

Converting Colors

YUV(141.0000, -20.2130,
-3.5080)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(141.0000, -20.2130, -3.5080)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(141.0000, -20.2130,
-3.5080)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	899764
RGB	137, 151, 100
RGB Percent	54%, 59%, 39%
CMY	0.4627, 0.4078, 0.6078
CMYK	0.09, 0.00, 0.34, 0.41
HSL	76°, 20%, 49%
HSV	76°, 34%, 59%
XYZ	23.6834, 28.3717, 16.2846
YIQ	141.0000, 8.0270, -18.8290

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

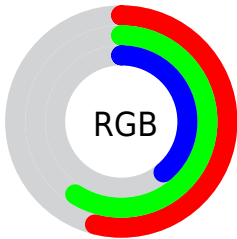
Format	Color
RYB	100, 151, 114
Decimal	9017188
CIELab	60.22, -13.91, 25.26
CIELCh	60, 28.836, 118.850
Yxy	28.3717, 0.3466, 0.4152
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287207268 (0xFF899764)
YUV	141.0000, -20.2130, -3.5080
Hunter-Lab	53.2651, -13.8470, 19.1589

Details

The YUV color $[141.0000, -20.2130, -3.5080]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999966 . A complement of this color would be $[110.0000, 20.2130, 3.5080]$, and the grayscale version is $[141.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[194.6580, -21.5234, -3.2081]$, and $[90.3420, -18.9026, -3.8079]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[138.0940, -26.1753, -4.4674]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[143.9060, -14.2507, -2.5486]$.

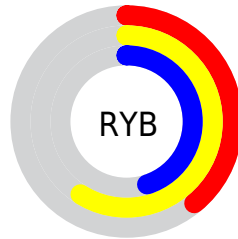
Distribution



Red (54%)

Green (59%)

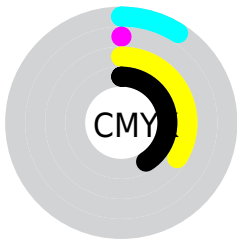
Blue (39%)



Red (39%)

Yellow (59%)

Blue (45%)

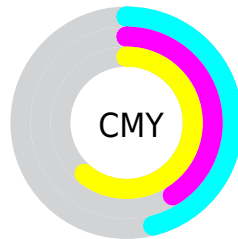


Cyan (9%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (34%)

Black (41%)



Cyan (46%)

Magenta (41%)

Yellow (61%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 141.0000, -20.2130, -3.5080 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 141.0000, -20.2130, -3.5080 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 141.0000,
-20.2130, -3.5080

■ 141.0000,
-20.2130, -3.5080

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 115.2280,
-19.3394, -3.7080

■ 194.6580,
-21.5234, -3.2081

■ 90.3420, -18.9026,
-3.8079

■ 222.5440,
-21.9602, -3.1081

■ 66.5700, -18.0290,
-4.0079

■ 247.3210,
-20.3713, 0.5955

■ 43.5700, -18.0290,
-4.0079

■ 252.6060, -9.1728,
2.0995

■ 24.1660, -11.9138,
-5.4076

■ 1.1740, -0.5788,
-1.0296

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 141.0000,
-20.2130, -3.5080

■ 141.0000,
-20.2130, -3.5080

■ 138.0940,
-26.1753, -4.4674

■ 143.9060,
-14.2507, -2.5486

■ 135.1880,
-32.1377, -5.4269

■ 146.8120, -8.2883,
-1.5891

■ 132.2820,
-38.1000, -6.3863

■ 149.7180, -2.3260,
-0.6297

■ 129.0770,
-43.9150, -7.9605

■ 152.9230, 3.4890,
0.9445

■ 126.0570,
-50.3141, -8.8200

■ 155.9430, 9.8881,
1.8040

■ 123.1510,
-56.2764, -9.7794

■ 158.8490, 15.8504,
2.7634

■ 121.5270,
-59.9128, -10.1092

■ 161.7550, 21.8128,
3.7229

■ 164.6610, 27.7751,
4.6823

■ 167.5670, 33.7375,
5.6417

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



143.6930, -24.4986, 17.8092



141.0000, -20.2130, -3.5080



137.0170, -9.3754, -26.3249

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



141.0000, -20.2130, -3.5080



134.2440, 26.5017, -53.7110



148.4270, -0.7035, 39.0905

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



141.0000, -20.2130, -3.5080



110.0000, 20.2130, 3.5080

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



149.4280, 11.1280, 24.1806



141.0000, -20.2130, -3.5080



141.8110, 26.7152, -28.7752

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



141.0000, -20.2130, -3.5080



129.3540, 19.5455, -62.5775



147.2060, 21.0974, -0.1807



147.3490, -12.4971, 41.7899

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



141.0000, -20.2130, -3.5080



134.0350, -0.0173, -41.2497



147.2060, 21.0974, -0.1807



148.8440, 3.5279, 35.2168

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



141.0000, -20.2130, -3.5080



192.3390, -7.5621, -1.1743



123.4670, -11.5692, 24.1464



96.8490, -4.3626, -0.7446



227.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



99.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



141.0000, -20.2130, -3.5080



180.3020, -31.7009, -5.5269



133.5250, -16.5278, -18.8774



75.1910, -3.0522, -1.0445



112.6780, -55.5503, -9.3646



10.3220, -5.0887, -1.1594

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



110.0000, 20.2130, 3.5080



131.6980, 31.7009, 5.5269



117.4750, 16.5278, 18.8774



70.5100, 3.1996, 0.4297



27.3220, 55.5503, 9.3646



2.3790, 5.2362, 0.5446

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 141.0000, -20.2130, -3.5080 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 141.0000, -20.2130, -3.5080 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 141.0000, -20.2130, -3.5080 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 141.0000, -20.2130, -3.5080.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 141.0000, -20.2130, -3.5080.

-3.5080.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

141.0000, -20.2130, -3.5080

Protanopia

143.1160, -22.7352, 12.1763

Deuteranopia

144.7630, -20.5892, 23.8868



Tritanopia

145.2540, 4.8048, -1.0998

Trichromacy



Original Color

141.0000, -20.2130, -3.5080

Protanomaly

142.3110, -21.8453, 6.7433

Deuteranomaly

143.1100, -20.2672, 13.9355

Tritanomaly

143.8380, -4.3571, -2.4889

Monochromacy



Original Color

141.0000, -20.2130, -3.5080

Achromatopsia

141.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

141.3390, -7.5621, -1.1743

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 141.0000, -20.2130, -3.5080 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(137, 151, 100)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(137, 151, 100)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(137, 151, 100) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(137, 151, 100) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 141.0000, -20.2130, -3.5080 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(137, 151, 100) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(137, 151, 100) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(137, 151, 100)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(137, 151, 100); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(137, 151, 100);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(137, 151,  
100) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 141.0000, -20.2130, -3.5080 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(137, 151, 100) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(137,  
151, 100) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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