

# Converting Colors

YUV(140.8480, -42.8161,  
59.7693)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(140.8480, -42.8161, 59.7693)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(140.8480, -42.8161,  
59.7693)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	D17B36
RGB	209, 123, 54
RGB Percent	82%, 48%, 21%
CMY	0.1804, 0.5176, 0.7882
CMYK	0.00, 0.41, 0.74, 0.18
HSL	27°, 63%, 52%
HSV	27°, 74%, 82%
XYZ	34.0433, 27.9876, 7.0979
YIQ	140.8480, 73.4050, -3.2270

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

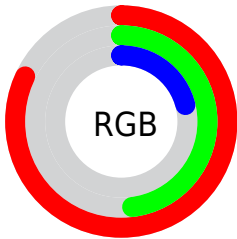
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">209, 178, 54</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">13728566</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">59.88, 28.03, 50.33</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">60, 57.609, 60.887</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">27.9876, 0.4925, 0.4049</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4291918646 (0xFFD17B36)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">140.8480, -42.8161, 59.7693</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">52.9033, 22.2842, 29.0775</a>

# Details

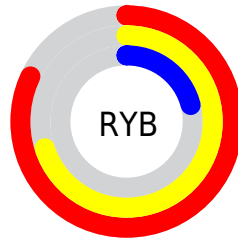
The YUV color **140.8480, -42.8161, 59.7693** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6633**. The color can be described as dark muted orange. A complement of this color would be **122.1520, 42.8161, -59.7693**, and the grayscale version is **141.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **191.5270, -42.6578, 55.6658**, and **87.4020, -43.0892, 54.0214** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **131.4100, -48.5161, 68.0464**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **150.2860, -37.1160, 51.4922**.

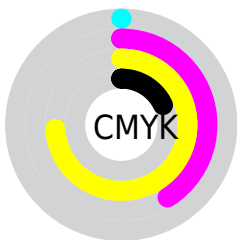
# Distribution



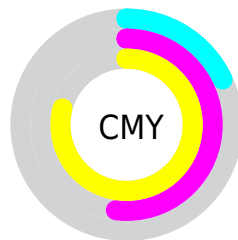
- Red (82%)
- Green (48%)
- Blue (21%)



- Red (82%)
- Yellow (70%)
- Blue (21%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (41%)
- Yellow (74%)
- Black (18%)



- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (52%)
- Yellow (79%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 140.8480, -42.8161, 59.7693 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 140.8480, -42.8161, 59.7693 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



140.8480,  
-42.8161, 59.7693

140.8480,  
-42.8161, 59.7693

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

114.2390,  
-42.5158, 56.7954

191.5270,  
-42.6578, 55.6658

87.4020, -43.0892,  
54.0214

210.9270,  
-39.4040, 38.6520

64.6430, -31.8690,  
48.5481

230.3270,  
-36.1502, 21.6382

42.4710, -20.9382,  
42.5599

247.0200,  
-30.5759, 6.9985

20.5980, -10.1548,  
37.1866

250.2120,  
-18.3455, 4.1991

12.3730, -5.6069,  
25.1059

253.5180, -5.6784,

0.0000, 0.0000,

1.2997

0.0000

■ 140.8480,  
-42.8161, 59.7693

■ 140.8480,  
-42.8161, 59.7693

■ 131.4100,  
-48.5161, 68.0464

■ 150.2860,  
-37.1160, 51.4922

■ 122.5590,  
-54.5056, 75.8088

■ 159.1370,  
-31.1265, 43.7299

■ 117.0820,  
-57.7214, 80.6121

■ 168.5750,  
-25.4265, 35.4527

■ 177.4260,  
-19.4370, 27.6904

■ 186.8640,  
-13.7370, 19.4133

■ 196.1880, -8.4737,  
11.2361

■ 205.0390, -2.4842,  
3.4738

■ 214.4770, 3.2158,  
-4.8033

■ 223.3280, 9.2053,  
-12.5657

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



141.5450, -22.9467, 80.2060



140.8480, -42.8161, 59.7693



137.5330, -52.0278, 27.5966

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



140.8480, -42.8161, 59.7693



115.0320, 14.2812, -100.8831



146.7110, 42.0475, 0.2535

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



140.8480, -42.8161, 59.7693



122.1520, 42.8161, -59.7693

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



116.0940, 64.0437, -101.8144



140.8480, -42.8161, 59.7693



120.8460, 36.5579, -105.9819

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



140.8480, -42.8161, 59.7693



118.4060, -13.0182, -71.3931



121.5420, 54.4558, -106.5923



147.9920, 22.6819, 51.7500



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



140.8480, -42.8161, 59.7693



134.7470, -46.7103, 1.9759



121.5420, 54.4558, -106.5923



142.6480, 47.5015, -22.4933

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



140.8480, -42.8161, 59.7693



230.4190, -15.4896, 21.5575



110.3770, 15.5901, 86.4924



112.9710, -9.3527, 13.1804



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



140.8480, -42.8161, 59.7693



155.1600, -62.6899, 87.5597



185.4600, -64.8098, 20.6446



100.2240, -3.0684, 4.1886



94.2570, -46.4687, 64.6726



22.8250, -11.2527, 15.9395



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



122.1520, 42.8161, -59.7693



127.8400, 62.6899, -87.5597



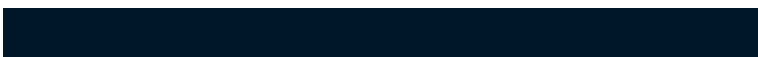
77.5400, 64.8098, -20.6446



98.7760, 3.0684, -4.1886



73.7430, 46.4687, -64.6726

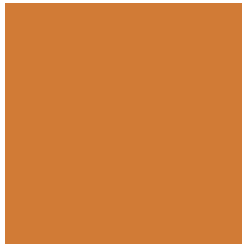


18.1750, 11.2527, -15.9395



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 140.8480, -42.8161, 59.7693 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 140.8480, -42.8161, 59.7693 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 140.8480, -42.8161, 59.7693

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 140.8480, -42.8161, 59.7693.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 140.8480, -42.8161, 59.7693.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

140.8480, -42.8161, 59.7693

### Protanopia

140.0940, -39.4863, 18.3346

### Deuteranopia

140.2380, -44.4873, 35.7483



## Tritanopia

145.9150, -10.8041, 58.8335

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

140.8480, -42.8161, 59.7693

## Protanomaly

140.2530, -40.5507, 33.1041

## Deuteranomaly

140.4070, -44.0777, 44.3701

## Tritanomaly

144.5270, -22.4448, 59.1738

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

140.8480, -42.8161, 59.7693

## Achromatopsia

141.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

140.7180, -15.6370, 22.1723

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 140.8480, -42.8161, 59.7693 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(209, 123, 54)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(209, 123, 54)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(209, 123, 54) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(209, 123, 54) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 140.8480, -42.8161, 59.7693 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(209, 123, 54) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(209, 123, 54) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(209, 123, 54) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(209, 123, 54); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(209, 123, 54);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(209, 123,  
54) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 140.8480, -42.8161, 59.7693 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(209, 123, 54) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(209,  
123, 54) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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