

# Converting Colors

YUV(138.9480, -27.5824,  
73.7136)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(138.9480, -27.5824, 73.7136)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(138.9480, -27.5824,  
73.7136)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	DF6B53
RGB	223, 107, 83
RGB Percent	87%, 42%, 33%
CMY	0.1255, 0.5804, 0.6745
CMYK	0.00, 0.52, 0.63, 0.13
HSL	10°, 69%, 60%
HSV	10°, 63%, 87%
XYZ	37.2505, 26.8279, 11.3986
YIQ	138.9480, 76.8400, 17.1280

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

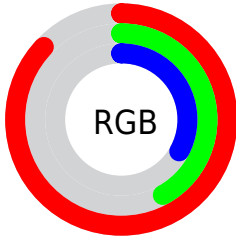
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	223, 112, 83
Decimal	14642003
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	58.81, 43.43, 34.73
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	59, 55.607, 38.651
Yxy	26.8279, 0.4935, 0.3554
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292832083 (0xFFDF6B53)
YUV	138.9480, -27.5824, 73.7136
Hunter-Lab	51.7957, 37.7314, 23.2091

# Details

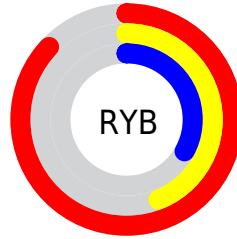
The YUV color **138.9480, -27.5824, 73.7136** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6633**. The color can be described as middle muted orange. A complement of this color would be **167.0520, 27.5824, -73.7136**, and the grayscale version is **139.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **185.9140, -26.0866, 60.5884**, and **84.9410, -23.6349, 67.5807** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **125.8740, -31.9829, 85.1795**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **152.0220, -23.1818, 62.2477**.

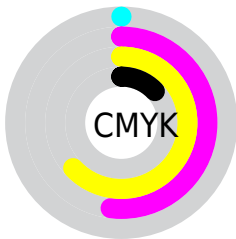
# Distribution



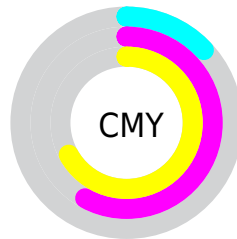
- Red (87%)
- Green (42%)
- Blue (33%)



- Red (87%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Blue (33%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (52%)
- Yellow (63%)
- Black (13%)



- Cyan (13%)
- Magenta (58%)
- Yellow (67%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 138.9480, -27.5824, 73.7136 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 138.9480, -27.5824, 73.7136 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 138.9480,  
-27.5824, 73.7136


 138.9480,  
-27.5824, 73.7136


255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 111.6810,  
-25.9717, 70.4398


 185.9140,  
-26.0866, 60.5884

 84.9410, -23.6349,  
67.5807


 205.3140,  
-22.8328, 43.5746


 57.0270, -20.7193,  
65.7513


 224.8280,  
-19.1422, 26.4608

 30.7970, -15.1829,  
63.3220

 245.0430,  
-15.3042, 8.7323

 22.1260, -10.9081,  
45.4935

 253.6320, -5.2416,  
1.1997

 14.8790, -6.3493,  
29.9241

 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 138.9480,  
-27.5824, 73.7136

■ 138.9480,  
-27.5824, 73.7136

■ 125.8740,  
-31.9829, 85.1795

■ 152.0220,  
-23.1818, 62.2477

■ 112.0990,  
-36.5308, 97.2602

■ 165.7970,  
-18.6339, 50.1670

■ 99.0250, -40.9313,  
108.7261

■ 178.8710,  
-14.2334, 38.7011

■ 88.9830, -43.8686,  
117.5329

■ 192.5320,  
-10.1223, 26.7204

■ 205.7200, -5.2850,  
15.1546

■ 219.3810, -1.1738,  
3.1739

■ 232.4550, 3.2267,  
-8.2920

■ 245.4320, 4.7170,  
-19.6729

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



139.8280, -5.3382, 79.0808



138.9480, -27.5824, 73.7136



137.6250, -44.6781, 50.3179

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



138.9480, -27.5824, 73.7136



107.5370, -1.7437, -94.3099



130.8180, 52.8407, -55.0914

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



138.9480, -27.5824, 73.7136



167.0520, 27.5824, -73.7136

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



118.0200, 56.1921, -103.5035



138.9480, -27.5824, 73.7136



114.5250, 19.9542, -100.4384

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



138.9480, -27.5824, 73.7136



128.9100, -33.9726, -23.6001



118.5950, 40.6257, -104.0078



145.4910, 35.7469, 14.4784



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



138.9480, -27.5824, 73.7136



135.5270, -49.5598, 29.3558



118.5950, 40.6257, -104.0078



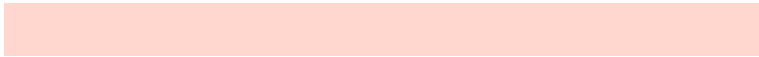
114.1220, 61.5649, -100.0850

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



138.9480, -27.5824, 73.7136



226.0480, -9.3907, 25.3909



138.1980, 30.4684, 74.3714



109.9050, -5.8692, 15.8693



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



138.9480, -27.5824, 73.7136



140.4800, -37.7046, 100.4340



179.4510, -47.5503, 38.1925



105.4630, -2.2003, 5.7329



70.2340, -34.6254, 92.7568



19.0480, -9.3907, 25.3909



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



167.0520, 27.5824, -73.7136



178.5200, 37.7046, -100.4340



126.5490, 47.5503, -38.1925



107.5370, 2.2003, -5.7329



105.7660, 34.6254, -92.7568



28.9520, 9.3907, -25.3909



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 138.9480, -27.5824, 73.7136 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 138.9480, -27.5824, 73.7136 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

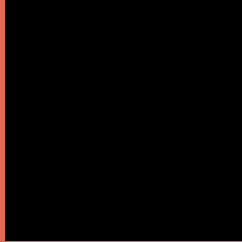
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 138.9480, -27.5824, 73.7136

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 138.9480, -27.5824, 73.7136.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 138.9480, -27.5824,

73.7136.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

138.9480, -27.5824, 73.7136

### Protanopia

140.3440, -21.8616, 11.9763

### Deuteranopia

140.1630, -30.6464, 29.6750



## Tritanopia

140.2760, -14.9261, 74.3029

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

138.9480, -27.5824, 73.7136

**Protanomaly**

139.6180, -23.9687, 34.5380

**Deuteranomaly**

139.9030, -29.5322, 45.6891

**Tritanomaly**

139.4240, -19.4360, 74.1732

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

138.9480, -27.5824, 73.7136

**Achromatopsia**

139.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

**Achromatomaly**

138.9450, -9.8329, 27.2352

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 138.9480, -27.5824, 73.7136 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(223, 107, 83)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(223, 107, 83)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(223, 107, 83) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(223, 107, 83) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 138.9480, -27.5824, 73.7136 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(223, 107, 83) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(223, 107, 83) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(223, 107, 83)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(223, 107, 83); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(223, 107, 83);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(223, 107,  
83) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 138.9480, -27.5824, 73.7136 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(223, 107, 83) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(223,  
107, 83) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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