

# Converting Colors

YUV(139.1330, 8.3154, -7.1326)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(139.1330, 8.3154, -7.1326)  
contains.

<b>YUV(139.1330, 8.3154, -7.1326)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YUV(139.1330, 8.3154,  
-7.1326)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	838C9C
RGB	131, 140, 156
RGB Percent	51%, 55%, 61%
CMY	0.4863, 0.4510, 0.3882
CMYK	0.16, 0.10, 0.00, 0.39
HSL	218°, 11%, 56%
HSV	218°, 16%, 61%
XYZ	24.7389, 25.9818, 35.1636
YIQ	139.1330, -10.5000, 3.0680

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

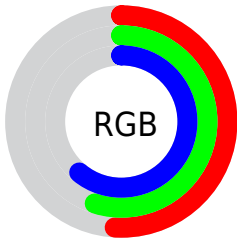
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	131, 138, 156
Decimal	8621212
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	58.02, 0.19, -9.60
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	58, 9.599, 271.131
Yxy	25.9818, 0.2880, 0.3025
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286811292 (0xFF838C9C)
YUV	139.1330, 8.3154, -7.1326
Hunter-Lab	50.9723, -2.5683, -5.2210

# Details

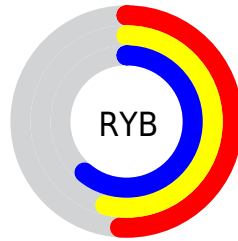
The YUV color **139.1330, 8.3154, -7.1326** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **147.8670, -8.3154, 7.1326**, and the grayscale version is **139.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **192.2470, 8.7522, -7.2326**, and **89.0190, 7.8786, -7.0327** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **128.4790, 13.5679, -11.8211**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **149.7870, 3.0630, -2.4442**.

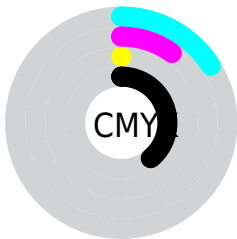
# Distribution



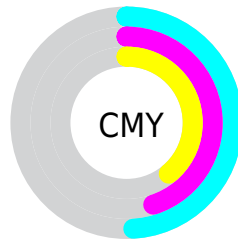
- Red (51%)
- Green (55%)
- Blue (61%)



- Red (51%)
- Yellow (54%)
- Blue (61%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (39%)



- Cyan (49%)
- Magenta (45%)
- Yellow (39%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 139.1330, 8.3154, -7.1326 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 139.1330, 8.3154, -7.1326 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 139.1330, 8.3154,  
-7.1326

■ 139.1330, 8.3154,  
-7.1326

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 114.0190, 7.8786,  
-7.0327

■ 192.2470, 8.7522,  
-7.2326

■ 89.0190, 7.8786,  
-7.0327

■ 220.3610, 9.1890,  
-7.3326

■ 65.9050, 7.4418,  
-6.9327

■ 247.5800, 3.6581,  
-6.6477

■ 43.7910, 7.0050,  
-6.8327

■ 22.6770, 6.5682,  
-6.7327

■ 2.1830, 5.8258,  
-1.9145

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 139.1330, 8.3154,  
-7.1326

■ 139.1330, 8.3154,  
-7.1326

■ 128.4790, 13.5679,  
-11.8211

■ 149.7870, 3.0630,  
-2.4442

■ 118.1240, 18.6729,  
-15.8947

■ 160.1420, -2.0420,  
1.6295

■ 107.4700, 23.9253,  
-20.5832

■ 170.7960, -7.2944,  
6.3179

■ 97.1150, 29.0303,  
-24.6569

■ 181.1510,  
-12.3994, 10.3916

■ 86.4610, 34.2827,  
-29.3453

■ 191.8050,  
-17.6519, 15.0800

■ 75.8070, 39.5351,  
-34.0337

■ 202.4590,  
-22.9043, 19.7685

■ 65.4520, 44.6402,  
-38.1074

■ 212.8140,  
-28.0093, 23.8421

■ 54.7980, 49.8926,  
-42.7958

■ 223.1690,  
-33.1143, 27.9158

■ 50.6560, 51.9346,  
-44.4253

■ 229.0390,  
-36.0082, 22.7678

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



137.9750, 7.9003, -14.0101



139.1330, 8.3154, -7.1326



140.4330, 6.6885, 1.3743

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



139.1330, 8.3154, -7.1326



140.5350, -4.7008, 14.4398



137.4350, -3.1725, -9.1515

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



139.1330, 8.3154, -7.1326



147.8670, -8.3154, 7.1326

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



138.5670, -6.6885, -1.3743



139.1330, 8.3154, -7.1326



140.1280, -7.4581, 12.1657

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



139.1330, 8.3154, -7.1326



141.4470, -1.2064, 13.6400



139.2690, -8.0206, 5.9031



136.2540, 1.3538, -14.2548



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



139.1330, 8.3154, -7.1326



141.1840, 4.3463, 5.9776



139.2690, -8.0206, 5.9031



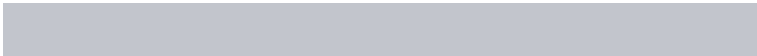
137.5170, -4.1989, -6.5924

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



139.1330, 8.3154, -7.1326



196.9010, 3.4998, -2.5442



147.4990, -0.2460, -14.4696



97.8580, 2.0420, -1.6295



230.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



102.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



139.1330, 8.3154, -7.1326



177.6640, 12.9836, -11.1063



134.7470, 10.4777, -0.6551



73.6730, 2.6262, -2.3442



46.2390, 47.7032, -40.5516



5.2320, 4.8156, -4.5885



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



139.5010, 0.2460, 14.4696



178.2570, 0.3663, 22.5766



152.2530, -10.4777, 0.6551



73.7340, 0.1311, 4.6183



48.5710, 1.1975, 82.8142



5.1690, 0.4097, 8.6218



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 139.1330, 8.3154, -7.1326 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 139.1330, 8.3154, -7.1326 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

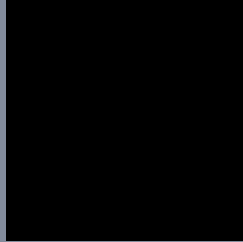
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

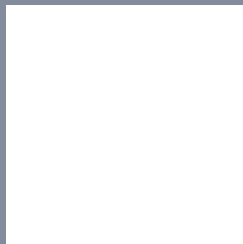
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 139.1330, 8.3154, -7.1326

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 139.1330, 8.3154, -7.1326.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 139.1330, 8.3154,

-7.1326.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

139.1330, 8.3154, -7.1326

### Protanopia

139.6390, 7.5730, -2.3144

### Deuteranopia

141.0850, 7.8461, 3.4335



## Tritanopia

138.9650, 6.4263, -7.8623

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

139.1330, 8.3154, -7.1326

## Protanomaly

139.6280, 7.5784, -4.0588

## Deuteranomaly

140.1770, 8.2937, -0.1552

## Tritanomaly

139.0790, 6.8631, -7.9623

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

139.1330, 8.3154, -7.1326

## Achromatopsia

139.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

138.7870, 3.0630, -2.4442

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 139.1330, 8.3154, -7.1326 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(131, 140, 156)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(131, 140, 156)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(131, 140, 156) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(131, 140, 156) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 139.1330, 8.3154, -7.1326 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(131, 140, 156) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(131, 140, 156) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(131, 140, 156)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(131, 140, 156); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(131, 140, 156);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(131, 140,  
156) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 139.1330, 8.3154, -7.1326 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(131, 140, 156) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(131,  
140, 156) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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