

Converting Colors

YUV(14.9820, -5.9071, 28.0798)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(14.9820, -5.9071, 28.0798)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(14.9820, -5.9071,
28.0798)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2F0103
RGB	47, 1, 3
RGB Percent	18%, 0%, 1%
CMY	0.8157, 0.9961, 0.9882
CMYK	0.00, 0.98, 0.94, 0.82
HSL	357°, 96%, 9%
HSV	357°, 98%, 18%
XYZ	1.1996, 0.6326, 0.1450
YIQ	14.9820, 26.7740, 10.3740

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	47, 1, 3
Decimal	3080451
CIELab	5.71, 22.82, 7.78
CIELCh	6, 24.105, 18.824
Yxy	0.6326, 0.6067, 0.3200
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281270531 (0xFF2F0103)
YUV	14.9820, -5.9071, 28.0798
Hunter-Lab	7.9537, 13.0022, 4.4865

Details

The YUV color **14.9820, -5.9071, 28.0798** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330000**. A complement of this color would be **33.0180, 5.9071, -28.0798**, and the grayscale version is **15.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **61.1070, -5.4758, 29.7242**, and **0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14.2810, -6.0545, 28.6946**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18.3730, -5.6069, 25.1059**.

Distribution



Red (18%)

Green (0%)

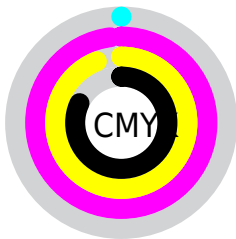
Blue (1%)



Red (18%)

Yellow (0%)

Blue (1%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (98%)

Yellow (94%)

Black (82%)



Cyan (82%)


Magenta (100%)


Yellow (99%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the YUV color 14.9820, -5.9071, 28.0798 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 14.9820, -5.9071, 28.0798 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 14.9820, -5.9071,
28.0798


