

Converting Colors

YUV(142.1500, -10.9200,
2.4994)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(142.1500, -10.9200, 2.4994)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(142.1500, -10.9200,
2.4994)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	919178
RGB	145, 145, 120
RGB Percent	57%, 57%, 47%
CMY	0.4314, 0.4314, 0.5294
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.17, 0.43
HSL	60°, 10%, 52%
HSV	60°, 17%, 57%
XYZ	25.1926, 27.6266, 21.7740
YIQ	142.1500, 8.0250, -7.7750

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

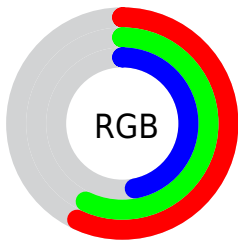
Format	Color
R_{YB}	120, 145, 120
Decimal	9539960
CIE _{Lab}	59.55, -4.47, 13.30
CIE _{LCh}	60, 14.032, 108.559
Yxy	27.6266, 0.3377, 0.3704
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287730040 (0xFF919178)
YUV	142.1500, -10.9200, 2.4994
Hunter-Lab	52.5610, -6.4263, 12.2312

Details

The YUV color $[142.1500, -10.9200, 2.4994]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999966 . A complement of this color would be $[122.8500, 10.9200, -2.4994]$, and the grayscale version is $[142.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[195.9220, -11.7935, 2.6994]$, and $[91.9650, -10.3357, 1.7847]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[140.5540, -17.0351, 3.8991]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[143.8600, -4.3680, 0.9998]$.

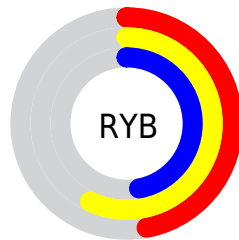
Distribution



Red (57%)

Green (57%)

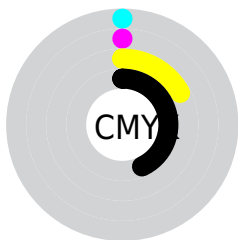
Blue (47%)



Red (47%)

Yellow (57%)

Blue (47%)

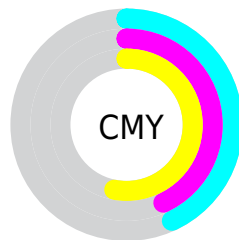


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (17%)

Black (43%)



Cyan (43%)

Magenta (43%)

Yellow (53%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 142.1500, -10.9200, 2.4994 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 142.1500, -10.9200, 2.4994 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 142.1500,
-10.9200, 2.4994

■ 142.1500,
-10.9200, 2.4994

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 116.2640,
-10.4832, 2.3995

■ 195.9220,
-11.7935, 2.6994

■ 91.9650, -10.3357,
1.7847

■ 223.9220,
-11.7935, 2.6994

■ 68.4920, -9.6096,
2.1995

■ 251.9220,
-11.7935, 2.6994

■ 46.3070, -9.0254,
1.4848

■ 25.0360, -11.3567,
2.5994

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 142.1500,
-10.9200, 2.4994

■ 142.1500,
-10.9200, 2.4994

■ 140.5540,
-17.0351, 3.8991

■ 143.8600, -4.3680,
0.9998

■ 138.8440,
-23.5871, 5.3988

■ 145.4560, 1.7472,
-0.3999

■ 137.2480,
-29.7023, 6.7985

■ 147.1660, 8.2992,
-1.8996

■ 135.5380,
-36.2542, 8.2982

■ 148.7620, 14.4143,
-3.2993

■ 133.8280,
-42.8062, 9.7978

■ 150.4720, 20.9663,
-4.7989

■ 132.2320,
-48.9214, 11.1975

■ 152.0680, 27.0815,
-6.1986

■ 130.6360,
-55.0365, 12.5972

■ 153.7780, 33.6334,
-7.6983

■ 128.9260,

■ 155.3740, 39.7486,

-61.5885, 14.0969

-9.0980

■ 128.4700,
-63.3357, 14.4968

■ 157.0840, 46.3006,
-10.5977

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



143.6890, -11.6787, 12.5507



142.1500, -10.9200, 2.4994



140.5230, -6.6668, -8.3517

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



142.1500, -10.9200, 2.4994



139.6040, 10.5482, -23.3317



145.8650, 1.5456, 17.6584

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



142.1500, -10.9200, 2.4994



122.8500, 10.9200, -2.4994

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



145.5910, 7.1036, 8.2517



142.1500, -10.9200, 2.4994



141.8160, 12.4157, -15.6246

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



142.1500, -10.9200, 2.4994



139.0400, 5.8963, -24.5911



144.2520, 11.2148, -3.7290



145.5790, -4.7224, 21.4172

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



142.1500, -10.9200, 2.4994



139.8040, -2.8614, -15.6141



144.2520, 11.2148, -3.7290



146.0110, 3.4456, 14.8994

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



142.1500, -10.9200, 2.4994



187.8600, -4.3680, 0.9998



127.4750, -3.6852, 15.3694



93.4300, -2.1840, 0.4999



222.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



94.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



142.1500, -10.9200, 2.4994



184.4400, -17.4719, 3.9991



138.5620, -9.1511, -4.8779



70.2020, -3.0576, 0.6998



119.6100, -58.9677, 13.4970



7.0880, -3.4944, 0.7998

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



122.8500, 10.9200, -2.4994



153.5600, 17.4719, -3.9991



126.7370, 9.0037, 5.4927



64.7980, 3.0576, -0.6998



15.3900, 58.9677, -13.4970



0.9120, 3.4944, -0.7998

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 142.1500, -10.9200, 2.4994 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 142.1500, -10.9200, 2.4994 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

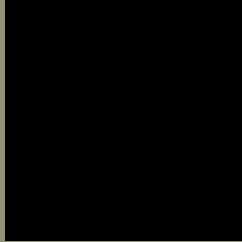
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 142.1500, -10.9200, 2.4994 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 142.1500, -10.9200, 2.4994.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 142.1500, -10.9200,

2.4994.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

142.1500, -10.9200, 2.4994

Protanopia

142.6560, -11.6624, 7.3177

Deuteranopia

144.1350, -11.4056, 18.2986



Tritanopia

144.6460, 3.6255, 3.8185

Trichromacy



Original Color

142.1500, -10.9200, 2.4994

Protanomaly

142.6450, -11.6570, 5.5733

Deuteranomaly

143.8030, -11.2419, 12.4508

Tritanomaly

143.5660, -1.7580, 3.8886

Monochromacy



Original Color

142.1500, -10.9200, 2.4994

Achromatopsia

142.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

141.9740, -3.9312, 0.8998

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 142.1500, -10.9200, 2.4994 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(145, 145, 120)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(145, 145, 120)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(145, 145, 120) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(145, 145, 120) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 142.1500, -10.9200, 2.4994 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(145, 145, 120) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(145, 145, 120) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(145, 145, 120)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(145, 145, 120); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(145, 145, 120);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(145, 145,  
120) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 142.1500, -10.9200, 2.4994 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(145, 145, 120) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(145,  
145, 120) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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