

Converting Colors

YUV(14.3270, -2.6262, 2.3442)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(14.3270, -2.6262, 2.3442)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(14.3270, -2.6262,
2.3442)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	110E09
RGB	17, 14, 9
RGB Percent	7%, 5%, 4%
CMY	0.9333, 0.9451, 0.9647
CMYK	0.00, 0.18, 0.47, 0.93
HSL	38°, 31%, 5%
HSV	38°, 47%, 7%
XYZ	0.4375, 0.4530, 0.3228
YIQ	14.3270, 3.3930, -0.9190

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

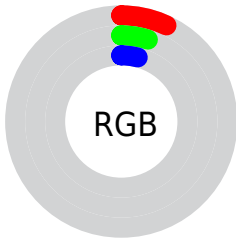
Format	Color
RYB	14, 17, 9
Decimal	1117705
CIELab	4.09, 0.29, 2.44
CIElCh	4, 2.454, 83.310
Yxy	0.4530, 0.3606, 0.3733
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279307785 (0xFF110E09)
YUV	14.3270, -2.6262, 2.3442
Hunter-Lab	6.7303, -0.1744, 1.8674

Details

The YUV color **14.3270, -2.6262, 2.3442** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **000000**. A complement of this color would be **11.6730, 2.6262, -2.3442**, and the grayscale version is **14.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **57.2560, -1.6052, 1.5295**, and **0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **13.5120, -3.2104, 3.0590**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **15.1420, -2.0420, 1.6295**.

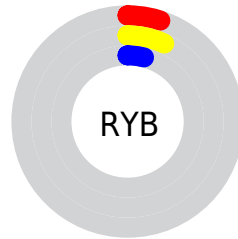
Distribution



Red (7%)

Green (5%)

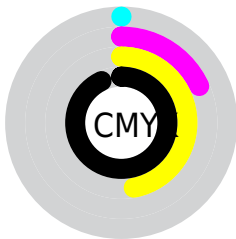
Blue (4%)



Red (5%)

Yellow (7%)

Blue (4%)

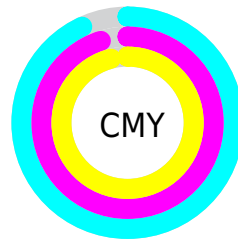


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (18%)

Yellow (47%)

Black (93%)



Cyan (93%)

Magenta (95%)

Yellow (96%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 14.3270, -2.6262, 2.3442 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 14.3270, -2.6262, 2.3442 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 14.3270, -2.6262,
2.3442

