

# Converting Colors

YUV(139.2920, -39.5840,  
49.7329)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(139.2920, -39.5840, 49.7329)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(139.2920, -39.5840,  
49.7329)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C47E3B
RGB	196, 126, 59
RGB Percent	77%, 49%, 23%
CMY	0.2314, 0.5059, 0.7686
CMYK	0.00, 0.36, 0.70, 0.23
HSL	29°, 54%, 50%
HSV	29°, 70%, 77%
XYZ	31.0152, 26.9732, 7.7093
YIQ	139.2920, 63.2270, -5.9970

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

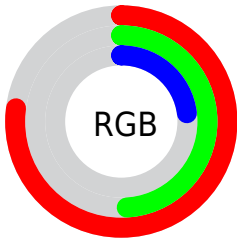
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	196, 190, 59
Decimal	12877371
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	58.95, 21.17, 46.48
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	59, 51.078, 65.512
Yxy	26.9732, 0.4721, 0.4106
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291067451 (0xFFC47E3B)
YUV	139.2920, -39.5840, 49.7329
Hunter-Lab	51.9358, 15.7098, 27.5540

# Details

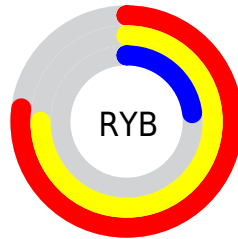
The YUV color **139.2920, -39.5840, 49.7329** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996600**. The color can be described as dark muted orange. A complement of this color would be **115.7080, 39.5840, -49.7329**, and the grayscale version is **140.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **193.7440, -41.7788, 53.7215**, and **87.1450, -40.0045, 44.5998** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **131.1420, -45.4260, 56.8805**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **147.4420, -33.7419, 42.5854**.

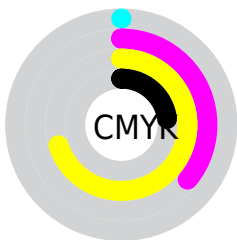
# Distribution



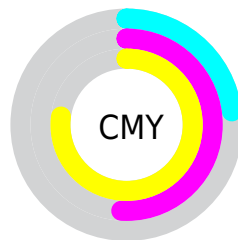
- Red (77%)
- Green (49%)
- Blue (23%)



- Red (77%)
- Yellow (75%)
- Blue (23%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (36%)
- Yellow (70%)
- Black (23%)



- Cyan (23%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (77%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 139.2920, -39.5840, 49.7329 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 139.2920, -39.5840, 49.7329 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 139.2920,  
-39.5840, 49.7329

■ 139.2920,  
-39.5840, 49.7329

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 113.0960,  
-38.9943, 47.2738

■ 193.7440,  
-41.7788, 53.7215

■ 87.1450, -40.0045,  
44.5998

■ 213.1440,  
-38.5250, 36.7077

■ 63.7020, -31.4051,  
39.7263

■ 232.6580,  
-34.8344, 19.5939

■ 42.4160, -20.9111,  
33.8382

■ 247.5900,  
-28.3919, 6.4986

■ 22.0160, -10.8539,  
28.0500

■ 250.7820,  
-16.1615, 3.6992

■ 9.0840, -3.9854,  
18.3433

■ 254.0880, -3.4944,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.7998

0.0000

■ 139.2920,  
-39.5840, 49.7329

■ 139.2920,  
-39.5840, 49.7329

■ 131.1420,  
-45.4260, 56.8805

■ 147.4420,  
-33.7419, 42.5854

■ 123.1060,  
-50.8313, 63.9280

■ 155.4780,  
-28.3367, 35.5378

■ 114.9560,  
-56.6733, 71.0756

■ 163.6280,  
-22.4946, 28.3902

■ 171.6640,  
-17.0894, 21.3427

■ 179.8140,  
-11.2473, 14.1951

■ 187.9640, -5.4053,  
7.0476

■ 196.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 204.1500, 5.8420,  
-7.1476

■ 212.1860, 11.2473,  
-14.1951

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



140.2510, -23.7877, 69.9399



139.2920, -39.5840, 49.7329



136.2530, -44.0017, 19.9491

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



139.2920, -39.5840, 49.7329



113.2540, 17.6228, -99.3238



145.4040, 34.3108, 8.4157

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



139.2920, -39.5840, 49.7329



115.7080, 39.5840, -49.7329

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



131.1940, 49.2044, -55.4211



139.2920, -39.5840, 49.7329



117.6830, 37.1313, -103.2080

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



139.2920, -39.5840, 49.7329



118.2090, -7.4980, -68.5893



116.9940, 52.2610, -102.6037



145.2000, 17.1564, 50.6906



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



139.2920, -39.5840, 49.7329



133.5920, -38.2529, -4.0272



116.9940, 52.2610, -102.6037



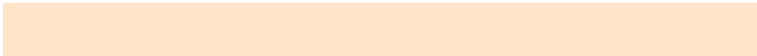
142.9610, 39.4592, -9.6128

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



139.2920, -39.5840, 49.7329



232.9950, -15.7735, 19.2984



108.0570, 10.8179, 77.1260



114.3730, -9.0579, 11.9509



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



139.2920, -39.5840, 49.7329



166.6210, -61.9312, 77.5084



179.2080, -59.2625, 14.7266



92.9250, -2.9210, 3.5738



94.5120, -46.5944, 58.3100



19.2590, -9.4947, 12.0509



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



115.7080, 39.5840, -49.7329



129.3790, 61.9312, -77.5084



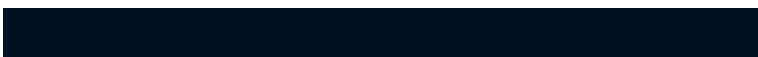
75.7920, 59.2625, -14.7266



91.0750, 2.9210, -3.5738



66.4880, 46.5944, -58.3100

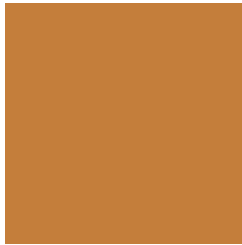


13.7410, 9.4947, -12.0509



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 139.2920, -39.5840, 49.7329 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

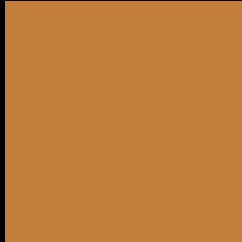
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 139.2920, -39.5840, 49.7329 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 139.2920, -39.5840, 49.7329

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 139.2920, -39.5840, 49.7329.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 139.2920, -39.5840,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

139.2920, -39.5840, 49.7329

### Protanopia

137.8920, -36.4288, 17.6347

### Deuteranopia

138.5520, -40.6981, 33.7189



## Tritanopia

144.1310, -8.4456, 48.9971

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

139.2920, -39.5840, 49.7329

## Protanomaly

138.3280, -37.6297, 29.5303

## Deuteranomaly

138.9980, -40.4250, 39.4668

## Tritanomaly

142.7430, -20.0863, 49.3374

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

139.2920, -39.5840, 49.7329

## Achromatopsia

139.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

139.0380, -14.3157, 18.3837

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 139.2920, -39.5840, 49.7329 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(196, 126, 59)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(196, 126, 59)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(196, 126, 59) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(196, 126, 59) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 139.2920, -39.5840, 49.7329 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(196, 126, 59) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(196, 126, 59) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(196, 126, 59)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(196, 126, 59); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(196, 126, 59);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(196, 126,  
59) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 139.2920, -39.5840, 49.7329 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(196, 126, 59) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(196,  
126, 59) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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