

Converting Colors

YUV(14.2780, -1.6161, 5.0182)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(14.2780, -1.6161, 5.0182)
contains.

YUV(14.2780, -1.6161, 5.0182)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YUV(14.2780, -1.6161,
5.0182)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	140C0B
RGB	20, 12, 11
RGB Percent	8%, 5%, 4%
CMY	0.9216, 0.9529, 0.9569
CMYK	0.00, 0.40, 0.45, 0.92
HSL	7°, 29%, 6%
HSV	7°, 45%, 8%
XYZ	0.4804, 0.4358, 0.3754
YIQ	14.2780, 5.0890, 1.3850

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

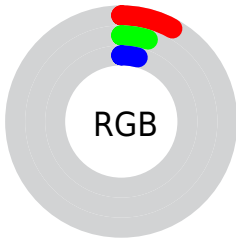
Format	Color
R_{YB}	20, 12, 11
Decimal	1313803
CIE _{Lab}	3.94, 2.71, 1.42
CIE _{LCh}	4, 3.057, 27.629
Yxy	0.4358, 0.3719, 0.3374
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279503883 (0xFF140C0B)
YUV	14.2780, -1.6161, 5.0182
Hunter-Lab	6.6017, 1.4353, 1.2496

Details

The YUV color **14.2780, -1.6161, 5.0182** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **000000**. A complement of this color would be **16.7220, 1.6161, -5.0182**, and the grayscale version is **14.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **57.6800, -1.3212, 3.7886**, and **0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **12.8760, -1.9109, 6.2477**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **15.6800, -1.3212, 3.7886**.

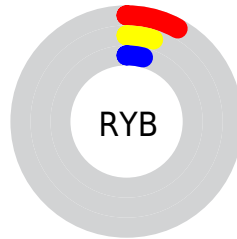
Distribution



 Red (8%)

 Green (5%)

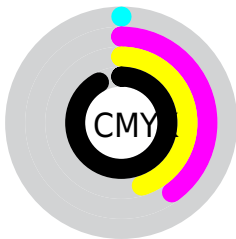
 Blue (4%)



 Red (8%)

 Yellow (5%)

 Blue (4%)

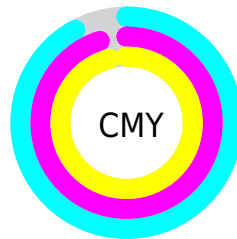



 Cyan (0%)

 Magenta (40%)

 Yellow (45%)

 Black (92%)



 Cyan (92%)

 Magenta (95%)

 Yellow (96%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 14.2780, -1.6161, 5.0182 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 14.2780, -1.6161, 5.0182 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 14.2780, -1.6161,
5.0182

