

# Converting Colors

YUV(140.1130, -38.0167,  
60.4139)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(140.1130, -38.0167, 60.4139)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(140.1130, -38.0167,  
60.4139)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	D1783F
RGB	209, 120, 63
RGB Percent	82%, 47%, 25%
CMY	0.1804, 0.5294, 0.7529
CMYK	0.00, 0.43, 0.70, 0.18
HSL	23°, 61%, 53%
HSV	23°, 70%, 82%
XYZ	33.9082, 27.3471, 8.1940
YIQ	140.1130, 71.3410, 1.1410

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

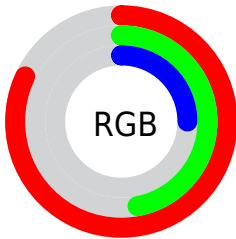
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	209, 157, 63
Decimal	13727807
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	59.29, 30.07, 45.38
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	59, 54.439, 56.468
Yxy	27.3471, 0.4882, 0.3938
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291917887 (0xFFD1783F)
YUV	140.1130, -38.0167, 60.4139
Hunter-Lab	52.2945, 24.2255, 27.3160

# Details

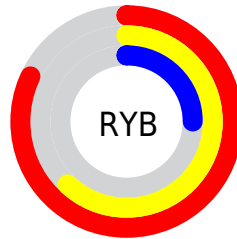
The YUV color **140.1130, -38.0167, 60.4139** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6633**. The color can be described as dark muted orange. A complement of this color would be **131.8870, 38.0167, -60.4139**, and the grayscale version is **140.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **190.6780, -38.2953, 56.4104**, and **87.1230, -36.5426, 54.2661** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **130.0880, -43.4274, 69.2058**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **150.1380, -32.6060, 51.6220**.

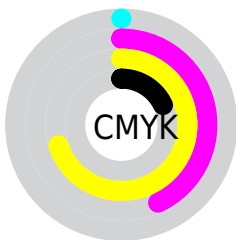
# Distribution



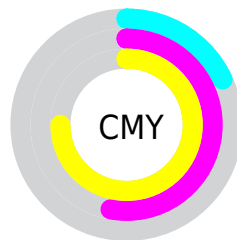
- Red (82%)
- Green (47%)
- Blue (25%)



- Red (82%)
- Yellow (62%)
- Blue (25%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (43%)
- Yellow (70%)
- Black (18%)



- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (53%)
- Yellow (75%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 140.1130, -38.0167, 60.4139 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 140.1130, -38.0167, 60.4139 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 140.1130,  
-38.0167, 60.4139

■ 140.1130,  
-38.0167, 60.4139

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 113.7320,  
-36.8429, 57.2400

■ 190.6780,  
-38.2953, 56.4104

■ 87.1230, -36.5426,  
54.2661

■ 210.0780,  
-35.0415, 39.3966

■ 62.8820, -31.0008,  
50.0925

■ 229.5920,  
-31.3509, 22.2828

■ 40.1230, -19.7806,  
44.6191

■ 247.9320,  
-27.0815, 6.1986

■ 18.8370, -9.2866,  
38.7310

■ 251.2380,  
-14.4143, 3.2993

■ 12.0740, -5.4595,  
24.4911

■ 254.5440, -1.7472,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.3999

0.0000

■ 140.1130,  
-38.0167, 60.4139

■ 140.1130,  
-38.0167, 60.4139

■ 130.0880,  
-43.4274, 69.2058

■ 150.1380,  
-32.6060, 51.6220

■ 120.6500,  
-49.1275, 77.4829

■ 159.5760,  
-26.9060, 43.3448

■ 110.6250,  
-54.5381, 86.2749

■ 169.6010,  
-21.4953, 34.5529

■ 179.6260,  
-16.0846, 25.7610

■ 189.6510,  
-10.6739, 16.9691

■ 198.9750, -5.4107,  
8.7919

■ 209.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 219.0250, 5.4107,  
-8.7919

■ 229.0500, 10.8214,  
-17.5838

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



140.6740, -18.5733, 77.4619



140.1130, -38.0167, 60.4139



137.2930, -47.9654, 31.3150

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



140.1130, -38.0167, 60.4139



112.8320, 10.9288, -98.9537



143.6560, 42.0746, -8.4683

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



140.1130, -38.0167, 60.4139



131.8870, 38.0167, -60.4139

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



115.1820, 60.5493, -101.0146



140.1130, -38.0167, 60.4139



118.4180, 32.3319, -103.8526

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



140.1130, -38.0167, 60.4139



122.9630, -17.7298, -53.4646



119.8150, 50.3772, -105.0778



146.6920, 24.3088, 43.2431



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



140.1130, -38.0167, 60.4139



134.5350, -45.1268, 7.4238



119.8150, 50.3772, -105.0778



139.4790, 47.0919, -31.1151

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



140.1130, -38.0167, 60.4139



229.4730, -14.0372, 22.3872



116.9140, 17.7904, 80.7594



112.6120, -8.1897, 13.4953



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



140.1130, -38.0167, 60.4139



153.7070, -55.5646, 88.8340



182.3770, -58.8529, 23.3484



99.6370, -2.7790, 4.7034



88.9740, -43.8642, 69.3058



21.6510, -10.6739, 16.9691



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



131.8870, 38.0167, -60.4139



141.7060, 55.8539, -88.3192



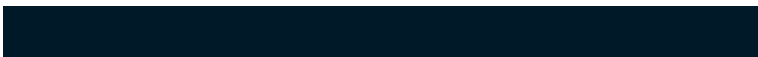
89.6230, 58.8529, -23.3484



98.7760, 3.0684, -4.1886



79.6130, 43.5748, -69.8206

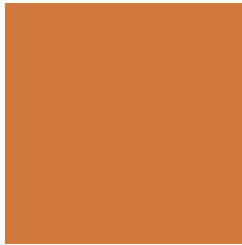


19.3490, 10.6739, -16.9691



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 140.1130, -38.0167, 60.4139 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

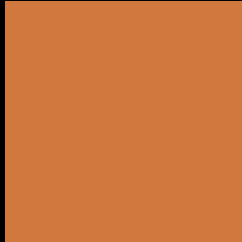
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 140.1130, -38.0167, 60.4139 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 140.1130, -38.0167, 60.4139

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 140.1130, -38.0167, 60.4139.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 140.1130, -38.0167,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

140.1130, -38.0167, 60.4139

### Protanopia

139.1630, -34.0974, 16.5200

### Deuteranopia

139.7800, -39.8245, 33.5189



## Tritanopia

143.6270, -10.6621, 59.9631

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

140.1130, -38.0167, 60.4139

## Protanomaly

139.8060, -35.8934, 32.6191

## Deuteranomaly

139.6610, -39.2729, 43.2703

## Tritanomaly

142.6950, -20.5556, 59.9035

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

140.1130, -38.0167, 60.4139

## Achromatopsia

140.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

140.1740, -13.8898, 21.7724

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 140.1130, -38.0167, 60.4139 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(209, 120, 63)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(209, 120, 63)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(209, 120, 63) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(209, 120, 63) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 140.1130, -38.0167, 60.4139 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(209, 120, 63) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(209, 120, 63) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(209, 120, 63)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(209, 120, 63); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(209, 120, 63);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(209, 120,  
63) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 140.1130, -38.0167, 60.4139 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(209, 120, 63) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(209,  
120, 63) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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