

# Converting Colors

YUV(140.9780, 50.7898,  
42.9923)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(140.9780, 50.7898, 42.9923)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(140.9780, 50.7898,  
42.9923)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	BE60F4
RGB	190, 96, 244
RGB Percent	75%, 38%, 96%
CMY	0.2549, 0.6235, 0.0431
CMYK	0.22, 0.61, 0.00, 0.04
HSL	278°, 87%, 67%
HSV	278°, 61%, 96%
XYZ	41.7472, 25.8445, 88.3761
YIQ	140.9780, 8.5160, 65.9560

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

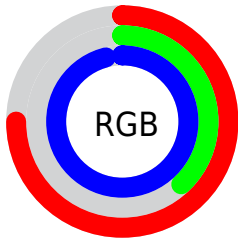
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	190, 96, 244
Decimal	12476660
CIE Lab	57.89, 61.58, -59.17
CIE LCh	58, 85.401, 316.147
Yxy	25.8445, 0.2677, 0.1657
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290666740 (0xFFBE60F4)
YUV	140.9780, 50.7898, 42.9923
Hunter-Lab	50.8375, 57.6165, -67.4837

# Details

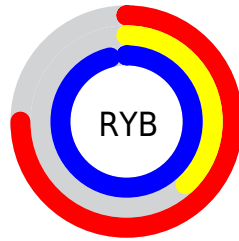
The YUV color **140.9780, 50.7898, 42.9923** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC66FF**. A complement of this color would be **199.0220, -50.7898, -42.9923**, and the grayscale version is **140.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **192.1580, 30.9811, 49.8504**, and **84.2660, 50.6479, 41.8627** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **124.1990, 59.0619, 49.8145**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **157.7570, 42.5178, 36.1701**.

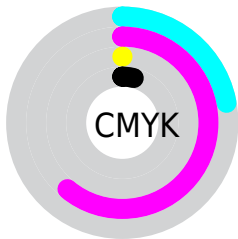
# Distribution



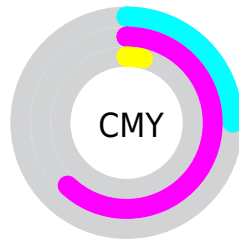
- Red (75%)
- Green (38%)
- Blue (96%)



- Red (75%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Blue (96%)



- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (61%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (4%)




- Cyan (25%)
- Magenta (62%)
- Yellow (4%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 140.9780, 50.7898, 42.9923 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 140.9780, 50.7898, 42.9923 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 140.9780, 50.7898,  
42.9923


 140.9780, 50.7898,  
42.9923


255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 113.1520, 50.2111,  
41.9627


 192.1580, 30.9811,  
49.8504


 84.2660, 50.6479,  
41.8627


 210.3880, 21.9937,  
39.1247


 49.2220, 54.1206,  
48.0403

 226.8240, 13.8908,  
24.7104

 37.8860, 46.8912,  
33.4260

 244.4340, 5.2090,  
9.2664

 25.8380, 39.5199,  
17.6821

 14.1320, 33.4589,  
1.6382

 6.4980, 24.8975,

-5.6987

■ 5.1640, 14.7091,  
-4.5288

■ 1.0260, 3.9312,  
-0.8998

■ 140.9780, 50.7898,  
42.9923

■ 140.9780, 50.7898,  
42.9923

■ 124.1990, 59.0619,  
49.8145

■ 157.7570, 42.5178,  
36.1701

■ 106.8330, 67.6233,  
57.1515

■ 175.1230, 33.9564,  
28.8331

■ 90.0540, 75.8954,  
63.9736

■ 191.9020, 25.6843,  
22.0109

■ 74.1610, 83.7306,  
70.8958

■ 209.2680, 17.1229,  
14.6740

■ 226.0470, 8.8508,  
7.8518

■ 242.5270, 0.7262,  
0.4148

■ 252.8490, -4.3626,  
-0.7446

■ 253.7460, -4.8048,  
1.0998

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



108.3150, 72.3157, -94.9923



140.9780, 50.7898, 42.9923



121.9410, 27.1441, 114.0617

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



140.9780, 50.7898, 42.9923



131.1040, -64.6343, 57.7908



120.7830, 28.7010, -105.9267

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



140.9780, 50.7898, 42.9923



199.0220, -50.7898, -42.9923

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



110.7170, -4.7905, -97.0988



140.9780, 50.7898, 42.9923



126.0450, -62.1402, 4.3455

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



140.9780, 50.7898, 42.9923



125.6410, -48.6300, 104.6778



95.0940, -46.8813, -83.3974



127.2470, 58.5452, -111.5956



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



140.9780, 50.7898, 42.9923



105.9850, 10.3604, 130.6862



95.0940, -46.8813, -83.3974



117.8190, 17.3442, -103.3273

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



140.9780, 50.7898, 42.9923



222.9150, 15.8179, 13.2295



144.5700, 49.0190, -42.5959



107.6880, 10.0138, 8.1666



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



140.9780, 50.7898, 42.9923



125.4860, 63.8504, 53.9478



154.8440, 34.0939, 78.1898



113.7600, 4.0623, 3.7185



56.4860, 63.8504, 53.9478



17.7890, 20.3170, 16.8480



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



146.4080, 1.7709, 85.5882



132.3660, 2.2846, 107.5500



185.1560, -34.0939, -78.1898



114.1580, 0.4151, 6.8774



63.3660, 2.2846, 107.5500

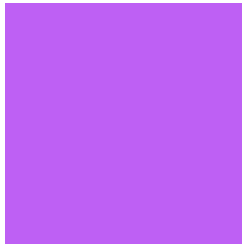


20.0350, 0.4757, 34.1723



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 140.9780, 50.7898, 42.9923 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

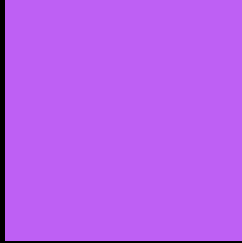
Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 140.9780, 50.7898, 42.9923 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 140.9780, 50.7898, 42.9923

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 140.9780, 50.7898, 42.9923.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 140.9780, 50.7898,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

140.9780, 50.7898, 42.9923

### Protanopia

131.6370, 60.8180, -47.0396

### Deuteranopia

130.1990, 51.6669, -51.9175



## Tritanopia

141.7800, -2.8495, 27.3799

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

140.9780, 50.7898, 42.9923



## Protanomaly

135.2220, 57.0786, -14.2267



## Deuteranomaly

134.0060, 51.2690, -17.5453



## Tritanomaly

141.5630, 16.4844, 32.8322

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

140.9780, 50.7898, 42.9923



## Achromatopsia

141.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



## Achromatomaly

141.2080, 18.1385, 15.6036

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 140.9780, 50.7898, 42.9923 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(190, 96, 244)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(190, 96, 244)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(190, 96, 244) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(190, 96, 244) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 140.9780, 50.7898, 42.9923 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(190, 96, 244) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(190, 96, 244) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(190, 96, 244)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(190, 96, 244); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(190, 96, 244);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(190, 96,  
244) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 140.9780, 50.7898, 42.9923 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(190, 96, 244) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(190, 96,  
244) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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