

# Converting Colors

YUV(137.7080, -64.4390,  
-5.0059)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(137.7080, -64.4390, -5.0059)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(137.7080, -64.4390,  
-5.0059)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	84A607
RGB	132, 166, 7
RGB Percent	52%, 65%, 3%
CMY	0.4824, 0.3490, 0.9725
CMYK	0.20, 0.00, 0.96, 0.35
HSL	73°, 92%, 34%
HSV	73°, 96%, 65%
XYZ	23.1903, 32.1933, 5.1927
YIQ	137.7080, 30.7750, -56.6570

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

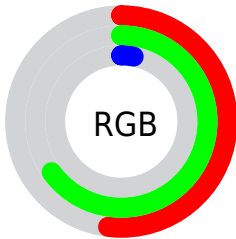
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	7, 166, 41
Decimal	8693255
CIELab	63.50, -30.25, 64.54
CIELCh	64, 71.281, 115.109
Yxy	32.1933, 0.3828, 0.5315
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286883335 (0xFF84A607)
YUV	137.7080, -64.4390, -5.0059
Hunter-Lab	56.7391, -26.3374, 34.2913

# Details

The YUV color **137.7080, -64.4390, -5.0059** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669900**. A complement of this color would be **35.2920, 64.4390, 5.0059**, and the grayscale version is **138.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **195.0160, -58.1819, -5.2760**, and **89.9410, -44.3409, -11.3493** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **136.6110, -67.3492, -4.9208**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **140.8420, -57.6031, -4.2464**.

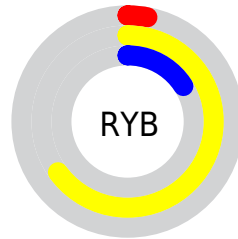
# Distribution



Red (52%)

Green (65%)

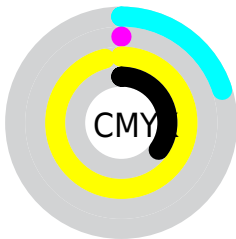
Blue (3%)



Red (3%)

Yellow (65%)

Blue (16%)

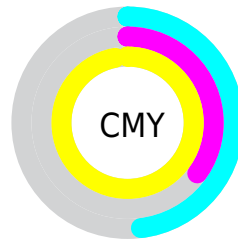


Cyan (20%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (96%)

Black (35%)



Cyan (48%)

Magenta (35%)

Yellow (97%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 137.7080, -64.4390, -5.0059 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 137.7080, -64.4390, -5.0059 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 137.7080,  
-64.4390, -5.0059

■ 137.7080,  
-64.4390, -5.0059

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 113.2760,  
-55.8451, -8.1351

■ 195.0160,  
-58.1819, -5.2760

■ 89.9410, -44.3409,  
-11.3493

■ 223.9020,  
-58.6187, -5.1761

■ 67.1930, -33.1261,  
-15.0783

■ 238.9990,  
-52.2575, 7.8939

■ 44.7220, -22.0479,  
-21.6812

■ 244.1700,  
-41.4958, 9.4979

■ 25.2410, -12.4438,  
-22.1364

■ 247.4760,  
-28.8287, 6.5985

■ 12.3270, -6.0772,  
-10.8108

■ 250.7820,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

-16.1615, 3.6992

0.0000

254.0880, -3.4944,  
0.7998

137.7080,  
-64.4390, -5.0059

137.7080,  
-64.4390, -5.0059

136.6110,  
-67.3492, -4.9208

140.8420,  
-57.6031, -4.2464

143.5630,  
-51.0566, -4.0018

146.6970,  
-44.2206, -3.2423

149.4180,  
-37.6741, -2.9976

152.5520,  
-30.8381, -2.2381

■ 155.3870,  
-23.8548, -2.0934

■ 158.4070,  
-17.4557, -1.2339

■ 161.2420,  
-10.4723, -1.0892

■ 164.2620, -4.0732,  
-0.2298

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



143.9960, -70.9900, 42.9765



137.7080, -64.4390, -5.0059



120.3370, -21.8581, -82.7335

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



137.7080, -64.4390, -5.0059



133.5560, 59.8719, -117.1286



147.5260, 9.6007, 94.2547

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



137.7080, -64.4390, -5.0059



35.2920, 64.4390, 5.0059

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



156.8150, 34.6012, 55.4132



137.7080, -64.4390, -5.0059



125.9250, 63.6340, -110.4362

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



137.7080, -64.4390, -5.0059



130.9050, 37.0218, -114.8037



151.0060, 51.2690, -17.5453



143.8660, -19.6539, 97.4645



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



137.7080, -64.4390, -5.0059



119.8130, -0.4008, -105.0760



151.0060, 51.2690, -17.5453



151.6590, 17.9161, 87.1221

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



137.7080, -64.4390, -5.0059



205.6320, -25.4546, -2.3083



73.3250, -32.6982, 81.2760



102.8630, -15.7085, -1.6339



237.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



110.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



137.7080, -64.4390, -5.0059



178.2090, -87.8570, -7.1993



114.6850, -53.0887, -52.3437



82.4900, -3.1996, -0.4297



121.5600, -59.9291, -4.8761



16.5240, -8.1463, -0.4595



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



35.2920, 64.4390, 5.0059



38.4920, 88.0044, 6.5845



58.3150, 53.0887, 52.3437



77.5100, 3.1996, 0.4297



26.4400, 59.9291, 4.8761



3.4760, 8.1463, 0.4595



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 137.7080, -64.4390, -5.0059 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 137.7080, -64.4390, -5.0059 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

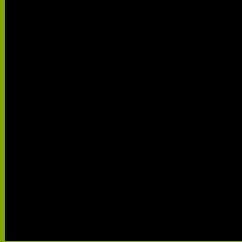
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 137.7080, -64.4390, -5.0059

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 137.7080, -64.4390, -5.0059.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 137.7080, -64.4390, -5.0059.

-5.0059.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

137.7080, -64.4390, -5.0059

### Protanopia

142.1250, -70.0676, 27.0774

### Deuteranopia

146.2420, -57.3073, 41.0068



## Tritanopia

153.0900, 6.8576, -6.2179

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

137.7080, -64.4390, -5.0059

## Protanomaly

140.3300, -67.7037, 15.4966

## Deuteranomaly

143.4480, -59.8739, 24.1631

## Tritanomaly

147.3310, -18.8972, -5.5523

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

137.7080, -64.4390, -5.0059

## Achromatopsia

138.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

137.8000, -23.5654, -1.5786

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 137.7080, -64.4390, -5.0059 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(132, 166, 7)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(132, 166, 7)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(132, 166, 7) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(132, 166, 7) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 137.7080, -64.4390, -5.0059 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(132, 166, 7) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(132, 166, 7) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(132, 166, 7) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(132, 166, 7); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(132, 166, 7);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(132, 166,  
7) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 137.7080, -64.4390, -5.0059 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(132, 166, 7) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(132,  
166, 7) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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