

Converting Colors

YUV(141.4990, -30.3190,
17.9794)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(141.4990, -30.3190, 17.9794)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(141.4990, -30.3190,
17.9794)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A28F50
RGB	162, 143, 80
RGB Percent	64%, 56%, 31%
CMY	0.3647, 0.4392, 0.6863
CMYK	0.00, 0.12, 0.51, 0.36
HSL	46°, 34%, 47%
HSV	46°, 51%, 64%
XYZ	26.1707, 27.9055, 11.5964
YIQ	141.4990, 31.5470, -15.5650

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

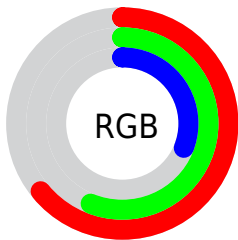
Format	Color
R_{YB}	105, 162, 80
Decimal	10653520
CIE Lab	59.80, -1.45, 35.89
CIE LCh	60, 35.923, 92.320
Yxy	27.9055, 0.3985, 0.4249
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288843600 (0xFFA28F50)
YUV	141.4990, -30.3190, 17.9794
Hunter-Lab	52.8256, -4.0130, 23.9625

Details

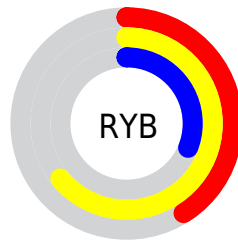
The YUV color **141.4990, -30.3190, 17.9794** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999966**. A complement of this color would be **100.5010, 30.3190, -17.9794**, and the grayscale version is **142.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **195.7550, -31.9242, 19.5089**, and **90.5310, -28.8558, 15.3203** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **137.3270, -36.1502, 21.6382**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **145.6710, -24.4878, 14.3205**.

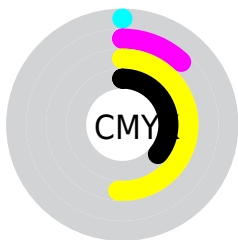
Distribution



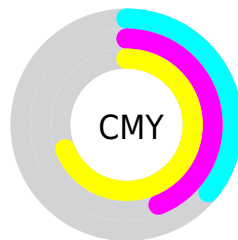
- Red (64%)
- Green (56%)
- Blue (31%)



- Red (41%)
- Yellow (64%)
- Blue (31%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (51%)
- Black (36%)



- Cyan (36%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (69%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 141.4990, -30.3190, 17.9794 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 141.4990, -30.3190, 17.9794 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 141.4990,
-30.3190, 17.9794

■ 141.4990,
-30.3190, 17.9794

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 115.4280,
-29.2980, 17.1646

■ 195.7550,
-31.9242, 19.5089

■ 90.5310, -28.8558,
15.3203

■ 223.5380,
-32.8032, 21.4532

■ 66.4060, -29.2872,
13.6759

■ 245.7320,
-30.4339, 8.1280

■ 44.9310, -22.1510,
11.4615

■ 250.0980,
-18.7823, 4.2991

■ 26.0150, -12.8254,
7.0028

■ 253.4040, -6.1152,
1.3997

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 141.4990,
-30.3190, 17.9794

■ 141.4990,
-30.3190, 17.9794

■ 137.3270,
-36.1502, 21.6382

■ 145.6710,
-24.4878, 14.3205

■ 133.1550,
-41.9814, 25.2971

■ 149.8430,
-18.6566, 10.6617

■ 129.4560,
-48.5388, 28.5411

■ 153.5420,
-12.0992, 7.4177

■ 125.2840,
-54.3700, 32.1999

■ 157.7140, -6.2680,
3.7588

■ 121.2260,
-59.7644, 35.7588

■ 161.8860, -0.4368,
0.1000

■ 166.0580, 5.3944,
-3.5589

■ 169.6430, 11.5150,
-6.7029

■ 173.9290, 17.7830,

-10.4617

■ 178.1010, 23.6142,
-14.1206

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



143.8420, -27.0371, 38.7266



141.4990, -30.3190, 17.9794



137.9410, -24.1279, -7.8413

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



141.4990, -30.3190, 17.9794



114.0980, 31.0107, -100.0639



148.2380, 12.7007, 33.1173

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



141.4990, -30.3190, 17.9794



100.5010, 30.3190, -17.9794

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



146.9660, 25.1598, 3.5378



141.4990, -30.3190, 17.9794



123.2390, 37.3502, -80.0166

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



141.4990, -30.3190, 17.9794



122.8120, 11.4317, -73.5031



139.2000, 33.4254, -34.3784



146.8520, -1.8990, 49.2418

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



141.4990, -30.3190, 17.9794



135.1110, -15.3377, -27.2843



139.2000, 33.4254, -34.3784



148.0350, 17.2377, 24.5253

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



141.4990, -30.3190, 17.9794



203.6560, -11.6624, 7.3177



106.6840, -3.7882, 48.5121



102.4860, -7.1416, 3.9588



235.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



107.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



141.4990, -30.3190, 17.9794



179.6840, -47.6652, 28.3411



146.0740, -32.5745, -5.3269



79.8000, -3.3524, 1.9294



109.0990, -53.7858, 31.4852



13.6000, -6.7048, 3.8588

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



100.5010, 30.3190, -17.9794



114.7290, 47.9546, -27.8263



95.9260, 32.5745, 5.3269



75.2000, 3.3524, -1.9294



36.4880, 53.4964, -32.0000



4.4000, 6.7048, -3.8588

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 141.4990, -30.3190, 17.9794 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

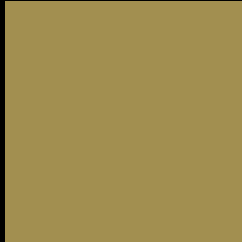
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 141.4990, -30.3190, 17.9794 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

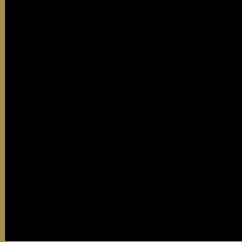
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 141.4990, -30.3190, 17.9794 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 141.4990, -30.3190, 17.9794.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 141.4990, -30.3190, 17.9794.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

141.4990, -30.3190, 17.9794

Protanopia

140.8900, -30.0188, 15.0055

Deuteranopia

142.2770, -30.2096, 29.5751



Tritanopia

146.1210, -0.0597, 19.1879

Trichromacy



Original Color

141.4990, -30.3190, 17.9794

Protanomaly

141.1890, -30.1662, 15.6202

Deuteranomaly

141.9560, -30.0513, 25.4716

Tritanomaly

144.5480, -11.1162, 18.8134

Monochromacy



Original Color

141.4990, -30.3190, 17.9794

Achromatopsia

141.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

141.4710, -11.0782, 6.6029

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 141.4990, -30.3190, 17.9794 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(162, 143, 80)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(162, 143, 80)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(162, 143, 80) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(162, 143, 80) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 141.4990, -30.3190, 17.9794 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(162, 143, 80) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(162, 143, 80) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(162, 143, 80)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(162, 143, 80); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(162, 143, 80);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(162, 143,  
80) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 141.4990, -30.3190, 17.9794 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(162, 143, 80) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(162,  
143, 80) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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