■ 14.2780, -1.6161,
5.0182

■ 238.2780, -1.6161,
5.0182

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 57.6800, -1.3212,
3.7886

■ 80.0930, -1.0318,
4.3034

■ 104.3920, -1.1793,
4.9182

■ 129.3920, -1.1793,
4.9182

■ 155.2780, -1.6161,
5.0182

■ 182.2780, -1.6161,

5.0182

■ 210.2780, -1.6161,
5.0182

■ 14.2780, -1.6161,
5.0182

■ 14.2780, -1.6161,
5.0182

■ 12.8760, -1.9109,
6.2477

■ 15.6800, -1.3212,
3.7886

■ 11.4740, -2.2057,
7.4773

■ 17.0820, -1.0264,
2.5591

■ 10.6590, -2.7899,
8.1921

■ 17.8970, -0.4422,
1.8443

■ 9.2570, -3.0847,
9.4216

■ 19.2990, -0.1474,
0.6148

■ 7.8550, -3.3795,
10.6512

■ 20.7010, 0.1474,
-0.6148

■ 7.1540, -3.5269,
11.2659

■ 22.1030, 0.4422,
-1.8443

■ 22.9180, 1.0264,
-2.5591

■ 24.3200, 1.3212,
-3.7886

■ 25.7220, 1.6161,
-5.0182

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



14.3210, -0.1583, 4.1035



14.2780, -1.6161, 5.0182



14.2240, -3.0684, 4.1886

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



14.2780, -1.6161, 5.0182



12.9350, -1.4470, -2.5740



13.6730, 2.6262, -2.3442

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



14.2780, -1.6161, 5.0182



16.7220, 1.6161, -5.0182

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



12.9500, 2.4897, -5.2181



14.2780, -1.6161, 5.0182



13.0810, 0.4531, -5.3330

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



14.2780, -1.6161, 5.0182



13.6040, -2.7628, -0.5297



13.0100, 1.4741, -6.1478



13.9830, 2.4734, 0.0149

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



14.2780, -1.6161, 5.0182



13.8110, -3.3578, 3.6738



13.0100, 1.4741, -6.1478



13.6620, 2.6316, -4.0886

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



14.2780, -1.6161, 5.0182



23.1960, -0.5896, 2.4591



14.6030, 2.1677, 4.7332



11.5980, -0.2948, 1.2296



140.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



13.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



14.2780, -1.6161, 5.0182



16.7730, -2.3531, 8.0921



16.6260, -2.7736, 2.9590



9.2990, -0.1474, 0.6148



26.8220, -13.2232, 41.3751



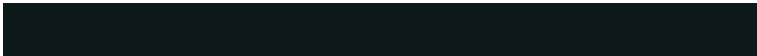
73.0130, -35.9954, 112.2446

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16.7220, 1.6161, -5.0182



20.6400, 2.6425, -7.5773



14.3740, 2.7736, -2.9590



9.7010, 0.1474, -0.6148



47.1780, 13.2232, -41.3751



127.9870, 35.9954, -112.2446

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 14.2780, -1.6161, 5.0182 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

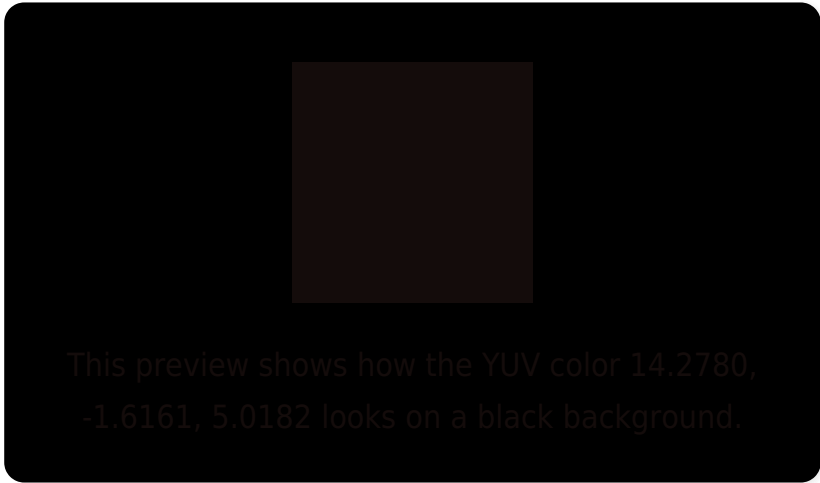
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 14.2780, -1.6161, 5.0182

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 14.2780, -1.6161, 5.0182.

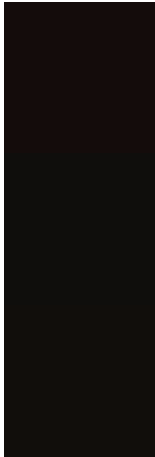


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 14.2780, -1.6161,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

14.2780, -1.6161, 5.0182

Protanopia

14.0710, -1.0210, 0.8147

Deuteranopia

14.5550, -1.7526, 2.1443



Tritanopia

14.5060, -0.7425, 4.8182

Trichromacy



Original Color

14.2780, -1.6161, 5.0182

Protanomaly

14.0820, -1.0264, 2.5591

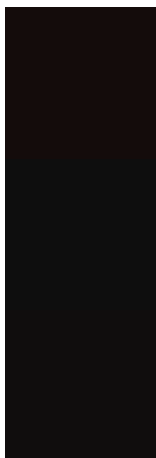
Deuteranomaly

14.2670, -1.6106, 3.2738

Tritanomaly

14.3920, -1.1793, 4.9182

Monochromacy



Original Color

14.2780, -1.6161, 5.0182

Achromatopsia

14.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

13.8970, -0.4422, 1.8443

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 14.2780, -1.6161, 5.0182 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(20, 12, 11)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(20, 12, 11)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(20, 12, 11) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(20, 12, 11) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 14.2780, -1.6161, 5.0182 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(20, 12, 11) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(20, 12, 11) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(20, 12, 11)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(20, 12, 11); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(20, 12, 11);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(20, 12, 11)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 14.2780, -1.6161, 5.0182 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(20, 12, 11) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(20, 12,  
11) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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