

Converting Colors

YUV(141.4970, 9.6150, -3.9439)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(141.4970, 9.6150, -3.9439)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(141.4970, 9.6150,
-3.9439)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	898CA1
RGB	137, 140, 161
RGB Percent	54%, 55%, 63%
CMY	0.4627, 0.4510, 0.3686
CMYK	0.15, 0.13, 0.00, 0.37
HSL	232°, 11%, 58%
HSV	232°, 15%, 63%
XYZ	26.1276, 26.6477, 37.4847
YIQ	141.4970, -8.5290, 5.8950

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

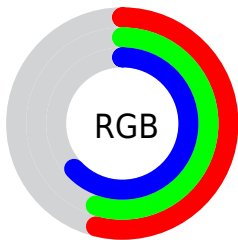
Format	Color
R_{YB}	137, 140, 161
Decimal	9014433
CIE _{Lab}	58.65, 3.35, -11.47
CIE _{LCh}	59, 11.950, 286.288
Yxy	26.6477, 0.2895, 0.2952
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287204513 (0xFF898CA1)
YUV	141.4970, 9.6150, -3.9439
Hunter-Lab	51.6215, 0.0083, -6.9181

Details

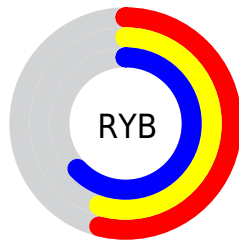
The YUV color $[141.4970, 9.6150, -3.9439]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $[156.5030, -9.6150, 3.9439]$, and the grayscale version is $[141.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[195.0240, 10.3412, -3.5290]$, and $[91.2690, 8.7414, -3.7439]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[128.4950, 16.0250, -6.5731]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[154.4990, 3.2050, -1.3146]$.

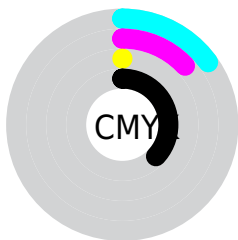
Distribution



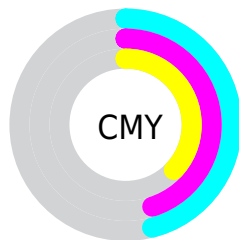
- Red (54%)
- Green (55%)
- Blue (63%)



- Red (54%)
- Yellow (55%)
- Blue (63%)



- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (37%)



- Cyan (46%)
- Magenta (45%)
- Yellow (37%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 141.4970, 9.6150, -3.9439 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 141.4970, 9.6150, -3.9439 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 141.4970, 9.6150,
-3.9439

