

# Converting Colors

YUV(140.1400, 21.1300,  
-10.6468)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(140.1400, 21.1300, -10.6468)  
contains.

<b>YUV(140.1400, 21.1300, -10.6468)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YUV(140.1400, 21.1300,  
-10.6468)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	808AB7
RGB	128, 138, 183
RGB Percent	50%, 54%, 72%
CMY	0.4980, 0.4588, 0.2824
CMYK	0.30, 0.25, 0.00, 0.28
HSL	229°, 28%, 61%
HSV	229°, 30%, 72%
XYZ	26.5378, 26.1850, 48.4553
YIQ	140.1400, -20.4050, 11.8750

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

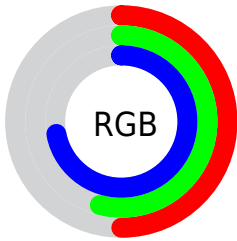
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">128, 136, 183</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">8424119</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">58.21, 6.92, -24.74</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">58, 25.691, 285.619</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">26.1850, 0.2623, 0.2588</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4286614199</a> ( <a href="#">0xFF808AB7</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">140.1400, 21.1300, -10.6468</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">51.1713, 3.0215, -20.3231</a>

# Details

The YUV color  $140.1400, 21.1300, -10.6468$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $9999CC$ . A complement of this color would be  $170.8600, -21.1300, 10.6468$ , and the grayscale version is  $140.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $193.7810, 22.2930, -10.3319$ , and  $89.4990, 19.9670, -10.9616$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $125.9530, 28.1242, -13.9908$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $154.3270, 14.1358, -7.3028$ .

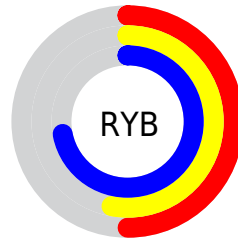
# Distribution



Red (50%)

Green (54%)

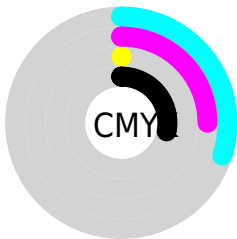
Blue (72%)



Red (50%)

Yellow (53%)

Blue (72%)

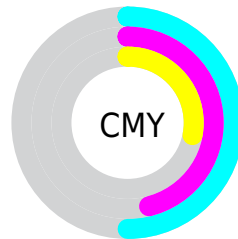


Cyan (30%)

Magenta (25%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (28%)



Cyan (50%)

Magenta (46%)

Yellow (28%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 140.1400, 21.1300, -10.6468 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 140.1400, 21.1300, -10.6468 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 140.1400, 21.1300,  
-10.6468

■ 140.1400, 21.1300,  
-10.6468

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 114.6130, 20.4038,  
-11.0616

■ 193.7810, 22.2930,  
-10.3319

■ 89.4990, 19.9670,  
-10.9616

■ 220.4130, 17.0514,  
-9.1322

■ 65.6730, 19.3882,  
-11.9912

■ 246.1070, 4.3842,  
-6.2328

■ 42.7330, 18.3726,  
-12.9208

■ 19.9990, 18.2415,  
-17.5391

■ 5.1640, 14.7091,  
-4.5288

■ 1.2540, 4.8048,

-1.0998

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

140.1400, 21.1300,  
-10.6468

140.1400, 21.1300,  
-10.6468

125.9530, 28.1242,  
-13.9908

154.3270, 14.1358,  
-7.3028

111.4670, 35.2658,  
-17.9496

168.8130, 6.9942,  
-3.3440

97.2800, 42.2600,  
-21.2936

183.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

83.0930, 49.2542,  
-24.6376

197.1870, -6.9942,  
3.3440

68.6070, 56.3957,  
-28.5963

211.3740,  
-13.9884, 6.6880

■ 54.4200, 63.3899,  
-31.9403

■ 225.8600,  
-21.1300, 10.6468

■ 40.2330, 70.3841,  
-35.2843

■ 239.7480,  
-27.9768, 13.3760

■ 246.7920,  
-31.4495, 7.1984

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



134.3820, 23.9687, -34.5380



140.1400, 21.1300, -10.6468



143.1600, 14.2181, 13.0147

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



140.1400, 21.1300, -10.6468



141.3820, -15.9643, 33.8680



131.3240, -1.6387, -34.4871

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



140.1400, 21.1300, -10.6468



170.8600, -21.1300, 10.6468

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



134.4700, -13.0497, -14.4442



140.1400, 21.1300, -10.6468



139.9370, -21.1679, 22.8573

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



140.1400, 21.1300, -10.6468



142.2220, -6.5184, 37.5163



137.3540, -20.3875, 5.8285



127.9660, 11.3558, -49.0822



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



140.1400, 21.1300, -10.6468



143.5160, 7.6336, 24.9805



137.3540, -20.3875, 5.8285



132.6300, -5.7336, -27.7395

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



140.1400, 21.1300, -10.6468



220.7420, 8.0152, -4.1587



165.4150, 3.7394, -32.8130



109.6560, 5.0996, -2.3293



247.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



120.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



140.1400, 21.1300, -10.6468



170.4950, 32.7870, -16.2201



139.3530, 21.5180, 4.9524



84.6130, 3.6418, -1.4146



34.2200, 60.0375, -30.0109



6.1270, 10.7834, -5.3734



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



145.5850, -3.7394, 32.8130



179.1250, -5.9776, 50.7564



171.6470, -21.5180, -4.9524



85.8050, -0.8899, 5.4330



49.8360, -10.7651, 93.1058

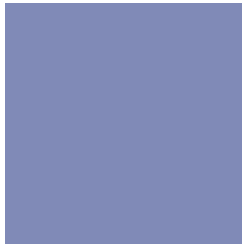


8.9420, -1.9434, 16.7139



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 140.1400, 21.1300, -10.6468 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

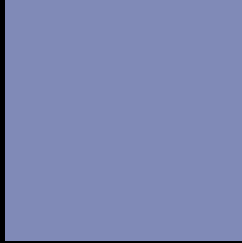
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 140.1400, 21.1300, -10.6468 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

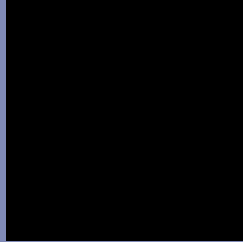
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 140.1400, 21.1300, -10.6468

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 140.1400, 21.1300, -10.6468.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 140.1400, 21.1300, -10.6468.

-10.6468.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

140.1400, 21.1300, -10.6468

### Protanopia

140.1400, 21.1300, -10.6468

### Deuteranopia

140.1510, 21.1246, -8.9024



**Tritanopia**

138.0890, 8.3371, -14.1101

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

140.1400, 21.1300, -10.6468

## Protanomaly

140.1400, 21.1300, -10.6468

## Deuteranomaly

139.8520, 21.2720, -9.5172

## Tritanomaly

138.6530, 12.9891, -12.8507

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

140.1400, 21.1300, -10.6468

## Achromatopsia

140.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

140.0410, 7.8678, -3.5440

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 140.1400, 21.1300, -10.6468 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(128, 138, 183)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(128, 138, 183)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(128, 138, 183) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(128, 138, 183) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 140.1400, 21.1300, -10.6468 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(128, 138, 183) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(128, 138, 183) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(128, 138, 183)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(128, 138, 183); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 138, 183);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 138,  
183) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 140.1400, 21.1300, -10.6468 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(128, 138, 183) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(128,  
138, 183) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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