

# Converting Colors

YUV(136.1610, -0.5724,  
43.7088)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(136.1610, -0.5724, 43.7088)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(136.1610, -0.5724,  
43.7088)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	BA6F87
RGB	186, 111, 135
RGB Percent	73%, 44%, 53%
CMY	0.2706, 0.5647, 0.4706
CMYK	0.00, 0.40, 0.27, 0.27
HSL	341°, 35%, 58%
HSV	341°, 40%, 73%
XYZ	30.3073, 23.5573, 25.8713
YIQ	136.1610, 36.9960, 23.3640

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

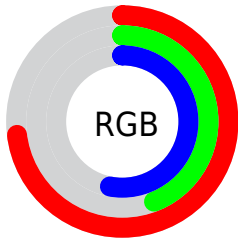
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	186, 111, 135
Decimal	12218247
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	55.64, 32.79, -0.35
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	56, 32.792, 359.381
Yxy	23.5573, 0.3801, 0.2954
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290408327 (0xFFBA6F87)
YUV	136.1610, -0.5724, 43.7088
Hunter-Lab	48.5358, 26.5234, 2.3714

# Details

The YUV color **136.1610, -0.5724, 43.7088** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6699**. A complement of this color would be **160.8390, 0.5724, -43.7088**, and the grayscale version is **136.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **190.6560, -1.3094, 46.7827**, and **84.6660, 0.1647, 40.6349** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **123.5260, -0.7523, 54.7897**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **148.7960, -0.3924, 32.6279**.

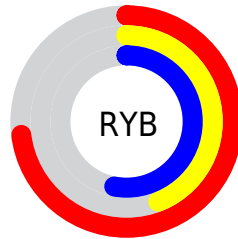
# Distribution



Red (73%)

Green (44%)

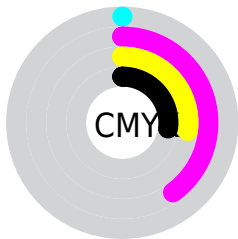
Blue (53%)



Red (73%)

Yellow (44%)

Blue (53%)

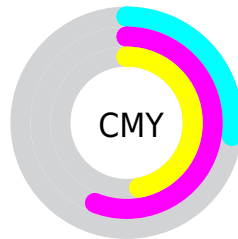


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (40%)

Yellow (27%)

Black (27%)



Cyan (27%)

Magenta (56%)


Yellow (47%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 136.1610, -0.5724, 43.7088 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 136.1610, -0.5724, 43.7088 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 136.1610, -0.5724,  
43.7088

 136.1610, -0.5724,  
43.7088


255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 110.2640, -0.1302,  
41.8645


 190.6560, -1.3094,  
46.7827


 84.6660, 0.1647,  
40.6349

 212.9860, 1.4859,  
36.8463


 59.8830, 1.0437,  
38.6906

 233.2010, 5.3239,  
19.1177

 34.4530, 3.2277,  
38.1907

 250.8910, 2.0257,  
3.6036

 18.4260, 0.7760,  
31.1984

 8.1870, -3.5432,  
16.4990

 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 136.1610, -0.5724,  
43.7088

■ 136.1610, -0.5724,  
43.7088

■ 123.5260, -0.7523,  
54.7897

■ 148.7960, -0.3924,  
32.6279

■ 111.5920, -0.7849,  
65.2558

■ 160.7300, -0.3599,  
22.1618

■ 98.9570, -0.9648,  
76.3367

■ 173.3650, -0.1799,  
11.0809

■ 86.9090, -1.4341,  
86.9028

■ 185.4130, 0.2894,  
0.5148

■ 74.3880, -1.1773,  
97.8837

■ 197.9340, 0.0325,  
-10.4661

■ 62.4540, -1.2098,  
108.3498

■ 210.5690, 0.2125,  
-21.5470

■ 222.6170, 0.6818,  
-32.1131

■ 232.2030, 1.8719,  
-40.5200

■ 233.6850, 7.5503,  
-41.8197

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



136.9060, 12.8643, 27.2694



136.1610, -0.5724, 43.7088



134.7410, -13.6763, 46.7081

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



136.1610, -0.5724, 43.7088



128.4190, -22.3916, -4.7525



115.1430, 32.9605, -72.0394

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



136.1610, -0.5724, 43.7088



160.8390, 0.5724, -43.7088

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



105.1160, 27.0578, -92.1867



136.1610, -0.5724, 43.7088



124.0550, -10.3801, -30.7432

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



136.1610, -0.5724, 43.7088



131.0090, -27.1194, 18.4091



116.2760, 7.7519, -59.8781



128.4020, 30.3678, -33.6786



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



136.1610, -0.5724, 43.7088



133.7590, -21.0802, 41.4304



116.2760, 7.7519, -59.8781



106.9620, 34.0357, -90.2977

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



136.1610, -0.5724, 43.7088



222.6970, -0.3436, 16.9287



134.5000, 25.3895, 23.2405



110.7670, 0.1149, 9.8513



250.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



122.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



136.1610, -0.5724, 43.7088



164.9020, -0.9377, 67.6149



141.0560, -14.8176, 39.4159



86.0330, -0.0163, 5.2331



52.3440, -1.1556, 90.9063



9.3980, -0.1962, 16.3140



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



136.1610, -0.5724, 43.7088



164.9020, -0.9377, 67.6149



155.9440, 14.8176, -39.4159



86.0330, -0.0163, 5.2331



52.3440, -1.1556, 90.9063

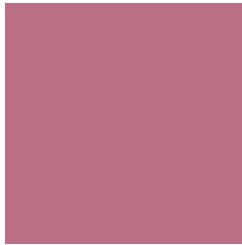


9.3980, -0.1962, 16.3140



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 136.1610, -0.5724, 43.7088 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

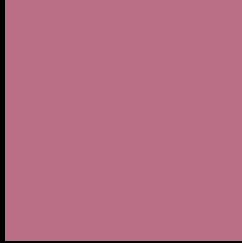
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 136.1610, -0.5724, 43.7088 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

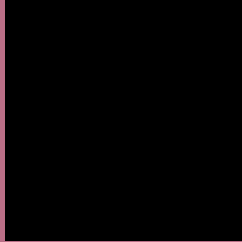
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 136.1610, -0.5724, 43.7088

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 136.1610, -0.5724, 43.7088.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 136.1610, -0.5724,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

136.1610, -0.5724, 43.7088

### Protanopia

134.4110, 6.6994, -2.1144

### Deuteranopia

134.7240, -1.3429, 10.7661



## Tritanopia

135.5540, -6.6821, 43.3641

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

136.1610, -0.5724, 43.7088

## Protanomaly

135.1250, 3.8824, 14.7994

## Deuteranomaly

134.9150, -0.9441, 22.8765

## Tritanomaly

135.5370, -4.2087, 43.3791

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

136.1610, -0.5724, 43.7088

## Achromatopsia

136.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

136.0990, -0.0488, 15.6992

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 136.1610, -0.5724, 43.7088 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(186, 111, 135)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(186, 111, 135)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(186, 111, 135) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(186, 111, 135) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 136.1610, -0.5724, 43.7088 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(186, 111, 135) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(186, 111, 135) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(186, 111, 135)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(186, 111, 135); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(186, 111, 135);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(186, 111,  
135) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 136.1610, -0.5724, 43.7088 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(186, 111, 135) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(186,  
111, 135) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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