

Converting Colors

YUV(136.5140, -13.0714,
-7.4668)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(136.5140, -13.0714, -7.4668)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(136.5140, -13.0714,
-7.4668)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	80926E
RGB	128, 146, 110
RGB Percent	50%, 57%, 43%
CMY	0.4980, 0.4275, 0.5686
CMYK	0.12, 0.00, 0.25, 0.43
HSL	90°, 14%, 50%
HSV	90°, 25%, 57%
XYZ	21.9954, 26.2728, 18.6637
YIQ	136.5140, 0.8280, -15.0120

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

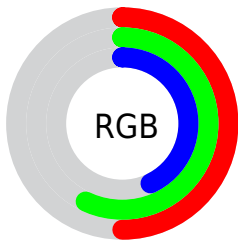
Format	Color
R_{YB}	110, 146, 128
Decimal	8426094
CIE _{Lab}	58.30, -13.26, 17.00
CIE _{LCh}	58, 21.559, 127.968
Yxy	26.2728, 0.3286, 0.3925
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286616174 (0xFF80926E)
YUV	136.5140, -13.0714, -7.4668
Hunter-Lab	51.2570, -13.1015, 14.2912

Details

The YUV color $136.5140, -13.0714, -7.4668$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999966 . A complement of this color would be $119.4860, 13.0714, 7.4668$, and the grayscale version is $137.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $189.9870, -13.7976, -7.8816$, and $86.1550, -11.9084, -7.1519$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $132.7110, -18.5915, -10.2705$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $140.3170, -7.5513, -4.6630$.

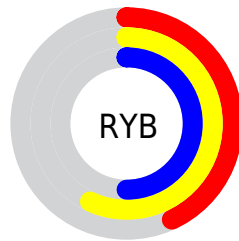
Distribution



Red (50%)

Green (57%)

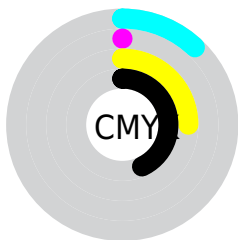
Blue (43%)



Red (43%)

Yellow (57%)

Blue (50%)

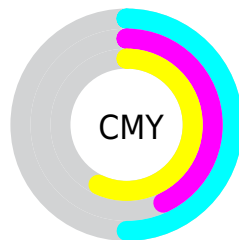


Cyan (12%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (25%)

Black (43%)



Cyan (50%)

Magenta (43%)

Yellow (57%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 136.5140, -13.0714, -7.4668 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 136.5140, -13.0714, -7.4668 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 136.5140,
-13.0714, -7.4668

■ 136.5140,
-13.0714, -7.4668

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 111.0410,
-12.3452, -7.0520

■ 189.9870,
-13.7976, -7.8816

■ 86.1550, -11.9084,
-7.1519

■ 217.8730,
-14.2344, -7.7816

■ 63.2690, -11.4716,
-7.2519

■ 245.2860,
-13.9450, -7.2668

■ 40.7960, -10.7454,
-6.8371

■ 253.8600, -4.3680,
0.9998

■ 20.0240, -9.8718,
-7.0370

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 136.5140,
-13.0714, -7.4668

■ 136.5140,
-13.0714, -7.4668

■ 132.7110,
-18.5915, -10.2705

■ 140.3170, -7.5513,
-4.6630

■ 128.7230,
-23.5274, -13.7891

■ 144.3050, -2.6154,
-1.1445

■ 124.9200,
-29.0476, -16.5928

■ 148.1080, 2.9048,
1.6593

■ 121.2310,
-34.1309, -19.4966

■ 151.7970, 7.9881,
4.5630

■ 117.1290,
-39.5036, -22.9151

■ 155.6000, 13.5082,
7.3668

■ 113.3260,
-45.0237, -25.7189

■ 159.7020, 18.8809,
10.7853

■ 109.6370,
-50.1070, -28.6226

■ 163.3910, 23.9642,
13.6891

■ 107.5290,

■ 167.1940, 29.4844,

-53.0118, -30.2819

16.4929

■ 171.1820, 34.4203,
20.0114

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



139.0600, -17.7776, 8.7174



136.5140, -13.0714, -7.4668



134.2930, -4.5814, -23.9360

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



136.5140, -13.0714, -7.4668



135.2530, 19.5953, -31.7939



142.6880, -3.2972, 30.9686

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



136.5140, -13.0714, -7.4668



119.4860, 13.0714, 7.4668

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



143.3370, 5.7499, 22.5065



136.5140, -13.0714, -7.4668



139.4340, 18.5200, -13.5356

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



136.5140, -13.0714, -7.4668



132.0470, 15.2598, -41.2602



142.8880, 13.3662, 6.2372



142.0980, -11.8803, 30.6091

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



136.5140, -13.0714, -7.4668



132.4750, 2.7238, -33.7426



142.8880, 13.3662, 6.2372



143.3610, -0.6710, 28.6244

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



136.5140, -13.0714, -7.4668



185.3110, -5.0833, -2.9037



131.3300, -10.5157, 12.8656



92.3050, -2.6154, -1.1445



222.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



94.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



136.5140, -13.0714, -7.4668



173.8310, -20.6227, -12.1298



131.1320, -10.4181, -18.5328



72.0060, -2.4680, -1.7593



101.6370, -50.1070, -28.6226



7.3650, -3.6309, -2.0741

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



119.4860, 13.0714, 7.4668



146.8700, 20.7701, 11.5150



124.8680, 10.4181, 18.5328



68.6950, 2.6154, 1.1445



36.3630, 50.1070, 28.6226



2.6350, 3.6309, 2.0741

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 136.5140, -13.0714, -7.4668 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 136.5140, -13.0714, -7.4668 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

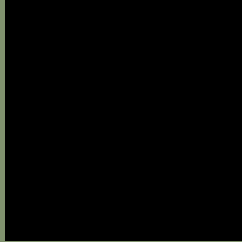
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 136.5140, -13.0714, -7.4668

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 136.5140, -13.0714, -7.4668.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 136.5140, -13.0714, -7.4668.

-7.4668.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

136.5140, -13.0714, -7.4668

Protanopia

138.9290, -15.7410, 8.8323

Deuteranopia

140.1630, -13.8844, 20.0280



Tritanopia

139.5740, 6.1260, -4.8884

Trichromacy



Original Color

136.5140, -13.0714, -7.4668

Protanomaly

137.8250, -14.7037, 2.7845

Deuteranomaly

138.5100, -13.5624, 10.0767

Tritanomaly

138.4400, -0.7099, -5.6479

Monochromacy



Original Color

136.5140, -13.0714, -7.4668

Achromatopsia

137.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

136.7240, -4.7939, -2.3889

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 136.5140, -13.0714, -7.4668 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(128, 146, 110)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(128, 146, 110)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(128, 146, 110) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(128, 146, 110) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 136.5140, -13.0714, -7.4668 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(128, 146, 110) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(128, 146, 110) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(128, 146, 110)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(128, 146, 110); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 146, 110);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 146,  
110) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 136.5140, -13.0714, -7.4668 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(128, 146, 110) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(128,  
146, 110) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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