

Converting Colors

YUV(142.3860, -2.1623, -6.4775)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(142.3860, -2.1623, -6.4775)
contains.

YUV(142.3860, -2.1623, -6.4775)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YUV(142.3860, -2.1623,
-6.4775)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	87938A
RGB	135, 147, 138
RGB Percent	53%, 58%, 54%
CMY	0.4706, 0.4235, 0.4588
CMYK	0.08, 0.00, 0.06, 0.42
HSL	135°, 5%, 55%
HSV	135°, 8%, 58%
XYZ	25.0128, 27.8533, 28.1027
YIQ	142.3860, -4.2630, -5.3430

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

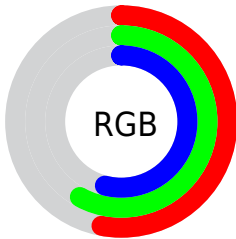
Format	Color
RYB	135, 145, 147
Decimal	8885130
CIELab	59.76, -6.12, 3.28
CIELCh	60, 6.942, 151.846
Yxy	27.8533, 0.3089, 0.3440
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287075210 (0xFF87938A)
YUV	142.3860, -2.1623, -6.4775
Hunter-Lab	52.7762, -7.7599, 5.3722

Details

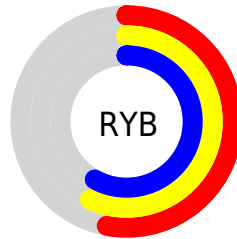
The YUV color $[142.3860, -2.1623, -6.4775]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $[139.6140, 2.1623, 6.4775]$, and the grayscale version is $[142.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[195.9730, -2.4517, -6.9923]$, and $[91.7990, -1.8729, -5.9627]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[136.6470, -4.7560, -14.5994]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[148.1250, 0.4314, 1.6444]$.

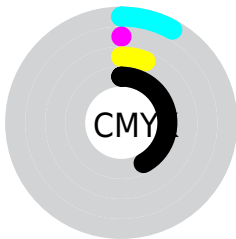
Distribution



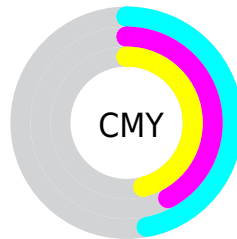
- Red (53%)
- Green (58%)
- Blue (54%)



- Red (53%)
- Yellow (57%)
- Blue (58%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (6%)
- Black (42%)



- Cyan (47%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (46%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 142.3860, -2.1623, -6.4775 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 142.3860, -2.1623, -6.4775 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 142.3860, -2.1623,
-6.4775

■ 142.3860, -2.1623,
-6.4775

255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 116.7990, -1.8729,
-5.9627

■ 195.9730, -2.4517,
-6.9923

■ 91.7990, -1.8729,
-5.9627

■ 223.9730, -2.4517,
-6.9923

■ 68.7990, -1.8729,
-5.9627

■ 250.9130, -1.4361,
-6.0627

■ 46.2120, -1.5835,
-5.4479

■ 25.5110, -1.7309,
-4.8331

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 142.3860, -2.1623,
-6.4775

■ 142.3860, -2.1623,
-6.4775

■ 136.6470, -4.7560,
-14.5994

■ 148.1250, 0.4314,
1.6444

■ 131.2070, -7.4971,
-22.1065

■ 153.5650, 3.1725,
9.1515

■ 125.4680,
-10.0907, -30.2284

■ 159.3040, 5.7661,
17.2734

■ 119.7290,
-12.6844, -38.3503

■ 165.0430, 8.3598,
25.3953

■ 114.2890,
-15.4255, -45.8575

■ 170.7820, 10.9535,
33.5172

■ 108.5500,
-18.0191, -53.9793

■ 176.2220, 13.6946,
41.0243

■ 102.8110,
-20.6128, -62.1012


■ 181.9610, 16.2882,
49.1462


■ 97.0720, -23.2065,

■ 187.7000, 18.8819,

-70.2231

57.2681

 91.6320, -25.9476,
-77.7303

 189.5520, 23.3919,
57.3979

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



143.4360, -4.6519, -1.2594



142.3860, -2.1623, -6.4775



142.1620, 0.9061, -10.6661

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



142.3860, -2.1623, -6.4775



143.5740, 6.1260, -4.8884



144.8550, -3.3795, 10.6512

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



142.3860, -2.1623, -6.4775



139.6140, 2.1623, 6.4775

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



145.5390, -0.7587, 10.0513



142.3860, -2.1623, -6.4775



144.5640, 4.6519, 1.2594

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



142.3860, -2.1623, -6.4775



142.7260, 5.5581, -9.4067



145.3150, 2.3097, 5.8627



144.5620, -5.7001, 8.2771

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



142.3860, -2.1623, -6.4775



142.3190, 2.8007, -11.6808



145.3150, 2.3097, 5.8627



145.0830, -2.5059, 10.4512

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



142.3860, -2.1623, -6.4775



189.4620, -0.7208, -2.1592



144.7350, -4.7994, -0.6446



96.1740, -0.5788, -1.0296



224.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



97.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



142.3860, -2.1623, -6.4775



183.7230, -3.3144, -10.2811



143.0700, 0.4585, -7.0774



71.2230, -1.5889, -3.7036



84.8820, -25.0848, -74.4415



6.2120, -1.5835, -5.4479

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



139.6140, 2.1623, 6.4775



179.2770, 3.3144, 10.2811



138.9300, -0.4585, 7.0774



69.6630, 1.1521, 3.8035



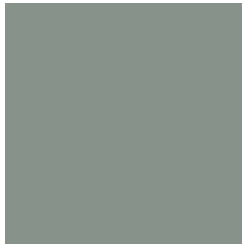
53.0040, 24.6480, 74.5415



3.9020, 2.0203, 5.3479

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 142.3860, -2.1623, -6.4775 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

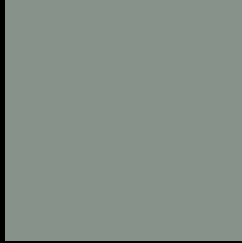
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 142.3860, -2.1623, -6.4775 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

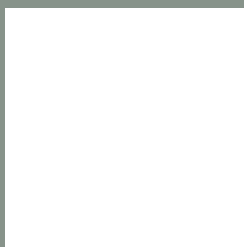
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 142.3860, -2.1623, -6.4775

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 142.3860, -2.1623, -6.4775.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 142.3860, -2.1623, -6.4775.

-6.4775.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

142.3860, -2.1623, -6.4775

Protanopia

143.6970, -3.7946, 3.7737

Deuteranopia

145.0940, -2.5113, 12.1956



Tritanopia

143.5740, 6.1260, -4.8884

Trichromacy



Original Color

142.3860, -2.1623, -6.4775

Protanomaly

142.9030, -2.9102, 0.0851

Deuteranomaly

144.0500, -2.4897, 5.2181

Tritanomaly

143.0640, 2.9264, -5.3181

Monochromacy



Original Color

142.3860, -2.1623, -6.4775

Achromatopsia

142.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

142.1630, -0.5734, -2.7740

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 142.3860, -2.1623, -6.4775 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(135, 147, 138)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(135, 147, 138)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(135, 147, 138) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(135, 147, 138) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 142.3860, -2.1623, -6.4775 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(135, 147, 138) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(135, 147, 138) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(135, 147, 138)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(135, 147, 138); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(135, 147, 138);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(135, 147,  
138) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 142.3860, -2.1623, -6.4775 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(135, 147, 138) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(135,  
147, 138) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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