

# Converting Colors

YUV(137.2450, 1.8512, 12.9401)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(137.2450, 1.8512, 12.9401)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(137.2450, 1.8512,  
12.9401)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	98818D
RGB	152, 129, 141
RGB Percent	60%, 51%, 55%
CMY	0.4039, 0.4941, 0.4471
CMYK	0.00, 0.15, 0.07, 0.40
HSL	329°, 10%, 55%
HSV	329°, 15%, 60%
XYZ	25.6069, 24.2990, 28.5399
YIQ	137.2450, 9.8560, 8.6080

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

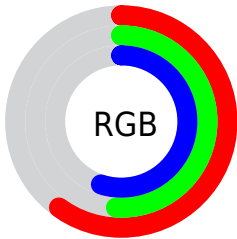
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	152, 129, 141
Decimal	9994637
CIE Lab	56.39, 10.92, -3.19
CIE LCh	56, 11.379, 343.710
Yxy	24.2990, 0.3264, 0.3098
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288184717 (0xFF98818D)
YUV	137.2450, 1.8512, 12.9401
Hunter-Lab	49.2940, 6.4613, 0.1786

# Details

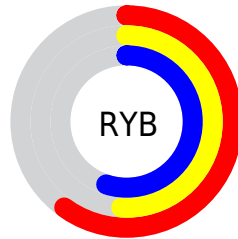
The YUV color  $137.2450, 1.8512, 12.9401$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $999999$ . A complement of this color would be  $143.7550, -1.8512, -12.9401$ , and the grayscale version is  $137.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $190.6580, 2.1406, 13.4549$ , and  $87.5330, 1.7092, 11.8106$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $127.6420, 3.1345, 21.3620$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $146.8480, 0.5679, 4.5183$ .

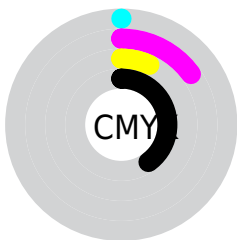
# Distribution



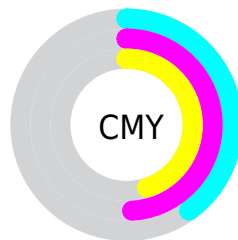
- Red (60%)
- Green (51%)
- Blue (55%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (51%)
- Blue (55%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Black (40%)




- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (49%)
- Yellow (45%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 137.2450, 1.8512, 12.9401 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 137.2450, 1.8512, 12.9401 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 137.2450, 1.8512,  
12.9401


 137.2450, 1.8512,  
12.9401

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 111.8320, 1.5618,  
12.4253


 190.6580, 2.1406,  
13.4549


 87.5330, 1.7092,  
11.8106


 218.8430, 1.5564,  
14.1697

 64.1200, 1.4198,  
11.2958

 244.5650, 3.1725,  
9.1515

 41.8210, 1.5672,  
10.6810

 20.6360, 2.1515,  
9.9662

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 137.2450, 1.8512,  
12.9401

■ 137.2450, 1.8512,  
12.9401

■ 127.6420, 3.1345,  
21.3620

■ 146.8480, 0.5679,  
4.5183

■ 117.9250, 3.9810,  
29.8838

■ 156.5650, -0.2785,  
-4.0035

■ 107.7350, 5.5536,  
38.8204

■ 166.7550, -1.8512,  
-12.9401

■ 98.1320, 6.8369,  
47.2422

■ 176.3580, -3.1345,  
-21.3620

■ 88.5290, 8.1202,  
55.6641

■ 185.9610, -4.4178,  
-29.7838

■ 78.8120, 8.9667,  
64.1859

■ 195.6780, -5.2643,  
-38.3056

■ 69.2090, 10.2500,  
72.6077


■ 205.2810, -6.5475,  
-46.7274


■ 59.0190, 11.8226,

■ 215.4710, -8.1202,

81.5443

-55.6641

 54.4540, 12.1012,  
85.5478

 218.6170, -6.2202,  
-58.4231

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



136.7540, 6.5303, 5.4777



137.2450, 1.8512, 12.9401



136.7140, -2.8170, 16.9138

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



137.2450, 1.8512, 12.9401



134.3180, -9.0308, 3.2291



132.2410, 7.7692, -18.6284

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



137.2450, 1.8512, 12.9401



143.7550, -1.8512, -12.9401

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



131.8020, 3.5486, -18.2434



137.2450, 1.8512, 12.9401



133.3600, -6.0935, -5.5777

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



137.2450, 1.8512, 12.9401



135.5470, -9.6367, 10.9213



132.4560, -1.7038, -13.5549



133.8440, 9.9369, -13.8952



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



137.2450, 1.8512, 12.9401



136.6170, -5.7272, 16.9989



132.4560, -1.7038, -13.5549



132.3010, 6.7536, -19.5580

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



137.2450, 1.8512, 12.9401



190.2610, 0.8573, 5.0331



134.9110, 8.4249, 4.4631



95.2500, 0.8628, 3.2887



227.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



99.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



137.2450, 1.8512, 12.9401



173.5170, 2.7031, 19.7176



135.9910, -2.9536, 14.0399



71.8480, 0.5679, 4.5183



50.1820, 11.2493, 78.7704



4.6850, 1.1413, 7.2923



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



137.2450, 1.8512, 12.9401



173.5170, 2.7031, 19.7176



145.0090, 2.9536, -14.0399



71.8480, 0.5679, 4.5183



50.1820, 11.2493, 78.7704



4.6850, 1.1413, 7.2923



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 137.2450, 1.8512, 12.9401 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

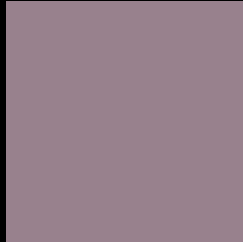
Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 137.2450, 1.8512, 12.9401 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 137.2450, 1.8512, 12.9401 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 137.2450, 1.8512, 12.9401.



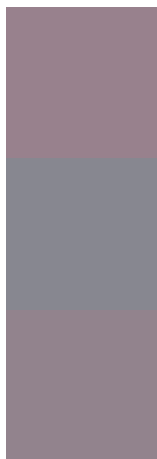
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 137.2450, 1.8512,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

137.2450, 1.8512, 12.9401

### Protanopia

136.0260, 3.9312, -0.8998

### Deuteranopia

136.6250, 2.1569, 8.2219



## Tritanopia

137.0170, 0.9776, 13.1401

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

137.2450, 1.8512, 12.9401

## Protanomaly

136.5320, 3.1887, 3.9184

## Deuteranomaly

136.6360, 2.1515, 9.9662

## Tritanomaly

137.1310, 1.4144, 13.0401

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

137.2450, 1.8512, 12.9401

## Achromatopsia

137.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

136.8480, 0.5679, 4.5183

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 137.2450, 1.8512, 12.9401 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(152, 129, 141)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(152, 129, 141)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(152, 129, 141) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(152, 129, 141) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 137.2450, 1.8512, 12.9401 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(152, 129, 141) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(152, 129, 141) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(152, 129, 141)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(152, 129, 141); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 129, 141);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 129,  
141) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 137.2450, 1.8512, 12.9401 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(152, 129, 141) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(152,  
129, 141) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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