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



112.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



136.0590, 17.2259, -18.4687



167.8110, 26.7152, -28.7752



122.2810, 24.0185, -3.7544



81.3740, 2.7736, -2.9590



56.4290, 46.1305, -49.4882



8.4920, 7.1524, -7.4475



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



134.5940, 2.6652, 31.9281



165.4590, 4.2107, 49.5865



163.7190, -24.0185, 3.7544



81.1470, 0.4205, 5.1331



52.4880, 7.1544, 85.5180

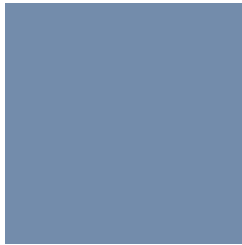


8.0170, 0.9776, 13.1401



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 136.0590, 17.2259, -18.4687 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

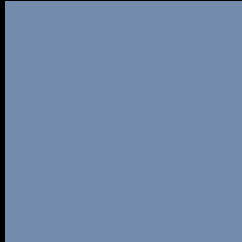
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 136.0590, 17.2259, -18.4687 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

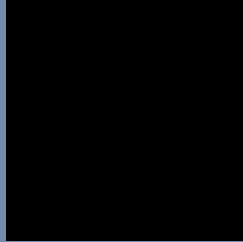
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

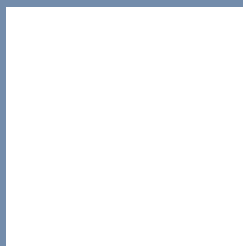
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 136.0590, 17.2259, -18.4687 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 136.0590, 17.2259, -18.4687.



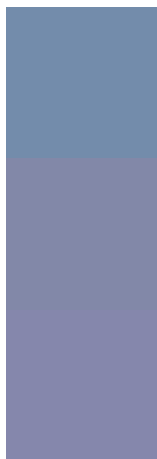
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 136.0590, 17.2259, -18.4687.

-18.4687.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

136.0590, 17.2259, -18.4687

### Protanopia

137.8540, 14.8620, -6.8880

### Deuteranopia

138.6200, 16.4563, -4.9287



**Tritanopia**

134.6860, 9.5218, -20.7726

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

136.0590, 17.2259, -18.4687

## Protanomaly

137.0600, 15.7464, -10.5766

## Deuteranomaly

137.7010, 16.9094, -10.2618

## Tritanomaly

135.0820, 12.2846, -20.2429

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

136.0590, 17.2259, -18.4687

## Achromatopsia

136.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

135.6770, 6.5682, -6.7327

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 136.0590, 17.2259, -18.4687 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(115, 140, 171)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(115, 140, 171)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(115, 140, 171) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(115, 140, 171) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 136.0590, 17.2259, -18.4687 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(115, 140, 171) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(115, 140, 171) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(115, 140, 171)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(115, 140, 171); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(115, 140, 171);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(115, 140,  
171) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 136.0590, 17.2259, -18.4687 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(115, 140, 171) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(115,  
140, 171) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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