

Converting Colors

YUV(142.0200, 2.9481,
-12.2955)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(142.0200, 2.9481, -12.2955)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(142.0200, 2.9481,
-12.2955)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	809494
RGB	128, 148, 148
RGB Percent	50%, 58%, 58%
CMY	0.4980, 0.4196, 0.4196
CMYK	0.14, 0.00, 0.00, 0.42
HSL	180°, 9%, 54%
HSV	180°, 14%, 58%
XYZ	24.8373, 27.9071, 32.0945
YIQ	142.0200, -11.9200, -4.2400

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

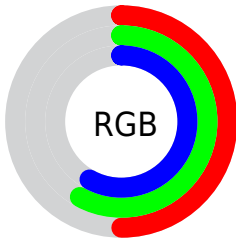
Format	Color
R_{YB}	128, 138, 148
Decimal	8426644
CIE _{Lab}	59.80, -7.08, -2.40
CIE _{LCh}	60, 7.479, 198.757
Yxy	27.9071, 0.2928, 0.3289
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286616724 (0xFF809494)
YUV	142.0200, 2.9481, -12.2955
Hunter-Lab	52.8272, -8.5238, 0.9581

Details

The YUV color $[142.0200, 2.9481, -12.2955]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $[133.9800, -2.9481, 12.2955]$, and the grayscale version is $[142.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[195.7210, 3.0955, -12.9103]$, and $[91.6180, 2.6533, -11.0660]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[137.5350, 5.1592, -21.5172]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[146.5050, 0.7370, -3.0739]$.

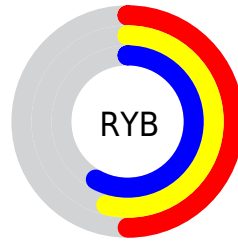
Distribution



Red (50%)

Green (58%)

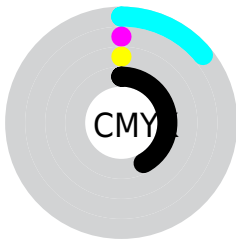
Blue (58%)



Red (50%)

Yellow (54%)

Blue (58%)

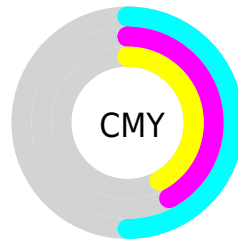


Cyan (14%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (42%)



Cyan (50%)

Magenta (42%)

Yellow (42%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 142.0200, 2.9481, -12.2955 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 142.0200, 2.9481, -12.2955 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 142.0200, 2.9481,
-12.2955