■ 14.3270, -2.6262,
2.3442

■ 238.3270, -2.6262,
2.3442

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 57.2560, -1.6052,
1.5295

■ 80.1420, -2.0420,
1.6295

■ 104.4410, -2.1894,
2.2442

■ 129.4410, -2.1894,
2.2442

■ 155.4410, -2.1894,
2.2442

■ 182.4410, -2.1894,

2.2442

■ 209.4410, -2.1894,
2.2442

■ 14.3270, -2.6262,
2.3442

■ 14.3270, -2.6262,
2.3442

■ 13.5120, -3.2104,
3.0590

■ 15.1420, -2.0420,
1.6295

■ 13.3980, -3.6472,
3.1590

■ 15.2560, -1.6052,
1.5295

■ 12.5830, -4.2314,
3.8737

■ 16.0710, -1.0210,
0.8147

■ 11.7680, -4.8156,
4.5885

■ 16.8860, -0.4368,
0.1000

■ 11.6540, -5.2524,
4.6884

■ 17.1140, 0.4368,
-0.1000

■ 11.5400, -5.6892,
4.7884

■ 17.8150, 0.5842,
-0.7148

■ 18.0430, 1.4578,
-0.9147

■ 18.8580, 2.0420,
-1.6295

■ 19.5590, 2.1894,
-2.2442

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



14.4520, -2.1948, 3.9886



14.3270, -2.6262, 2.3442



14.0170, -2.4734, -0.0149

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



14.3270, -2.6262, 2.3442



13.6080, 1.1793, -4.9182



14.6520, 1.1576, 2.0592

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



14.3270, -2.6262, 2.3442



11.6730, 2.6262, -2.3442

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



14.4560, 1.7472, -0.3999



14.3270, -2.6262, 2.3442



13.5480, 2.1948, -3.9886

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



14.3270, -2.6262, 2.3442



13.6790, 0.1583, -4.1035



14.2600, 2.3368, -2.8590



15.0220, -0.0108, 3.4887

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



14.3270, -2.6262, 2.3442



13.5330, -1.7418, -1.3444



14.2600, 2.3368, -2.8590



14.4670, 1.7418, 1.3444

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



14.3270, -2.6262, 2.3442



22.0710, -1.0210, 0.8147



11.7340, 0.1311, 4.6183



12.1850, -0.5842, 0.7148



140.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



13.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



14.3270, -2.6262, 2.3442



18.5830, -4.2314, 3.8737



15.7890, -3.3470, 0.1850



7.2990, -0.1474, 0.6148



47.6440, -23.4885, 20.4832



132.2890, -65.2185, 58.5055

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



11.6730, 2.6262, -2.3442



14.4170, 4.2314, -3.8737



10.2110, 3.3470, -0.1850



7.1140, 0.4368, -0.1000



23.9430, 23.1991, -20.9980



66.7110, 65.2185, -58.5055

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 14.3270, -2.6262, 2.3442 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

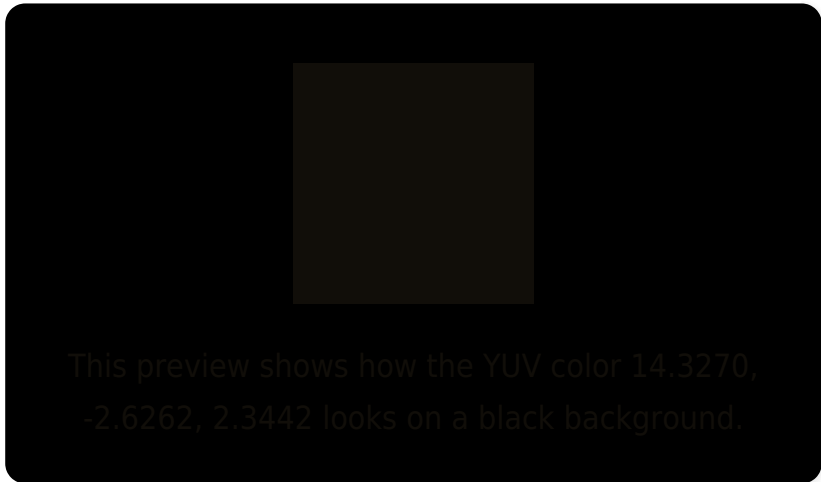
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

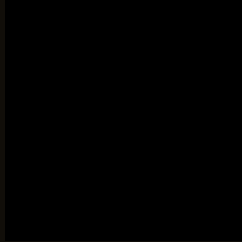
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 14.3270, -2.6262, 2.3442

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 14.3270, -2.6262, 2.3442.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 14.3270, -2.6262,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

14.3270, -2.6262, 2.3442

Protanopia

14.0280, -2.4788, 1.7294

Deuteranopia

14.3270, -2.6262, 2.3442



Tritanopia

14.6090, -0.3002, 2.9739

Trichromacy



Original Color

14.3270, -2.6262, 2.3442

Protanomaly

14.0280, -2.4788, 1.7294

Deuteranomaly

14.3270, -2.6262, 2.3442

Tritanomaly

14.3810, -1.1738, 3.1739

Monochromacy



Original Color

14.3270, -2.6262, 2.3442

Achromatopsia

14.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

14.0710, -1.0210, 0.8147

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 14.3270, -2.6262, 2.3442 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(17, 14, 9)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(17, 14, 9)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(17, 14, 9) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(17, 14, 9) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 14.3270, -2.6262, 2.3442 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(17, 14, 9) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(17, 14, 9) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(17, 14, 9) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(17, 14, 9); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(17, 14, 9); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(17, 14, 9) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 14.3270, -2.6262, 2.3442 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(17, 14, 9) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(17, 14,  
9) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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