 14.9820, -5.9071,
28.0798


 235.6000, -3.2538,
17.0138


 3.2890, -1.6215,
6.7625

 61.1070, -5.4758,
29.7242

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 85.0040, -5.9180,
31.5685

 109.7870, -6.7970,
33.5128

 135.6840, -7.2392,
35.3571

 162.2820, -7.5340,
36.5867

 189.7660, -8.2656,

37.9162

■ 215.9720, -7.3812,
34.2276

■ 14.9820, -5.9071,
28.0798

■ 14.9820, -5.9071,
28.0798

■ 14.2810, -6.0545,
28.6946

■ 18.3730, -5.6069,
25.1059

■ 21.2910, -4.5805,
22.5468

■ 24.6820, -4.2802,
19.5729

■ 28.1870, -3.5432,
16.4990

■ 30.9910, -2.9536,
14.0399

■ 34.4960, -2.2165,
10.9660

■ 37.8870, -1.9163,
7.9921

■ 41.3920, -1.1793,
4.9182

■ 44.1960, -0.5896,
2.4591

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



16.7070, 4.5814, 23.9360



14.9820, -5.9071, 28.0798



16.3680, -8.0694, 21.6023

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



14.9820, -5.9071, 28.0798



15.2620, -7.5242, -13.3848



19.2010, 15.1839, -16.8393

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



14.9820, -5.9071, 28.0798



33.0180, 5.9071, -28.0798

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



20.6370, 10.5320, -18.0986



14.9820, -5.9071, 28.0798



17.3480, -4.6086, -15.2142

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



14.9820, -5.9071, 28.0798



16.5020, -8.1355, -3.9483



20.3290, 4.2748, -17.8285



16.7610, 15.8938, -11.1914

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



14.9820, -5.9071, 28.0798



18.0960, -8.9213, 14.8248



20.3290, 4.2748, -17.8285



19.5600, 14.0209, -17.1541

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



14.9820, -5.9071, 28.0798



48.4960, -2.2165, 10.9660



19.4000, 13.6068, 22.4512



23.2890, -1.6215, 6.7625



158.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



31.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



14.9820, -5.9071, 28.0798



18.5810, -7.6814, 37.2015



27.0810, -12.8579, 17.4690



21.5980, -0.2948, 1.2296



26.4690, -11.0772, 53.0857



65.0120, -27.6139, 130.6625

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



14.9820, -5.9071, 28.0798



18.5810, -7.6814, 37.2015



20.9190, 12.8579, -17.4690



21.5980, -0.2948, 1.2296



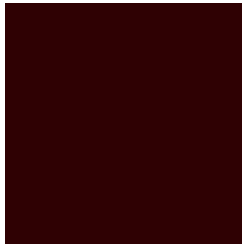
26.4690, -11.0772, 53.0857



65.0120, -27.6139, 130.6625

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 14.9820, -5.9071, 28.0798 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

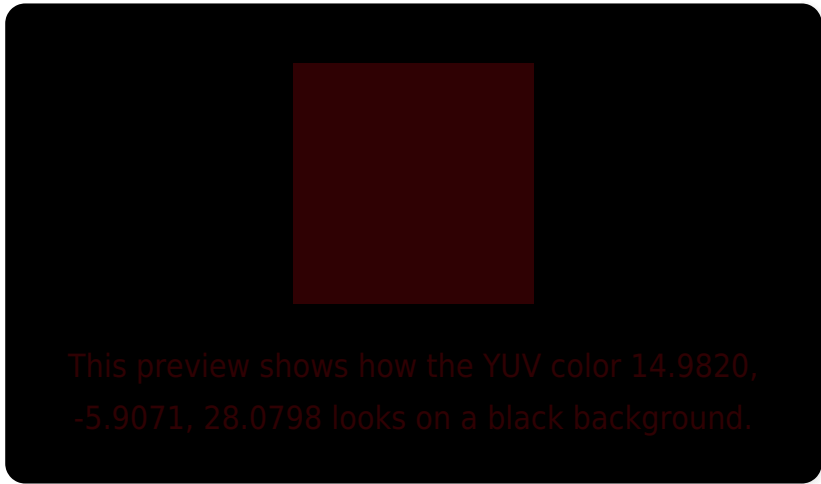
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

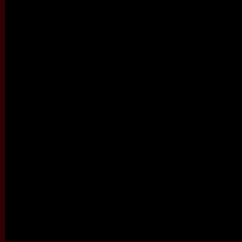
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 14.9820, -5.9071, 28.0798

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 14.9820, -5.9071, 28.0798.

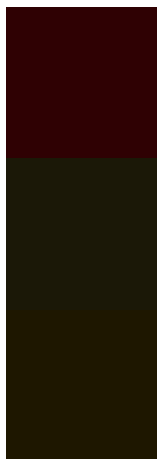


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 14.9820, -5.9071,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

14.9820, -5.9071, 28.0798

Protanopia

22.9590, -7.8678, 3.5440

Deuteranopia

22.4710, -11.0782, 6.6029



Tritanopia

16.4010, -8.0857, 26.8353

Trichromacy



Original Color

14.9820, -5.9071, 28.0798

Protanomaly

20.2420, -7.0213, 12.0658

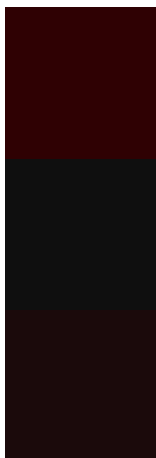
Deuteranomaly

19.6830, -9.2107, 14.3100

Tritanomaly

15.9280, -7.3595, 27.2501

Monochromacy



Original Color

14.9820, -5.9071, 28.0798

Achromatopsia

15.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

15.1970, -2.0691, 10.3512

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 14.9820, -5.9071, 28.0798 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(47, 1, 3)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(47, 1, 3)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(47, 1, 3) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(47, 1, 3) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 14.9820, -5.9071, 28.0798 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(47, 1, 3) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(47, 1, 3) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(47, 1, 3)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(47, 1, 3); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(47, 1, 3); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(47, 1, 3) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 14.9820, -5.9071, 28.0798 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(47, 1, 3) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(47, 1,  
3) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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