

Converting Colors

YUV(142.2460, -40.0543,
13.8163)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(142.2460, -40.0543, 13.8163)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(142.2460, -40.0543,
13.8163)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9E963D
RGB	158, 150, 61
RGB Percent	62%, 59%, 24%
CMY	0.3804, 0.4118, 0.7608
CMYK	0.00, 0.05, 0.61, 0.38
HSL	55°, 44%, 43%
HSV	55°, 61%, 62%
XYZ	25.8492, 29.4187, 8.7309
YIQ	142.2460, 33.3370, -25.9830

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

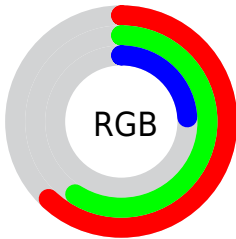
Format	Color
RYB	70, 158, 61
Decimal	10393149
CIELab	61.15, -8.59, 46.77
CIELCh	61, 47.555, 100.412
Yxy	29.4187, 0.4039, 0.4597
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288583229 (0xFF9E963D)
YUV	142.2460, -40.0543, 13.8163
Hunter-Lab	54.2390, -9.8489, 28.4234

Details

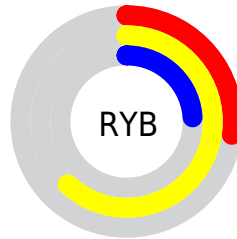
The YUV color **142.2460, -40.0543, 13.8163** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999933**. A complement of this color would be **76.7540, 40.0543, -13.8163**, and the grayscale version is **143.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **196.8010, -41.8069, 15.9605**, and **89.6650, -42.2328, 12.5718** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **139.8350, -46.7537, 15.9307**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **144.6570, -33.3549, 11.7018**.

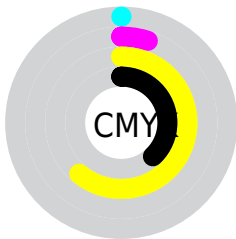
Distribution



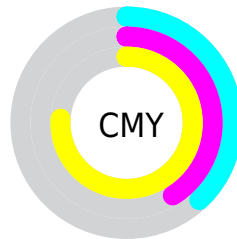
- Red (62%)
- Green (59%)
- Blue (24%)



- Red (27%)
- Yellow (62%)
- Blue (24%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (61%)
- Black (38%)



- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (41%)
- Yellow (76%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 142.2460, -40.0543, 13.8163 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 142.2460, -40.0543, 13.8163 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 142.2460,
-40.0543, 13.8163

■ 142.2460,
-40.0543, 13.8163

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 115.9470,
-39.9069, 13.2015

■ 196.8010,
-41.8069, 15.9605

■ 89.6650, -42.2328,
12.5718

■ 224.9860,
-42.3911, 16.6753

■ 67.9340, -33.4915,
8.8279

■ 244.8540,
-38.8750, 8.8980

■ 46.9580, -23.1503,
5.2988

■ 247.9320,
-27.0815, 6.1986

■ 27.1560, -13.3879,
0.7402

■ 251.2380,
-14.4143, 3.2993

■ 4.6960, -2.3151,
-4.1184

■ 254.5440, -1.7472,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.3999

0.0000

■ 142.2460,
-40.0543, 13.8163

■ 142.2460,
-40.0543, 13.8163

■ 139.8350,
-46.7537, 15.9307

■ 144.6570,
-33.3549, 11.7018

■ 136.8370,
-53.1636, 18.5600

■ 147.6550,
-26.9449, 9.0726

■ 134.5400,
-59.4262, 20.5744

■ 149.9520,
-20.6823, 7.0581

■ 132.3570,
-65.2520, 22.4889

■ 152.3630,
-13.9830, 4.9436

■ 155.3610, -7.5730,
2.3144

■ 157.7720, -0.8736,
0.2000

■ 160.1830, 5.8258,
-1.9145

■ 162.4800, 12.0884,
-3.9290

■ 165.4780, 18.4983,
-6.5582

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



145.1880, -38.5467, 43.6851



142.2460, -40.0543, 13.8163



137.2290, -27.7209, -22.1258

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



142.2460, -40.0543, 13.8163



120.9430, 39.4681, -106.0670



151.0600, 12.7884, 51.6904

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



142.2460, -40.0543, 13.8163



76.7540, 40.0543, -13.8163

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



151.8950, 29.6318, 15.8781



142.2460, -40.0543, 13.8163



119.6840, 52.4138, -104.9629

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



142.2460, -40.0543, 13.8163



117.5570, 21.4174, -103.0975



143.0070, 42.8875, -35.9631



148.5940, -7.1948, 67.8851

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



142.2460, -40.0543, 13.8163



130.5380, -13.0832, -50.4608



143.0070, 42.8875, -35.9631



151.9000, 18.7833, 42.1837

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



142.2460, -40.0543, 13.8163



200.3200, -15.4408, 5.8584



90.9150, -10.8041, 58.8335



101.2040, -9.4676, 3.3291



232.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



105.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



142.2460, -40.0543, 13.8163



181.9270, -63.0680, 21.9890



134.9820, -36.4731, -14.8932



77.5010, -3.2050, 1.3146



119.6540, -58.9894, 20.4744



12.7030, -6.2626, 2.0145

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



76.7540, 40.0543, -13.8163



78.4860, 63.3574, -21.4742



84.0180, 36.4731, 14.8932



72.4990, 3.2050, -1.3146



23.3460, 58.9894, -20.4744



2.2970, 6.2626, -2.0145

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 142.2460, -40.0543, 13.8163 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 142.2460, -40.0543, 13.8163 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

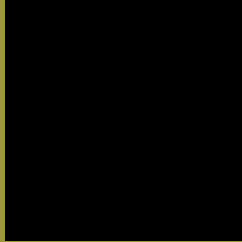
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 142.2460, -40.0543, 13.8163

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 142.2460, -40.0543, 13.8163.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 142.2460, -40.0543, 13.8163.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

142.2460, -40.0543, 13.8163

Protanopia

142.7520, -40.7967, 18.6345

Deuteranopia

144.1930, -39.5351, 34.0337



Tritanopia

149.7290, 1.1196, 14.2697

Trichromacy



Original Color

142.2460, -40.0543, 13.8163

Protanomaly

142.7410, -40.7913, 16.8901

Deuteranomaly

143.7360, -39.8028, 26.5415

Tritanomaly

146.8310, -13.7207, 14.1802

Monochromacy



Original Color

142.2460, -40.0543, 13.8163

Achromatopsia

142.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

142.2490, -14.4198, 5.0436

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 142.2460, -40.0543, 13.8163 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(158, 150, 61)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(158, 150, 61)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(158, 150, 61) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(158, 150, 61) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 142.2460, -40.0543, 13.8163 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(158, 150, 61) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(158, 150, 61) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(158, 150, 61)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(158, 150, 61); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(158, 150, 61);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(158, 150,  
61) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 142.2460, -40.0543, 13.8163 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(158, 150, 61) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(158,  
150, 61) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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