

Converting Colors

YUV(137.8330, -40.3437,
13.3015)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(137.8330, -40.3437, 13.3015)
contains.

YUV(137.8330, -40.3437, 13.3015)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YUV(137.8330, -40.3437,
13.3015)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	999238
RGB	153, 146, 56
RGB Percent	60%, 57%, 22%
CMY	0.4000, 0.4275, 0.7804
CMYK	0.00, 0.05, 0.63, 0.40
HSL	56°, 46%, 41%
HSV	56°, 63%, 60%
XYZ	24.1296, 27.6156, 7.8000
YIQ	137.8330, 33.0620, -26.5060

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

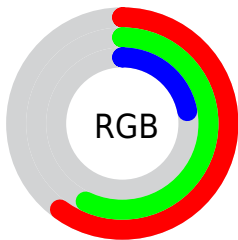
Format	Color
RYB	64, 153, 56
Decimal	10064440
CIELab	59.54, -9.01, 47.18
CIELCh	60, 48.030, 100.807
Yxy	27.6156, 0.4052, 0.4638
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288254520 (0xFF999238)
YUV	137.8330, -40.3437, 13.3015
Hunter-Lab	52.5505, -10.0018, 27.9851

Details

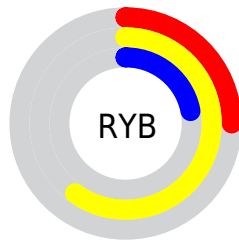
The YUV color **137.8330, -40.3437, 13.3015** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999933**. A complement of this color would be **71.1670, 40.3437, -13.3015**, and the grayscale version is **138.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **192.3880, -42.0963, 15.4457**, and **85.9530, -42.3748, 11.4422** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **135.5360, -46.6062, 15.3159**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **140.1300, -34.0811, 11.2870**.

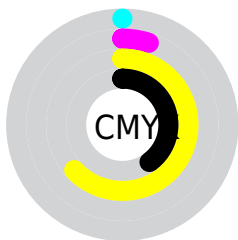
Distribution



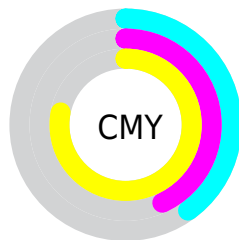
- Red (60%)
- Green (57%)
- Blue (22%)



- Red (25%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Blue (22%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (63%)
- Black (40%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (43%)
- Yellow (78%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 137.8330, -40.3437, 13.3015 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 137.8330, -40.3437, 13.3015 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 137.8330,
-40.3437, 13.3015

■ 137.8330,
-40.3437, 13.3015

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 111.5340,
-40.1963, 12.6867

■ 192.3880,
-42.0963, 15.4457

■ 85.9530, -42.3748,
11.4422

■ 220.4590,
-43.1173, 16.2605

■ 64.3900, -31.7443,
8.4280

■ 244.1700,
-41.4958, 9.4979

■ 43.7020, -21.5451,
3.7693

■ 247.3620,
-29.2655, 6.6985

■ 24.1990, -11.9301,
-0.1745

■ 250.5540,
-17.0351, 3.8991

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 253.8600, -4.3680,

0.9998

■ 137.8330,
-40.3437, 13.3015

■ 137.8330,
-40.3437, 13.3015

■ 135.5360,
-46.6062, 15.3159

■ 140.1300,
-34.0811, 11.2870

■ 133.1250,
-53.3056, 17.4304

■ 142.5410,
-27.3817, 9.1725

■ 130.8280,
-59.5682, 19.4448

■ 144.8380,
-21.1191, 7.1581

■ 129.1010,
-63.6468, 20.9594

■ 147.1350,
-14.8566, 5.1436

■ 150.1330, -8.4466,
2.5144

■ 152.4300, -2.1840,
0.4999

■ 154.7270, 4.0786,
-1.5146

■ 157.0240, 10.3412,
-3.5290

■ 159.4350, 17.0405,
-5.6435

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



140.7750, -38.8361, 43.1703



137.8330, -40.3437, 13.3015



132.9300, -27.5735, -22.7406

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



137.8330, -40.3437, 13.3015



117.5520, 39.1679, -103.0931



146.6580, 12.4936, 52.9199

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



137.8330, -40.3437, 13.3015



71.1670, 40.3437, -13.3015

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



147.3080, 29.9212, 16.3929



137.8330, -40.3437, 13.3015



116.4070, 52.5503, -102.0889

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



137.8330, -40.3437, 13.3015



114.8670, 21.2646, -100.7384



138.7080, 43.0350, -36.5779



144.0070, -6.9055, 68.3999

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



137.8330, -40.3437, 13.3015



125.6410, -12.6410, -52.3052



138.7080, 43.0350, -36.5779



147.1990, 18.6359, 42.7985

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



137.8330, -40.3437, 13.3015



192.9070, -15.7302, 5.3436



85.9150, -10.8041, 58.8335



95.9050, -9.3202, 2.7143



227.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



99.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



137.8330, -40.3437, 13.3015



175.3290, -62.7732, 20.7595



129.9820, -36.4731, -14.8932



75.5010, -3.2050, 1.3146



118.1700, -58.2578, 19.1449



10.9310, -5.3890, 1.8145

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



71.1670, 40.3437, -13.3015



71.6710, 62.7732, -20.7595



79.0180, 36.4731, 14.8932



69.9120, 3.4944, -0.7998



21.8300, 58.2578, -19.1449



2.0690, 5.3890, -1.8145

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 137.8330, -40.3437, 13.3015 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 137.8330, -40.3437, 13.3015 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

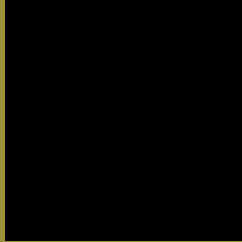
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 137.8330, -40.3437, 13.3015

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 137.8330, -40.3437, 13.3015.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 137.8330, -40.3437, 13.3015.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

137.8330, -40.3437, 13.3015

Protanopia

138.6380, -41.2335, 18.7345

Deuteranopia

139.7800, -39.8245, 33.5189



Tritanopia

145.3160, 0.8302, 13.7549

Trichromacy



Original Color

137.8330, -40.3437, 13.3015

Protanomaly

138.3280, -41.0807, 16.3753

Deuteranomaly

139.3230, -40.0922, 26.0267

Tritanomaly

142.4180, -14.0101, 13.6654

Monochromacy



Original Color

137.8330, -40.3437, 13.3015

Achromatopsia

138.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

137.8360, -14.7091, 4.5288

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 137.8330, -40.3437, 13.3015 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(153, 146, 56)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(153, 146, 56)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(153, 146, 56) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(153, 146, 56) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 137.8330, -40.3437, 13.3015 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(153, 146, 56) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(153, 146, 56) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(153, 146, 56)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(153, 146, 56); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 146, 56);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 146,  
56) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 137.8330, -40.3437, 13.3015 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(153, 146, 56) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(153,  
146, 56) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor