

# Converting Colors

YUV(142.7280, -0.8519, -6.7775)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(142.7280, -0.8519, -6.7775)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(142.7280, -0.8519,  
-6.7775)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	87938D
RGB	135, 147, 141
RGB Percent	53%, 58%, 55%
CMY	0.4706, 0.4235, 0.4471
CMYK	0.08, 0.00, 0.04, 0.42
HSL	150°, 5%, 55%
HSV	150°, 8%, 58%
XYZ	25.2331, 27.9414, 29.2626
YIQ	142.7280, -5.2260, -4.4100

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

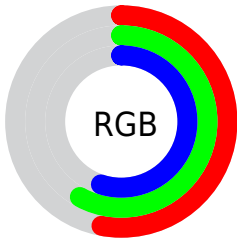
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">135, 143, 147</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">8885133</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">59.84, -5.53, 1.68</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">60, 5.778, 163.048</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">27.9414, 0.3061, 0.3389</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4287075213</a> ( <a href="#">0xFF87938D</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">142.7280, -0.8519, -6.7775</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">52.8596, -7.2955, 4.1794</a>

# Details

The YUV color  $[142.7280, -0.8519, -6.7775]$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $999999$ . A complement of this color would be  $[139.2720, 0.8519, 6.7775]$ , and the grayscale version is  $[143.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000]$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $[196.4290, -0.7045, -7.3922]$ , and  $[92.1410, -0.5625, -6.2627]$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $[137.4450, -1.6984, -15.2993]$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $[148.0110, -0.0054, 1.7444]$ .

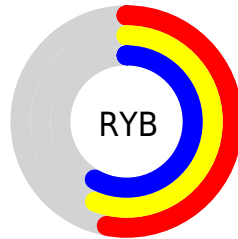
# Distribution



Red (53%)

Green (58%)

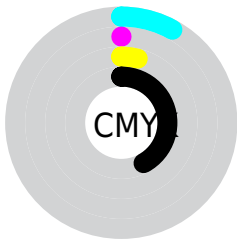
Blue (55%)



Red (53%)

Yellow (56%)

Blue (58%)

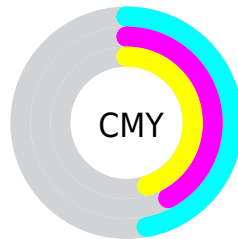


Cyan (8%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (4%)

Black (42%)



Cyan (47%)

Magenta (42%)

Yellow (45%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 142.7280, -0.8519, -6.7775 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 142.7280, -0.8519, -6.7775 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 142.7280, -0.8519,  
-6.7775

■ 142.7280, -0.8519,  
-6.7775

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 117.0270, -0.9993,  
-6.1627

■ 196.4290, -0.7045,  
-7.3922

■ 92.1410, -0.5625,  
-6.2627

■ 224.3150, -1.1413,  
-7.2923

■ 69.1410, -0.5625,  
-6.2627

■ 251.2550, -0.1257,  
-6.3626

■ 46.4400, -0.7099,  
-5.6479

■ 25.8530, -0.4205,  
-5.1331

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 142.7280, -0.8519,  
-6.7775

■ 142.7280, -0.8519,  
-6.7775

■ 137.4450, -1.6984,  
-15.2993

■ 148.0110, -0.0054,  
1.7444

■ 132.3470, -3.1291,  
-23.1063

■ 153.1090, 1.4253,  
9.5514

■ 127.0640, -3.9756,  
-31.6281

■ 158.3920, 2.2717,  
18.0732

■ 121.7810, -4.8220,  
-40.1499

■ 163.6750, 3.1182,  
26.5950

■ 116.6830, -6.2527,  
-47.9570

■ 169.0720, 4.4015,  
35.0169

■ 111.4000, -7.0992,  
-56.4788

■ 174.0560, 5.3954,  
42.9239

■ 106.1170, -7.9457,  
-65.0006


■ 179.3390, 6.2419,  
51.4457


■ 100.7200, -9.2290,

■ 184.7360, 7.5252,

-73.4224

59.8675

 95.7360, -10.2228,  
-81.3295

 186.1320, 10.2879,  
60.3972

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



143.1800, -3.0467, -2.7889



142.7280, -0.8519, -6.7775



142.4010, 1.7743, -9.1217

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



142.7280, -0.8519, -6.7775



144.5420, 4.6628, -2.2293



144.7300, -3.8109, 9.0068

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



142.7280, -0.8519, -6.7775



139.2720, 0.8519, 6.7775

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



145.3000, -1.6269, 8.5069



142.7280, -0.8519, -6.7775



144.9340, 3.4835, 2.6889

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



142.7280, -0.8519, -6.7775



143.3350, 5.2578, -6.4328



145.2720, 0.8519, 6.7775



144.4800, -4.6736, 5.7180



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



142.7280, -0.8519, -6.7775



142.7430, 3.0847, -9.4216



145.2720, 0.8519, 6.7775



144.9580, -2.9373, 8.8068

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



142.7280, -0.8519, -6.7775



189.5760, -0.2840, -2.2592



143.8380, -4.3571, -2.4889



96.2880, -0.1420, -1.1296



224.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



97.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



142.7280, -0.8519, -6.7775



184.2930, -1.1304, -10.7810



143.4120, 1.7689, -7.3773



71.4510, -0.7153, -3.9035



88.8720, -9.7969, -77.9407



6.4400, -0.7099, -5.6479



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



139.2720, 0.8519, 6.7775



178.8210, 1.5672, 10.6810



138.5880, -1.7689, 7.3773



69.4350, 0.2785, 4.0035



49.1280, 9.7969, 77.9407



3.5600, 0.7099, 5.6479



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 142.7280, -0.8519, -6.7775 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

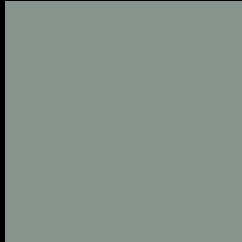
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 142.7280, -0.8519, -6.7775 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

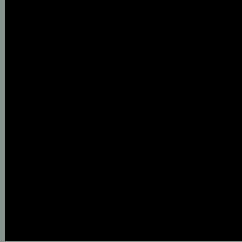
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

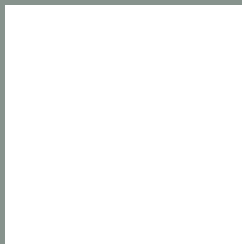
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 142.7280, -0.8519, -6.7775

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 142.7280, -0.8519, -6.7775.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 142.7280, -0.8519,

-6.7775.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

142.7280, -0.8519, -6.7775

### Protanopia

144.0390, -2.4842, 3.4738

### Deuteranopia

145.1370, -1.0535, 11.2809



**Tritanopia**

144.1610, 5.8366, -5.4032

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

142.7280, -0.8519, -6.7775

## Protanomaly

143.2450, -1.5998, -0.2149

## Deuteranomaly

144.3920, -1.1793, 4.9182

## Tritanomaly

143.8790, 3.5107, -6.0329

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

142.7280, -0.8519, -6.7775

## Achromatopsia

143.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

142.5760, -0.2840, -2.2592

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 142.7280, -0.8519, -6.7775 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(135, 147, 141)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(135, 147, 141)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(135, 147, 141) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(135, 147, 141) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 142.7280, -0.8519, -6.7775 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(135, 147, 141) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(135, 147, 141) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(135, 147, 141)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(135, 147, 141); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(135, 147, 141);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(135, 147,  
141) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 142.7280, -0.8519, -6.7775 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(135, 147, 141) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(135,  
147, 141) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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