

# Converting Colors

YUV(136.6590, 20.3811,  
-50.5669)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(136.6590, 20.3811, -50.5669)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(136.6590, 20.3811,  
-50.5669)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4F9EB2
RGB	79, 158, 178
RGB Percent	31%, 62%, 70%
CMY	0.6902, 0.3804, 0.3020
CMYK	0.56, 0.11, 0.00, 0.30
HSL	192°, 39%, 50%
HSV	192°, 56%, 70%
XYZ	23.4872, 29.3303, 46.5429
YIQ	136.6590, -53.5040, -10.5280

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

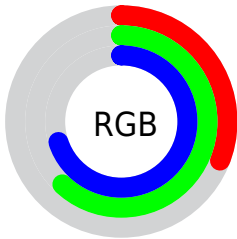
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	79, 123, 178
Decimal	5217970
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	61.07, -18.44, -17.78
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	61, 25.616, 223.942
Yxy	29.3303, 0.2364, 0.2952
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283408050 (0xFF4F9EB2)
YUV	136.6590, 20.3811, -50.5669
Hunter-Lab	54.1575, -17.3632, -13.0435

# Details

The YUV color **136.6590, 20.3811, -50.5669** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669999**. A complement of this color would be **120.3410, -20.3811, 50.5669**, and the grayscale version is **137.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **192.3710, 20.5231, -49.4374**, and **77.3690, 23.4821, -65.2216** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **128.9290, 24.1920, -59.5737**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **144.3890, 16.5702, -41.5602**.

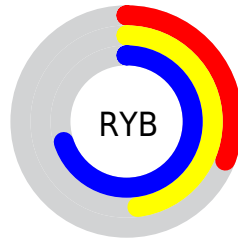
# Distribution



Red (31%)

Green (62%)

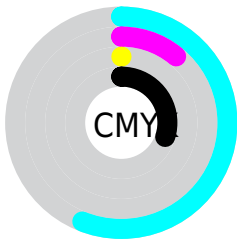
Blue (70%)



Red (31%)

Yellow (48%)

Blue (70%)

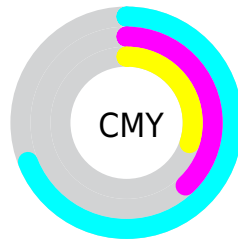


Cyan (56%)

Magenta (11%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (30%)



Cyan (69%)

Magenta (38%)

Yellow (30%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 136.6590, 20.3811, -50.5669 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 136.6590, 20.3811, -50.5669 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 136.6590, 20.3811,  
-50.5669

■ 136.6590, 20.3811,  
-50.5669

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 109.3490, 20.5339,  
-52.9261

■ 192.3710, 20.5231,  
-49.4374

■ 77.3690, 23.4821,  
-65.2216

■ 219.5730, 17.4655,  
-48.7375

■ 59.5340, 19.9497,  
-52.2113

■ 236.4620, 9.1392,  
-38.1162

■ 43.2970, 16.1226,  
-37.9715

■ 245.1330, 4.8644,  
-20.2876

■ 27.8750, 12.8796,  
-24.4464

■ 254.1030, 0.4422,  
-1.8443

■ 9.0450, 11.8098,  
-7.9325

■ 0.6840, 2.6208,

-0.5999

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 136.6590, 20.3811,  
-50.5669