■ 142.0200, 2.9481,
-12.2955

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 116.3190, 2.8007,
-11.6808

■ 195.7210, 3.0955,
-12.9103

■ 91.6180, 2.6533,
-11.0660

■ 223.7210, 3.0955,
-12.9103

■ 68.3190, 2.8007,
-11.6808

■ 249.6180, 2.6533,
-11.0660

■ 45.6180, 2.6533,
-11.0660

■ 24.9170, 2.5059,
-10.4512

■ 0.5700, 2.1840,
-0.4999

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 142.0200, 2.9481,
-12.2955

■ 142.0200, 2.9481,
-12.2955

■ 137.5350, 5.1592,
-21.5172

■ 146.5050, 0.7370,
-3.0739

■ 133.0500, 7.3703,
-30.7389

■ 150.9900, -1.4741,
6.1478

■ 128.8640, 9.4340,
-39.3457

■ 155.1760, -3.5378,
14.7546

■ 124.3790, 11.6452,
-48.5674

■ 159.6610, -5.7489,
23.9763

■ 119.8940, 13.8563,
-57.7890

■ 164.1460, -7.9600,
33.1980

■ 115.4090, 16.0674,
-67.0107

■ 168.6310,
-10.1711, 42.4196

■ 110.9240, 18.2785,
-76.2323

■ 173.1160,
-12.3822, 51.6413

■ 106.7380, 20.3422,
-84.8392

■ 177.3020,
-14.4459, 60.2481

■ 103.7480, 21.8162,
-90.9870

■ 179.9930,
-15.7725, 65.7811

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



142.1190, -0.5517, -9.7514



142.0200, 2.9481, -12.2955



142.4160, 5.7109, -11.7658

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



142.0200, 2.9481, -12.2955



145.0590, 3.9149, 4.3333



144.3230, -6.5682, 6.7327

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



142.0200, 2.9481, -12.2955



133.9800, -2.9481, 12.2955

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



144.9860, -5.4161, 10.5363



142.0200, 2.9481, -12.2955



145.5820, 0.6991, 9.1366

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



142.0200, 2.9481, -12.2955



144.1830, 5.8258, -1.9145



145.6810, -2.8007, 11.6808



143.5180, -5.6784, 1.2997

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



142.0200, 2.9481, -12.2955



142.9540, 6.4317, -9.6067



145.6810, -2.8007, 11.6808



144.4480, -6.1369, 8.3771

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



142.0200, 2.9481, -12.2955



188.9070, 1.0318, -4.3034



139.7400, -5.7878, -10.2960



95.5050, 0.7370, -3.0739



224.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



97.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



142.0200, 2.9481, -12.2955



182.0300, 4.4222, -18.4433



136.1500, 5.8421, -7.1475



71.9070, 1.0318, -4.3034



96.7380, 20.3422, -84.8392



7.0100, 1.4741, -6.1478

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



136.2600, 5.7878, 10.2960



173.3900, 8.6817, 15.4440



139.8500, -5.8420, 7.1476



69.8910, 2.0257, 3.6036



56.9940, 39.9360, 71.0423



4.1300, 2.8939, 5.1480

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 142.0200, 2.9481, -12.2955 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 142.0200, 2.9481, -12.2955 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

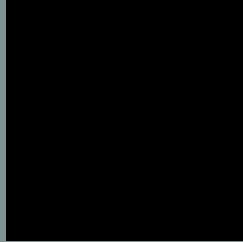
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

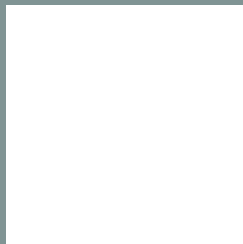
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 142.0200, 2.9481, -12.2955

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 142.0200, 2.9481, -12.2955.



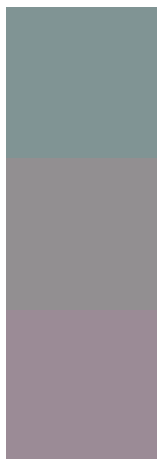
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 142.0200, 2.9481, -12.2955.

-12.2955.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

142.0200, 2.9481, -12.2955

Protanopia

144.1250, 0.4314, 1.6444

Deuteranopia

145.0380, 2.4463, 8.7367



Tritanopia

142.5840, 7.6001, -11.0362

Trichromacy



Original Color

142.0200, 2.9481, -12.2955

Protanomaly

143.3200, 1.3212, -3.7886

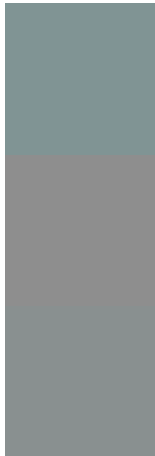
Deuteranomaly

143.6950, 2.6154, 1.1445

Tritanomaly

142.4160, 5.7109, -11.7658

Monochromacy



Original Color

142.0200, 2.9481, -12.2955

Achromatopsia

142.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

141.9070, 1.0318, -4.3034

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 142.0200, 2.9481, -12.2955 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(128, 148, 148)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(128, 148, 148)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(128, 148, 148) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(128, 148, 148) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 142.0200, 2.9481, -12.2955 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(128, 148, 148) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(128, 148, 148) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(128, 148, 148)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(128, 148, 148); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 148, 148);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 148,  
148) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 142.0200, 2.9481, -12.2955 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(128, 148, 148) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(128,  
148, 148) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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