

# Converting Colors

YUV(142.1010, -29.6298,  
77.0874)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(142.1010, -29.6298, 77.0874)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(142.1010, -29.6298,  
77.0874)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	E66D52
RGB	230, 109, 82
RGB Percent	90%, 43%, 32%
CMY	0.0980, 0.5725, 0.6784
CMYK	0.00, 0.53, 0.64, 0.10
HSL	11°, 75%, 61%
HSV	11°, 64%, 90%
XYZ	39.6248, 28.3695, 11.3700
YIQ	142.1010, 80.7830, 17.2550

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

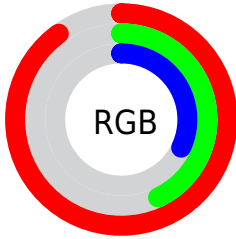
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">230, 115, 82</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">15101266</a>
<a href="#">CIELab</a>	<a href="#">60.22, 44.98, 37.23</a>
<a href="#">CIElCh</a>	<a href="#">60, 58.392, 39.618</a>
<a href="#">Yxy</a>	<a href="#">28.3695, 0.4993, 0.3575</a>
<a href="#">Android (android.graphics.Color)</a>	<a href="#">4293291346 (0xFFE66D52)</a>
<a href="#">YUV</a>	<a href="#">142.1010, -29.6298, 77.0874</a>
<a href="#">Hunter-Lab</a>	<a href="#">53.2630, 39.5840, 24.6275</a>

# Details

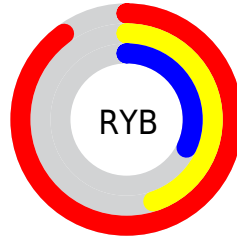
The YUV color **142.1010, -29.6298, 77.0874** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6633**. The color can be described as middle muted orange. A complement of this color would be **169.8990, 29.6298, -77.0874**, and the grayscale version is **142.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **186.9740, -27.1022, 59.6588**, and **87.5070, -25.3930, 71.4694** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **128.3260, -34.1777, 89.1681**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **155.8760, -25.0819, 65.0067**.

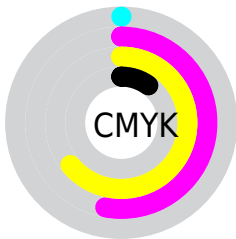
# Distribution



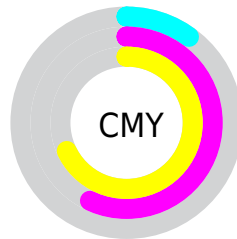
- Red (90%)
- Green (43%)
- Blue (32%)



- Red (90%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Blue (32%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (53%)
- Yellow (64%)
- Black (10%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (57%)
- Yellow (68%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 142.1010, -29.6298, 77.0874 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 142.1010, -29.6298, 77.0874 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



142.1010,  
-29.6298, 77.0874

142.1010,  
-29.6298, 77.0874

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

114.8340,  
-28.0192, 73.8136

186.9740,  
-27.1022, 59.6588

87.5070, -25.3930,  
71.4694

206.3740,  
-23.8484, 42.6450

59.5930, -22.4773,  
69.6399

226.5890,  
-20.0104, 24.9164

32.5910, -16.0674,  
67.0107

246.6900,  
-16.6092, 7.2879

23.9200, -11.7926,  
49.1822

253.5180, -5.6784,  
1.2997

16.3740, -7.0864,  
32.9980

2.0930, -1.0318,

4.3034

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 142.1010,  
-29.6298, 77.0874

■ 142.1010,  
-29.6298, 77.0874

■ 128.3260,  
-34.1777, 89.1681

■ 155.8760,  
-25.0819, 65.0067

■ 114.5510,  
-38.7256, 101.2488

■ 169.6510,  
-20.5339, 52.9261

■ 101.3630,  
-43.5630, 112.8146

■ 182.8390,  
-15.6966, 41.3602

■ 93.4240, -46.0580,  
119.7772

■ 196.6140,  
-11.1487, 29.2795

■ 210.3890, -6.6008,  
17.1988

■ 224.1640, -2.0529,  
5.1182

■ 237.9390, 2.4951,  
-6.9625

■ 247.5250, 3.6852,  
-15.3694

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



143.3340, -6.0807, 83.8991



142.1010, -29.6298, 77.0874



141.1260, -47.8831, 51.6325

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



142.1010, -29.6298, 77.0874



110.2270, -1.5909, -96.6691



133.9040, 55.7563, -56.9208

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



142.1010, -29.6298, 77.0874



169.8990, 29.6298, -77.0874

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



121.3940, 58.9658, -106.4625



142.1010, -29.6298, 77.0874



118.1440, 21.1280, -103.6123

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



142.1010, -29.6298, 77.0874



130.9590, -34.9828, -26.2740



122.5560, 43.1099, -107.4816



148.9690, 37.4833, 17.5672



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



142.1010, -29.6298, 77.0874



138.2020, -53.3436, 29.6408



122.5560, 43.1099, -107.4816



116.9090, 64.6279, -102.5292

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



142.1010, -29.6298, 77.0874



226.0480, -9.3907, 25.3909



140.2740, 31.9099, 78.6897



110.4920, -6.1586, 15.3545



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



142.1010, -29.6298, 77.0874



138.1490, -39.0205, 102.4783



184.3650, -50.4659, 40.0219



107.7620, -2.3477, 6.3477



72.8920, -35.9358, 93.0567



20.5320, -10.1223, 26.7204



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



169.8990, 29.6298, -77.0874



175.2640, 39.3098, -101.9635



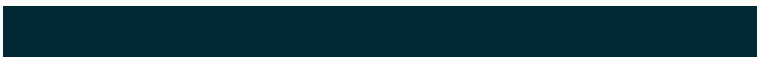
127.6350, 50.4659, -40.0219



110.2380, 2.3477, -6.3477



106.1080, 35.9358, -93.0567

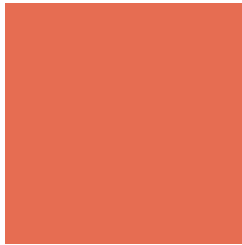


30.4680, 10.1223, -26.7204



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 142.1010, -29.6298, 77.0874 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 142.1010, -29.6298, 77.0874 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 142.1010, -29.6298, 77.0874

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 142.1010, -29.6298, 77.0874.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 142.1010, -29.6298, 77.0874.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

142.1010, -29.6298, 77.0874

### Protanopia

143.8880, -23.6088, 12.3762

### Deuteranopia

143.7780, -33.4146, 30.8897



## Tritanopia

143.7710, -15.6631, 77.3768

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

142.1010, -29.6298, 77.0874

## Protanomaly

143.4610, -25.8633, 35.5527

## Deuteranomaly

143.2300, -32.1584, 48.0333

## Tritanomaly

142.8050, -20.6099, 77.3470

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

142.1010, -29.6298, 77.0874

## Achromatopsia

142.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

142.0160, -10.8539, 28.0500

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 142.1010, -29.6298, 77.0874 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(230, 109, 82)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(230, 109, 82)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(230, 109, 82) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(230, 109, 82) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 142.1010, -29.6298, 77.0874 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(230, 109, 82) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(230, 109, 82) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(230, 109, 82)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(230, 109, 82); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(230, 109, 82);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(230, 109,  
82) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 142.1010, -29.6298, 77.0874 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(230, 109, 82) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(230,  
109, 82) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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