

# Converting Colors

YUV(141.8470, -4.8546,  
-29.6838)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(141.8470, -4.8546, -29.6838)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(141.8470, -4.8546,  
-29.6838)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6CA184
RGB	108, 161, 132
RGB Percent	42%, 63%, 52%
CMY	0.5765, 0.3686, 0.4824
CMYK	0.33, 0.00, 0.18, 0.37
HSL	147°, 22%, 53%
HSV	147°, 33%, 63%
XYZ	23.0941, 30.3438, 26.4696
YIQ	141.8470, -22.2790, -20.2550

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

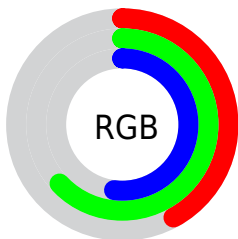
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">108, 144, 161</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">7119236</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">61.95, -23.99, 9.57</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">62, 25.828, 158.243</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">30.3438, 0.2890, 0.3797</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4285309316 (0xFF6CA184)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">141.8470, -4.8546, -29.6838</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">55.0852, -21.5644, 10.0696</a>

# Details

The YUV color **141.8470, -4.8546, -29.6838** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669966**. A complement of this color would be **127.1530, 4.8546, 29.6838**, and the grayscale version is **142.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **196.0210, -5.4334, -30.7134**, and **90.7870, -3.8390, -28.7542** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **136.0370, -6.4272, -38.6204**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **147.6570, -3.2819, -20.7472**.

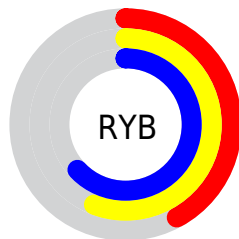
# Distribution



Red (42%)

Green (63%)

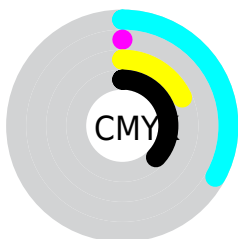
Blue (52%)



Red (42%)

Yellow (56%)

Blue (63%)

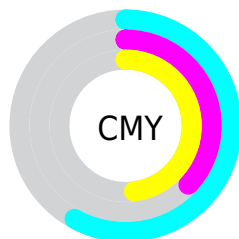


Cyan (33%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (18%)

Black (37%)



Cyan (58%)

Magenta (37%)

Yellow (48%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 141.8470, -4.8546, -29.6838 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 141.8470, -4.8546, -29.6838 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 141.8470, -4.8546,  
-29.6838

 141.8470, -4.8546,  
-29.6838


255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 116.2600, -4.5652,  
-29.1690


 196.0210, -5.4334,  
-30.7134


 90.7870, -3.8390,  
-28.7542


 224.3090, -5.5753,  
-31.8430


 66.4880, -3.6916,  
-29.3690

 242.0420, -0.5137,  
-21.9618

 41.6340, -1.7916,  
-32.1280

 252.0100, 1.4741,  
-6.1478

 24.8310, -3.8607,  
-21.7768

 7.6310, -3.7621,  
-6.6924

 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 141.8470, -4.8546,  
-29.6838

■ 141.8470, -4.8546,  
-29.6838

■ 136.0370, -6.4272,  
-38.6204

■ 147.6570, -3.2819,  
-20.7472

■ 130.2270, -7.9999,  
-47.5571

■ 153.4670, -1.7092,  
-11.8106

■ 124.5310, -9.1358,  
-56.5937

■ 159.1630, -0.5734,  
-2.7740

■ 118.7210,  
-10.7085, -65.5303

■ 164.9730, 0.9993,  
6.1627

■ 112.9110,  
-12.2811, -74.4669

■ 170.7830, 2.5720,  
15.0993

■ 106.8020,  
-13.7064, -84.0184

■ 176.8920, 3.9972,  
24.6507

■ 102.8290,  
-14.7057, -90.1810

■ 182.7020, 5.5699,  
33.5873

■ 188.3980, 6.7058,  
42.6240

■ 194.2080, 8.2785,  
51.5606

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



145.1070, -15.8288, -9.7408



141.8470, -4.8546, -29.6838



138.4780, 8.1453, -46.0232

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



141.8470, -4.8546, -29.6838



149.1500, 22.6041, -16.7945



151.4470, -14.5174, 36.4420

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



141.8470, -4.8546, -29.6838



127.1530, 4.8546, 29.6838

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



152.7920, -4.3345, 37.0164



141.8470, -4.8546, -29.6838



152.6970, 16.4184, 7.2817

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



141.8470, -4.8546, -29.6838



143.3490, 23.9849, -39.7711



153.2990, 6.7546, 26.9248



150.0730, -20.7420, 26.2460



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



141.8470, -4.8546, -29.6838



137.7960, 15.8766, -52.4411



153.2990, 6.7546, 26.9248



151.6690, -11.1758, 38.0013

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



141.8470, -4.8546, -29.6838



201.4670, -1.7092, -11.8106



147.7820, -19.6125, -9.4558



100.3150, -1.1413, -7.2923



232.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



105.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



141.8470, -4.8546, -29.6838



178.6400, -7.7105, -47.0423



144.8110, 6.5022, -32.2832



78.7390, -0.8573, -5.0331



92.6390, -13.1330, -81.2444



11.4780, -1.7147, -10.0662



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



127.1530, 4.8546, 29.6838



155.3600, 7.7105, 47.0423



124.1890, -6.5022, 32.2832



76.2610, 0.8573, 5.0331



52.4750, 13.5698, 81.1444



6.5220, 1.7147, 10.0662



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 141.8470, -4.8546, -29.6838 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 141.8470, -4.8546, -29.6838 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

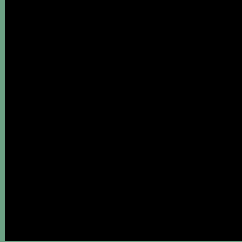
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 141.8470, -4.8546, -29.6838

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 141.8470, -4.8546, -29.6838.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 141.8470, -4.8546, -29.6838.

-29.6838.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

141.8470, -4.8546, -29.6838

### Protanopia

148.7700, -11.2256, 7.2177

### Deuteranopia

150.2640, -7.0322, 15.5545



## Tritanopia

145.4080, 11.1379, -25.7908

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

141.8470, -4.8546, -29.6838

## Protanomaly

145.9640, -8.8563, -6.1074

## Deuteranomaly

147.0940, -5.9623, -0.9594

## Tritanomaly

144.2030, 5.3229, -27.3650

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

141.8470, -4.8546, -29.6838

## Achromatopsia

142.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

142.0650, -2.0040, -10.5810

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 141.8470, -4.8546, -29.6838 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(108, 161, 132)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(108, 161, 132)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(108, 161, 132) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(108, 161, 132) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 141.8470, -4.8546, -29.6838 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(108, 161, 132) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(108, 161, 132) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(108, 161, 132)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(108, 161, 132); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(108, 161, 132);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(108, 161,  
132) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 141.8470, -4.8546, -29.6838 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(108, 161, 132) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(108,  
161, 132) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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