

# Converting Colors

YUV(140.8800, -69.4538,  
-123.5518)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(140.8800, -69.4538, -123.5518)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(140.8800, -69.4538,  
-123.5518)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00F000
RGB	0, 240, 0
RGB Percent	0%, 94%, 0%
CMY	1.0000, 0.0588, 1.0000
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 1.00, 0.06
HSL	120°, 100%, 47%
HSV	120°, 100%, 94%
XYZ	31.1601, 62.3202, 10.3867
YIQ	140.8800, -66.0000, -125.5200

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

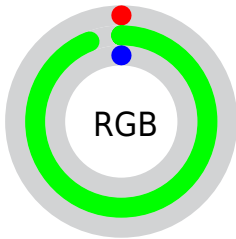
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 240, 240
Decimal	61440
CIELab	83.08, -82.32, 79.45
CIELCh	83, 114.405, 136.016
Yxy	62.3202, 0.3000, 0.6000
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278251520 (0xFF00F000)
YUV	140.8800, -69.4538, -123.5518
Hunter-Lab	78.9431, -67.6937, 47.4593

# Details

The YUV color **140.8800, -69.4538, -123.5518** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **33FF33**. The color can be described as dark saturated green. A complement of this color would be **99.1200, 69.4538, 123.5518**, and the grayscale version is **142.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **194.5150, -52.0189, -68.8577**, and **106.8340, -52.6692, -93.6934** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **140.8800, -69.4538, -123.5518**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **150.7920, -62.5085, -111.1966**.

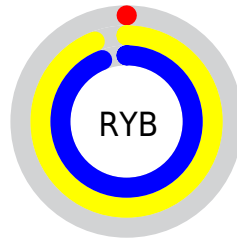
# Distribution



Red (0%)

Green (94%)

Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (94%)

Blue (94%)

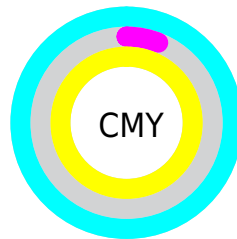


Cyan (100%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (6%)



Cyan (100%)

Magenta (6%)

Yellow (100%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 140.8800, -69.4538, -123.5518 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 140.8800, -69.4538, -123.5518 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 140.8800,  
-69.4538, -123.5518

■ 140.8800,  
-69.4538, -123.5518

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 123.8570,  
-61.0615, -108.6226

■ 194.5150,  
-52.0189, -68.8577

■ 106.8340,  
-52.6692, -93.6934

■ 208.4000,  
-44.0742, -50.3398

■ 90.3980, -44.5662,  
-79.2790

■ 221.6870,  
-35.8347, -33.0515

■ 73.9620, -36.4633,  
-64.8647

■ 234.8600,  
-28.0320, -15.6632

■ 58.7000, -28.9391,  
-51.4799

■ 247.8480,  
-19.6451, 1.0103

■ 43.4380, -21.4149,  
-38.0951

■ 253.0620, -7.4256,

■ 28.1760, -13.8908,

1.6996

-24.7104

■ 11.1530, -5.4984,  
-9.7812

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 140.8800,  
-69.4538, -123.5518

■ 150.7920,  
-62.5085, -111.1966

■ 160.7040,  
-55.5631, -98.8414

■ 170.6160,  
-48.6177, -86.4862

■ 180.5280,  
-41.6723, -74.1311

■ 190.4400,  
-34.7269, -61.7759

■ 200.3520,  
-27.7815, -49.4207

■ 210.2640,  
-20.8362, -37.0655

■ 220.1760,  
-13.8908, -24.7104

■ 230.0880, -6.9454,  
-12.3552

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



187.7440, -92.5578, 7.2405



140.8800, -69.4538, -123.5518



163.9640, -6.3913, -143.7964

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



140.8800, -69.4538, -123.5518



166.4280, 43.6660, -145.9574



128.5480, 13.0408, 110.8984

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



140.8800, -69.4538, -123.5518



99.1200, 69.4538, 123.5518

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



147.5790, 52.9586, 94.2082



140.8800, -69.4538, -123.5518



147.0570, 53.2159, -128.9690

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



140.8800, -69.4538, -123.5518



175.2330, 39.3251, -153.6793



190.4300, 31.8330, 56.6279



156.6250, -54.5381, 86.2749



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



140.8800, -69.4538, -123.5518



173.8020, 26.2266, -152.4244



190.4300, 31.8330, 56.6279



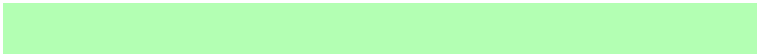
124.3200, 32.3802, 114.6064

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



140.8800, -69.4538, -123.5518



223.6120, -21.9937, -39.1247



212.6400, -104.8315, 23.9947



109.0020, -13.3120, -23.6808



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



140.8800, -69.4538, -123.5518



149.6850, -73.7947, -131.2737



154.5600, -17.0381, -135.5491



115.0440, -3.4727, -6.1776



108.0080, -53.2479, -94.7230



32.8720, -16.2059, -28.8287



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



99.1200, 69.4538, 123.5518



105.3150, 73.7947, 131.2737



85.4400, 17.0381, 135.5491



112.9560, 3.4727, 6.1776



75.9920, 53.2479, 94.7230

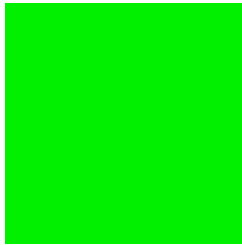


23.1280, 16.2059, 28.8287



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 140.8800, -69.4538, -123.5518 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

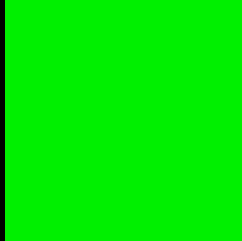
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 140.8800, -69.4538, -123.5518 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

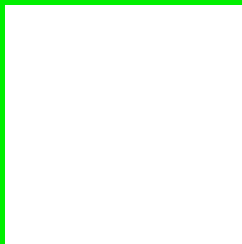
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 140.8800, -69.4538, -123.5518 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 140.8800, -69.4538, -123.5518.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 140.8800, -69.4538, -123.5518.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Protanopia

189.4040, -93.3762, 36.4797

### Deuteranopia

199.0320, -62.1338, 49.0839

### Tritanopia

188.5740, 25.8460, -76.8024

# Trichromacy



## Protanomaly

171.9190, -84.7561, -21.8540

## Deuteranomaly

177.5390, -64.8487, -13.6277

## Tritanomaly

171.0010, -8.8745, -93.8399

# Monochromacy



## Achromatopsia

141.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

141.0690, -25.1770, -44.7875

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 140.8800, -69.4538, -123.5518 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 240, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 240, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 240, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 240, 0) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 140.8800, -69.4538, -123.5518 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 240, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 240, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 240, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 240, 0); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 240, 0); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 240, 0) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 140.8800, -69.4538, -123.5518 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 240, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 240,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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