

# Converting Colors

YUV(139.2440, -3.5713,  
-21.2620)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(139.2440, -3.5713, -21.2620)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(139.2440, -3.5713,  
-21.2620)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	739984
RGB	115, 153, 132
RGB Percent	45%, 60%, 52%
CMY	0.5490, 0.4000, 0.4824
CMYK	0.25, 0.00, 0.14, 0.40
HSL	147°, 16%, 53%
HSV	147°, 25%, 60%
XYZ	22.6263, 28.0932, 26.0598
YIQ	139.2440, -15.9070, -14.5870

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

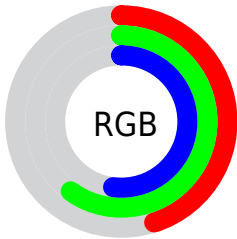
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	115, 141, 153
Decimal	7575940
CIELab	59.97, -17.59, 6.81
CIELCh	60, 18.862, 158.826
Yxy	28.0932, 0.2947, 0.3659
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285766020 (0xFF739984)
YUV	139.2440, -3.5713, -21.2620
Hunter-Lab	53.0031, -16.5560, 7.9513

# Details

The YUV color **139.2440, -3.5713, -21.2620** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669999**. A complement of this color would be **128.7560, 3.5713, 21.2620**, and the grayscale version is **139.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **192.8310, -3.8607, -21.7768**, and **89.0700, -2.9925, -20.2324** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **133.8470, -4.8546, -29.6838**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **144.6410, -2.2880, -12.8402**.

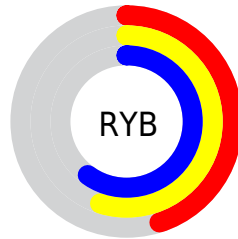
# Distribution



Red (45%)

Green (60%)

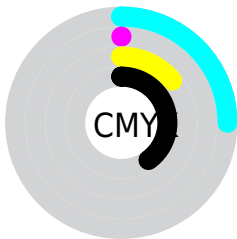
Blue (52%)



Red (45%)

Yellow (55%)

Blue (60%)

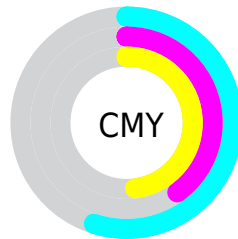


Cyan (25%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (14%)

Black (40%)



Cyan (55%)

Magenta (40%)

Yellow (48%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 139.2440, -3.5713, -21.2620 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 139.2440, -3.5713, -21.2620 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 139.2440, -3.5713,  
-21.2620

■ 139.2440, -3.5713,  
-21.2620

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 113.6570, -3.2819,  
-20.7472

■ 192.8310, -3.8607,  
-21.7768

■ 89.0700, -2.9925,  
-20.2324

■ 221.1190, -4.0027,  
-22.9064

■ 65.1840, -2.5557,  
-20.3324

■ 243.8360, -1.3981,  
-18.2732

■ 42.2980, -2.1189,  
-20.4323

■ 254.1030, 0.4422,  
-1.8443

■ 21.3090, -2.1243,  
-18.6880

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 139.2440, -3.5713,  
-21.2620

■ 139.2440, -3.5713,  
-21.2620

■ 133.8470, -4.8546,  
-29.6838

■ 144.6410, -2.2880,  
-12.8402

■ 128.0370, -6.4272,  
-38.6204

■ 150.4510, -0.7153,  
-3.9035

■ 122.6400, -7.7105,  
-47.0423

■ 155.8480, 0.5679,  
4.5183

■ 117.1290, -9.4306,  
-55.3641

■ 161.3590, 2.2880,  
12.8402

■ 111.7320,  
-10.7139, -63.7860

■ 167.0550, 3.4239,  
21.8768

■ 105.9220,  
-12.2865, -72.7226

■ 172.5660, 5.1440,  
30.1986

■ 100.5250,  
-13.5698, -81.1444

■ 177.9630, 6.4272,  
38.6204

■ 97.5630, -14.5746,

■ 183.4740, 8.1473,

-85.5628

46.9423

■ 189.1700, 9.2832,  
55.9789

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



141.2690, -11.4716, -7.2519



139.2440, -3.5713, -21.2620



137.5830, 5.6286, -32.0833

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



139.2440, -3.5713, -21.2620



144.1740, 16.1832, -10.6766



146.3040, -10.9959, 26.9204

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



139.2440, -3.5713, -21.2620



128.7560, 3.5713, 21.2620

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



147.2530, -3.5757, 26.9651



139.2440, -3.5713, -21.2620



146.7200, 11.4770, 5.5076

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



139.2440, -3.5713, -21.2620



140.6020, 16.9582, -25.9610



147.3860, 4.7397, 19.8325



144.8210, -15.1948, 20.3280



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



139.2440, -3.5713, -21.2620



137.9400, 10.8756, -35.0274



147.3860, 4.7397, 19.8325



146.8850, -8.8173, 28.1649

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



139.2440, -3.5713, -21.2620



193.9020, -1.4307, -7.8071



143.8840, -14.2398, -6.0373



96.1520, -0.5679, -4.5183



227.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



99.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



139.2440, -3.5713, -21.2620



177.2980, -5.5699, -33.5873



141.2960, 4.2911, -23.0616



74.0380, -1.0047, -4.4183



89.3620, -12.9965, -78.3705



8.3150, -1.1413, -7.2923



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



128.7560, 3.5713, 21.2620



160.7020, 5.5699, 33.5873



126.7040, -4.2911, 23.0616



71.8480, 0.5679, 4.5183



50.7520, 13.4333, 78.2705



4.6850, 1.1413, 7.2923



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 139.2440, -3.5713, -21.2620 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 139.2440, -3.5713, -21.2620 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 139.2440, -3.5713, -21.2620

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 139.2440, -3.5713, -21.2620.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 139.2440, -3.5713, -21.2620.

-21.2620.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

139.2440, -3.5713, -21.2620

### Protanopia

144.1550, -8.4574, 6.0031

### Deuteranopia

145.1220, -4.9901, 13.9250



## Tritanopia

141.9960, 9.3690, -18.4135

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

139.2440, -3.5713, -21.2620

## Protanomaly

142.2570, -6.5357, -3.7334

## Deuteranomaly

142.8600, -4.3680, 0.9998

## Tritanomaly

140.7310, 4.5696, -19.0581

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

139.2440, -3.5713, -21.2620

## Achromatopsia

139.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

138.9020, -1.4307, -7.8071

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 139.2440, -3.5713, -21.2620 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(115, 153, 132)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(115, 153, 132)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(115, 153, 132) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(115, 153, 132) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 139.2440, -3.5713, -21.2620 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(115, 153, 132) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(115, 153, 132) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(115, 153, 132)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(115, 153, 132); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(115, 153, 132);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(115, 153,  
132) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 139.2440, -3.5713, -21.2620 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(115, 153, 132) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(115,  
153, 132) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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