

Converting Colors

YUV(141.5240, -8.1463, -0.4595)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(141.5240, -8.1463, -0.4595)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(141.5240, -8.1463,
-0.4595)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8D917D
RGB	141, 145, 125
RGB Percent	55%, 57%, 49%
CMY	0.4471, 0.4314, 0.5098
CMYK	0.03, 0.00, 0.14, 0.43
HSL	72°, 8%, 53%
HSV	72°, 14%, 57%
XYZ	24.8116, 27.3942, 23.3819
YIQ	141.5240, 4.0360, -7.0680

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

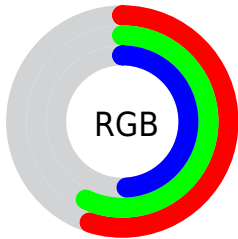
Format	Color
R _Y B	125, 145, 129
Decimal	9277821
CIE Lab	59.34, -5.18, 10.13
CIE LCh	59, 11.372, 117.085
Yxy	27.3942, 0.3282, 0.3624
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287467901 (0xFF8D917D)
YUV	141.5240, -8.1463, -0.4595
Hunter-Lab	52.3395, -6.9759, 10.1506

Details

The YUV color $[141.5240, -8.1463, -0.4595]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $[128.4760, 8.1463, 0.4595]$, and the grayscale version is $[142.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[195.4100, -8.5831, -0.3596]$, and $[91.6380, -7.7095, -0.5595]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[138.9170, -14.2561, -0.8042]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[144.0170, -2.4734, -0.0149]$.

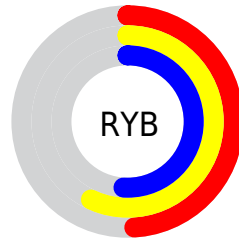
Distribution



Red (55%)

Green (57%)

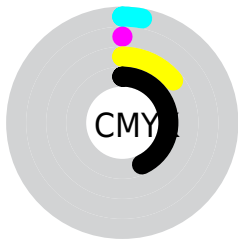
Blue (49%)



Red (49%)

Yellow (57%)

Blue (51%)

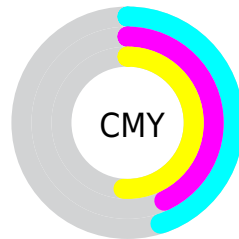


Cyan (3%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (14%)

Black (43%)



Cyan (45%)

Magenta (43%)

Yellow (51%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 141.5240, -8.1463, -0.4595 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 141.5240, -8.1463, -0.4595 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 141.5240, -8.1463,
-0.4595

■ 141.5240, -8.1463,
-0.4595

255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 115.6380, -7.7095,
-0.5595

■ 195.4100, -8.5831,
-0.3596

■ 91.6380, -7.7095,
-0.5595

■ 223.2960, -9.0199,
-0.2596

■ 67.7520, -7.2727,
-0.6595

■ 251.2960, -9.0199,
-0.2596

■ 45.8660, -6.8359,
-0.7595

■ 24.9370, -7.8569,
0.0553

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 141.5240, -8.1463,
-0.4595

■ 141.5240, -8.1463,
-0.4595

■ 138.9170,
-14.2561, -0.8042

■ 144.0170, -2.4734,
-0.0149

■ 136.4240,
-19.9290, -1.2488

■ 146.6240, 3.6364,
0.3298

■ 133.9310,
-25.6020, -1.6935

■ 149.2310, 9.7461,
0.6744

■ 131.3240,
-31.7117, -2.0381

■ 151.7240, 15.4191,
1.1191

■ 129.1300,
-37.5321, -1.8680

■ 154.0320, 21.6762,
0.8489

■ 126.5230,
-43.6418, -2.2127

■ 156.5250, 27.3492,
1.2936

■ 123.9160,
-49.7516, -2.5573

■ 159.1320, 33.4589,
1.6382

■ 121.4230,

■ 161.6250, 39.1319,

-55.4245, -3.0020

2.0829

■ 119.7990,
-59.0609, -3.3317

■ 164.1180, 44.8048,
2.5275

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



142.8240, -9.7732, 8.0474



141.5240, -8.1463, -0.4595



140.2070, -4.0461, -8.9515

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



141.5240, -8.1463, -0.4595



140.5940, 9.0742, -17.1839



144.6860, -0.3382, 15.1844

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



141.5240, -8.1463, -0.4595



128.4760, 8.1463, 0.4595

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



144.9070, 4.4828, 8.8516



141.5240, -8.1463, -0.4595



142.2790, 10.2155, -9.8917

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



141.5240, -8.1463, -0.4595



139.7740, 6.0274, -19.9728



144.1770, 8.2937, -0.1552



144.7310, -5.2904, 16.8989

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



141.5240, -8.1463, -0.4595



139.3850, -0.6828, -14.3696



144.1770, 8.2937, -0.1552



144.8430, 1.5564, 14.1697

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



141.5240, -8.1463, -0.4595



187.4900, -3.1996, -0.4297



133.3280, -4.1057, 10.2363



93.2450, -1.5998, -0.2149



222.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



94.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



141.5240, -8.1463, -0.4595



183.2590, -12.9457, -1.1041



138.5340, -6.6723, -6.6073



69.9030, -2.9102, 0.0851



111.5370, -54.9877, -3.1019



6.4900, -3.1996, -0.4297

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



128.4760, 8.1463, 0.4595



162.4420, 13.0931, 0.4894



131.4660, 6.6723, 6.6073



65.3960, 2.7628, 0.5297



23.4630, 54.9877, 3.1019



1.5100, 3.1996, 0.4297

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 141.5240, -8.1463, -0.4595 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 141.5240, -8.1463, -0.4595 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

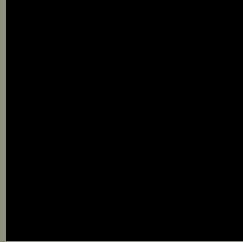
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 141.5240, -8.1463, -0.4595

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 141.5240, -8.1463, -0.4595.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 141.5240, -8.1463, -0.4595.

-0.4595.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

141.5240, -8.1463, -0.4595

Protanopia

142.3400, -9.0416, 6.7178

Deuteranopia

143.9220, -8.3425, 15.8544



Tritanopia

143.4500, 4.2152, 1.3594

Trichromacy



Original Color

141.5240, -8.1463, -0.4595

Protanomaly

142.0300, -8.8888, 4.3587

Deuteranomaly

143.1770, -8.4683, 9.4918

Tritanomaly

142.5980, -0.2948, 1.2296

Monochromacy



Original Color

141.5240, -8.1463, -0.4595

Achromatopsia

142.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

141.9030, -2.9102, 0.0851

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 141.5240, -8.1463, -0.4595 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(141, 145, 125)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(141, 145, 125)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(141, 145, 125) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(141, 145, 125) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 141.5240, -8.1463, -0.4595 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(141, 145, 125) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(141, 145, 125) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(141, 145, 125)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(141, 145, 125); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(141, 145, 125);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(141, 145,  
125) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 141.5240, -8.1463, -0.4595 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(141, 145, 125) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(141,  
145, 125) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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