

# Converting Colors

YUV(140.7870, -34.4050,  
-71.7272)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(140.7870, -34.4050, -71.7272)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(140.7870, -34.4050,  
-71.7272)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3BC447
RGB	59, 196, 71
RGB Percent	23%, 77%, 28%
CMY	0.7686, 0.2314, 0.7216
CMYK	0.70, 0.00, 0.64, 0.23
HSL	125°, 54%, 50%
HSV	125°, 70%, 77%
XYZ	22.6809, 40.8646, 12.6535
YIQ	140.7870, -41.5270, -67.9190

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

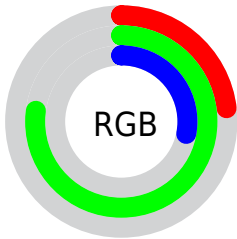
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	59, 185, 196
Decimal	3916871
CIELab	70.08, -60.91, 50.82
CIELCh	70, 79.323, 140.162
Yxy	40.8646, 0.2977, 0.5363
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282106951 (0xFF3BC447)
YUV	140.7870, -34.4050, -71.7272
Hunter-Lab	63.9254, -48.5373, 33.0118

# Details

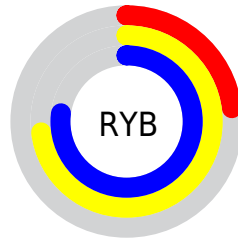
The YUV color **140.7870, -34.4050, -71.7272** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **33CC66**. The color can be described as dark muted green. A complement of this color would be **114.2130, 34.4050, 71.7272**, and the grayscale version is **141.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **200.3100, -37.6208, -66.9239**, and **84.0210, -35.9994, -73.6864** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **132.7550, -39.3192, -82.2231**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **148.8190, -29.4908, -61.2313**.

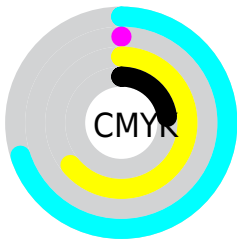
# Distribution



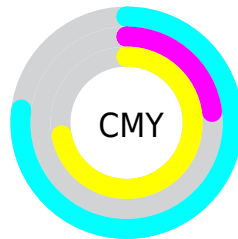
- Red (23%)
- Green (77%)
- Blue (28%)



- Red (23%)
- Yellow (73%)
- Blue (77%)



- Cyan (70%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (64%)
- Black (23%)



- Cyan (77%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (72%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 140.7870, -34.4050, -71.7272 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 140.7870, -34.4050, -71.7272 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 140.7870,  
-34.4050, -71.7272

■ 140.7870,  
-34.4050, -71.7272

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 103.9310,  
-29.5460, -90.2705

■ 200.3100,  
-37.6208, -66.9239

■ 84.0210, -35.9994,  
-73.6864

■ 212.9450,  
-30.5389, -51.6948

■ 66.9180, -32.9906,  
-58.6871

■ 225.1070,  
-22.7308, -36.0508

■ 51.6560, -25.4664,  
-45.3023

■ 237.2690,  
-14.9226, -20.4069

■ 36.9810, -18.2316,  
-32.4323

■ 249.8440, -6.8251,  
-4.2482

■ 23.4800, -11.5756,  
-20.5920

■ 0.5870, -0.2894,

-0.5148

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 140.7870,  
-34.4050, -71.7272

■ 140.7870,  
-34.4050, -71.7272

■ 132.7550,  
-39.3192, -82.2231

■ 148.8190,  
-29.4908, -61.2313

■ 125.0220,  
-44.3808, -92.1043

■ 156.5520,  
-24.4291, -51.3501

■ 116.9900,  
-49.2951, -102.6002

■ 164.5840,  
-19.5149, -40.8542

■ 172.3170,  
-14.4533, -30.9730

■ 180.2350, -9.9759,  
-20.3771

■ 188.2670, -5.0616,  
-9.8812

■ 196.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 204.0320, 4.9142,  
10.4959

■ 211.7650, 9.9759,  
20.3771

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



154.3750, -76.1069, 4.0561



140.7870, -34.4050, -71.7272



135.5770, 4.1525, -118.9010

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



140.7870, -34.4050, -71.7272



138.8390, 57.2674, -121.7618



148.7220, -11.2019, 93.2058

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



140.7870, -34.4050, -71.7272



114.2130, 34.4050, 71.7272

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



156.3430, 20.5369, 86.5222



140.7870, -34.4050, -71.7272



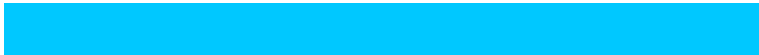
159.1470, 47.2555, -36.9629

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



140.7870, -34.4050, -71.7272



146.4700, 53.5053, -128.4542



174.1720, 39.8482, 52.4692



158.2210, -48.4230, 84.8752



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



140.7870, -34.4050, -71.7272



141.9780, 26.1398, -124.5147



174.1720, 39.8482, 52.4692



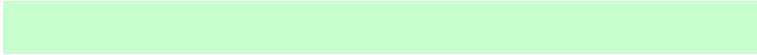
148.5230, 0.7282, 93.3803

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



140.7870, -34.4050, -71.7272



233.2680, -13.4431, -28.2990



177.0930, -58.2198, 6.9344



115.0120, -8.3869, -16.6735



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



140.7870, -34.4050, -71.7272



168.7840, -53.6305, -112.0666



148.5390, -4.7027, -78.5257



92.9840, -2.4571, -5.2480



96.1030, -40.4768, -84.2823



19.7130, -8.2395, -17.2883



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



114.2130, 34.4050, 71.7272



127.2160, 53.6305, 112.0666



106.4610, 4.7027, 78.5257



91.0160, 2.4571, 5.2480



64.8970, 40.4768, 84.2823

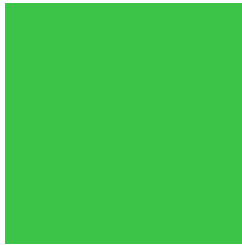


13.2870, 8.2395, 17.2883



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 140.7870, -34.4050, -71.7272 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 140.7870, -34.4050, -71.7272 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 140.7870, -34.4050, -71.7272 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 140.7870, -34.4050, -71.7272.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 140.7870, -34.4050, -71.7272.

-71.7272.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

140.7870, -34.4050, -71.7272

### Protanopia

163.8960, -49.2487, 22.8932

### Deuteranopia

166.9330, -41.8720, 36.8928



## Tritanopia

158.6970, 19.3764, -54.9853

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

140.7870, -34.4050, -71.7272



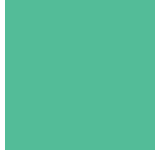
## Protanomaly

155.1690, -43.4673, -11.5492



## Deuteranomaly

157.0760, -38.9845, -2.6977



## Tritanomaly

152.5010, -0.2470, -60.9524

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

140.7870, -34.4050, -71.7272



## Achromatopsia

141.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



## Achromatomaly

140.9200, -12.2856, -26.2398

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 140.7870, -34.4050, -71.7272 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(59, 196, 71)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(59, 196, 71)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(59, 196, 71) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(59, 196, 71) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 140.7870, -34.4050, -71.7272 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(59, 196, 71) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(59, 196, 71) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(59, 196, 71) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(59, 196, 71); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(59, 196, 71);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(59, 196,  
71) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 140.7870, -34.4050, -71.7272 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(59, 196, 71) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(59, 196,  
71) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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