■ 136.6590, 20.3811,  
-50.5669

■ 128.9290, 24.1920,  
-59.5737

■ 144.3890, 16.5702,  
-41.5602

■ 121.7860, 27.7135,  
-69.0953

■ 151.5320, 13.0487,  
-32.0386

■ 114.3550, 31.3770,  
-77.4873

■ 158.9630, 9.3852,  
-23.6466

■ 107.2120, 34.8985,  
-87.0089

■ 166.1060, 5.8637,  
-14.1250

■ 103.6460, 36.6565,  
-90.8975

■ 173.8360, 2.0529,  
-5.1182

■ 181.5660, -1.7580,  
3.8886

■ 188.7090, -5.2795,  
13.4102

■ 196.1400, -8.9430,  
21.8022

■ 203.2830,  
-12.4645, 31.3238

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



136.0370, 10.3348, -48.2674



136.6590, 20.3811, -50.5669



141.6700, 23.8267, -35.6676

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



136.6590, 20.3811, -50.5669



151.0390, 4.4178, 29.7838



144.9520, -20.6823, 7.0581

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



136.6590, 20.3811, -50.5669



120.3410, -20.3811, 50.5669

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



147.2360, -21.3153, 23.4720



136.6590, 20.3811, -50.5669



150.2220, -6.5184, 37.5163

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



136.6590, 20.3811, -50.5669



150.5620, 14.5129, 11.7851



149.0940, -15.8223, 34.9976



141.9540, -13.7813, -13.1147



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



136.6590, 20.3811, -50.5669



145.5410, 22.9043, -19.7685



149.0940, -15.8223, 34.9976



146.0560, -21.7196, 13.1059

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



136.6590, 20.3811, -50.5669



215.6430, 8.0640, -19.8579



139.3930, -19.9137, -52.9647



107.7750, 4.5479, -12.0807



245.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



117.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



136.6590, 20.3811, -50.5669



167.4580, 31.8192, -79.3317



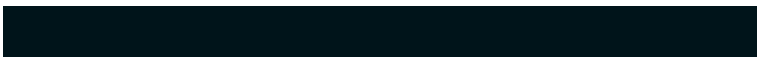
107.8960, 34.5613, -25.3418



85.1350, 1.9054, -4.5034



89.0560, 31.5244, -78.1021



14.7040, 5.5689, -12.8954



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



117.6070, 19.9137, 52.9647



137.4810, 31.3149, 82.8932



149.1040, -34.5613, 25.3418



83.4890, 1.7309, 4.8331



59.6550, 30.7361, 81.8636



10.0540, 4.9034, 13.9846



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 136.6590, 20.3811, -50.5669 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

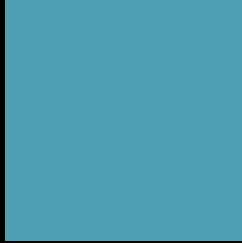
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 136.6590, 20.3811, -50.5669 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

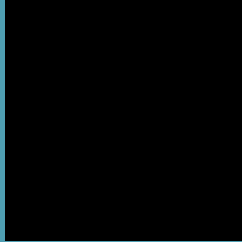
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 136.6590, 20.3811, -50.5669

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 136.6590, 20.3811, -50.5669.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 136.6590, 20.3811, -50.5669.

-50.5669.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

136.6590, 20.3811, -50.5669

### Protanopia

146.9530, 11.3622, -4.3438

### Deuteranopia

147.9190, 16.3089, -4.3140



## Tritanopia

135.9640, 17.7657, -51.7114

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

136.6590, 20.3811, -50.5669

## Protanomaly

143.3530, 14.6160, -21.3576

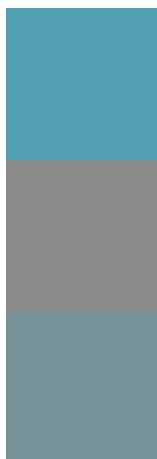
## Deuteranomaly

143.8630, 17.8155, -20.9279

## Tritanomaly

136.4910, 18.4919, -51.2966

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

136.6590, 20.3811, -50.5669

## Achromatopsia

137.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

137.1270, 7.3324, -18.5284

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 136.6590, 20.3811, -50.5669 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(79, 158, 178)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(79, 158, 178)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(79, 158, 178) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(79, 158, 178) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 136.6590, 20.3811, -50.5669 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(79, 158, 178) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(79, 158, 178) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(79, 158, 178)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(79, 158, 178); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(79, 158, 178);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(79, 158,  
178) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 136.6590, 20.3811, -50.5669 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(79, 158, 178) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(79, 158,  
178) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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