■ 141.4970, 9.6150,
-3.9439

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 116.0840, 9.3256,
-4.4587

■ 195.0240, 10.3412,
-3.5290

■ 91.2690, 8.7414,
-3.7439

■ 222.7250, 10.4886,
-4.1438

■ 67.8560, 8.4520,
-4.2587

■ 249.6730, 2.6262,
-2.3442

■ 45.7420, 8.0152,
-4.1587

■ 24.6280, 7.5784,
-4.0588

■ 2.8670, 8.4466,
-2.5144

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 141.4970, 9.6150,
-3.9439

■ 141.4970, 9.6150,
-3.9439

■ 128.4950, 16.0250,
-6.5731

■ 154.4990, 3.2050,
-1.3146

■ 115.4930, 22.4350,
-9.2024

■ 167.5010, -3.2050,
1.3146

■ 102.4910, 28.8449,
-11.8316

■ 180.5030, -9.6150,
3.9439

■ 89.4890, 35.2549,
-14.4609

■ 193.5050,
-16.0250, 6.5731

■ 76.1880, 41.8123,
-17.7049

■ 206.8060,
-22.5824, 9.8171

■ 62.5990, 48.5117,
-19.8193

■ 220.3950,
-29.2817, 11.9316

■ 49.5970, 54.9217,
-22.4486

■ 233.3970,
-35.6917, 14.5608

■ 36.5950, 61.3317,
-25.0778

■ 243.1100,
-40.4802, 10.4275

■ 30.0940, 64.5367,
-26.3924

■ 244.2840,
-41.0590, 9.3979

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



139.3710, 10.6631, -13.4804



141.4970, 9.6150, -3.9439



143.0530, 6.3829, 6.0925

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



141.4970, 9.6150, -3.9439



142.3350, -8.0532, 16.3692



137.9720, -0.9722, -14.8844

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



141.4970, 9.6150, -3.9439



156.5030, -9.6150, 3.9439

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



138.6480, -6.2355, -6.7073



141.4970, 9.6150, -3.9439



141.4330, -10.0735, 11.0213

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



141.4970, 9.6150, -3.9439



142.8990, -3.4012, 17.6286



139.9050, -9.3202, 2.7143



137.3180, 4.2802, -19.5729

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



141.4970, 9.6150, -3.9439



143.2880, 3.3090, 12.0254



139.9050, -9.3202, 2.7143



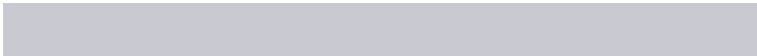
137.8260, -2.8722, -12.1254

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



141.4970, 9.6150, -3.9439



202.4990, 3.2050, -1.3146



153.4820, 2.2274, -14.4547



100.2710, 2.3314, -1.1147



232.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



105.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



141.4970, 9.6150, -3.9439



178.2670, 15.1514, -6.3732



142.4270, 9.1565, 3.1335



74.6130, 3.6418, -1.4146



27.0960, 58.1267, -23.7632



3.2260, 7.2836, -2.8292

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



144.5180, -2.2274, 14.4547



182.9320, -3.4175, 22.8616



155.5730, -9.1565, -3.1335



75.8050, -0.8899, 5.4330



45.4070, -13.5117, 87.3431



5.6100, -1.7797, 10.8660

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 141.4970, 9.6150, -3.9439 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

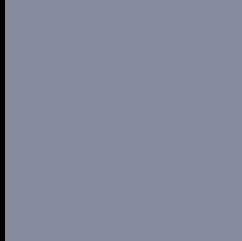
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 141.4970, 9.6150, -3.9439 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

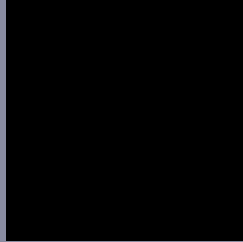
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

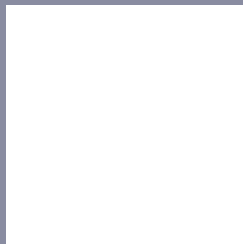
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 141.4970, 9.6150, -3.9439

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 141.4970, 9.6150, -3.9439.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 141.4970, 9.6150,

-3.9439.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

141.4970, 9.6150, -3.9439

Protanopia

141.4970, 9.6150, -3.9439

Deuteranopia

142.2420, 9.7407, 2.4188



Tritanopia

140.8730, 5.9786, -4.2736

Trichromacy



Original Color

141.4970, 9.6150, -3.9439

Protanomaly

141.4970, 9.6150, -3.9439

Deuteranomaly

141.9320, 9.8935, 0.0596

Tritanomaly

141.2150, 7.2890, -4.5736

Monochromacy



Original Color

141.4970, 9.6150, -3.9439

Achromatopsia

141.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

141.4990, 3.2050, -1.3146

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 141.4970, 9.6150, -3.9439 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(137, 140, 161)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(137, 140, 161)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(137, 140, 161) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(137, 140, 161) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 141.4970, 9.6150, -3.9439 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(137, 140, 161) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(137, 140, 161) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(137, 140, 161)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(137, 140, 161); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(137, 140, 161);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(137, 140,  
161) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 141.4970, 9.6150, -3.9439 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(137, 140, 161) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(137,  
140, 161) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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