

# Converting Colors

YUV(142.9470, 23.6901,  
-38.5415)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(142.9470, 23.6901, -38.5415)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(142.9470, 23.6901,  
-38.5415)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	639CBF
RGB	99, 156, 191
RGB Percent	39%, 61%, 75%
CMY	0.6118, 0.3882, 0.2510
CMYK	0.48, 0.18, 0.00, 0.25
HSL	203°, 42%, 57%
HSV	203°, 48%, 75%
XYZ	26.4380, 30.1912, 53.7243
YIQ	142.9470, -45.2070, -1.1990

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

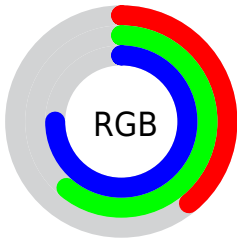
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	99, 134, 191
Decimal	6528191
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	61.82, -9.04, -23.87
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	62, 25.523, 249.260
Yxy	30.1912, 0.2396, 0.2736
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284718271 (0xFF639CBF)
YUV	142.9470, 23.6901, -38.5415
Hunter-Lab	54.9465, -10.2694, -19.5086

# Details

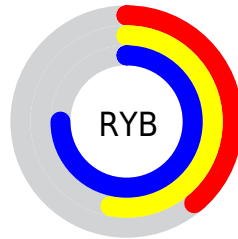
The YUV color **142.9470, 23.6901, -38.5415** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **6699CC**. A complement of this color would be **147.0530, -23.6901, 38.5415**, and the grayscale version is **143.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **197.4740, 24.4163, -38.1267**, and **89.8110, 23.2642, -41.9302** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **133.1570, 28.5166, -46.6187**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **152.7370, 18.8637, -30.4643**.

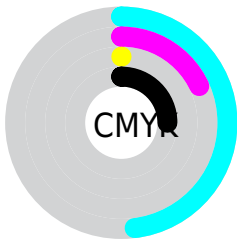
# Distribution



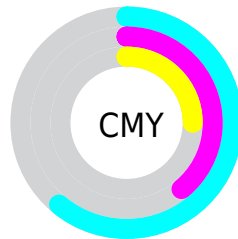
- Red (39%)
- Green (61%)
- Blue (75%)



- Red (39%)
- Yellow (53%)
- Blue (75%)



- Cyan (48%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (25%)



- Cyan (61%)
- Magenta (39%)
- Yellow (25%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 142.9470, 23.6901, -38.5415 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 142.9470, 23.6901, -38.5415 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 142.9470, 23.6901,  
-38.5415

■ 142.9470, 23.6901,  
-38.5415

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 116.2350, 23.5481,  
-39.6711

■ 197.4740, 24.4163,  
-38.1267

■ 89.8110, 23.2642,  
-41.9302

■ 224.0800, 15.2436,  
-36.0272

■ 60.3150, 25.4807,  
-52.8963

■ 241.8440, 6.4859,  
-27.0502

■ 43.9640, 21.2167,  
-38.5564

■ 250.8140, 2.0637,  
-8.6069

■ 28.4280, 17.5370,  
-24.9314

■ 13.5930, 14.0047,  
-11.9211

■ 2.8670, 8.4466,

-2.5144

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 142.9470, 23.6901,  
-38.5415

■ 142.9470, 23.6901,  
-38.5415

■ 133.1570, 28.5166,  
-46.6187

■ 152.7370, 18.8637,  
-30.4643

■ 122.7800, 33.6325,  
-54.1811

■ 163.1140, 13.7478,  
-22.9020

■ 112.9900, 38.4589,  
-62.2582

■ 172.9040, 8.9213,  
-14.8248

■ 103.2000, 43.2854,  
-70.3354

■ 182.6940, 4.0949,  
-6.7476

■ 93.1110, 48.2593,  
-79.0273

■ 192.7830, -0.8790,  
1.9443

■ 91.0400, 49.2803,  
-79.8421

■ 203.1600, -5.9949,  
9.5067

■ 212.9500,  
-10.8213, 17.5839

■ 222.7400,  
-15.6478, 25.6610

■ 227.7460,  
-18.1158, 23.9018

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



138.0180, 19.2181, -50.8818



142.9470, 23.6901, -38.5415



148.7480, 22.3092, -15.5650

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



142.9470, 23.6901, -38.5415



152.3790, -4.6238, 36.5016



144.9220, -15.2445, -10.4556

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



142.9470, 23.6901, -38.5415



147.0530, -23.6901, 38.5415

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



147.2620, -20.8352, 9.4172



142.9470, 23.6901, -38.5415



151.1480, -14.3700, 35.8272

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



142.9470, 23.6901, -38.5415



153.1850, 6.3178, 27.0248



149.7740, -20.5946, 25.6312



141.6620, -4.2704, -30.3986



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



142.9470, 23.6901, -38.5415



151.5220, 18.4767, 0.4192



149.7740, -20.5946, 25.6312



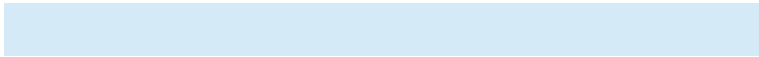
145.8690, -18.1764, -3.3931

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



142.9470, 23.6901, -38.5415



229.2030, 8.7739, -14.2100



156.8800, -11.7728, -50.7608



114.0250, 5.4107, -8.7919



252.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



125.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



142.9470, 23.6901, -38.5415



172.5450, 36.7063, -60.1140



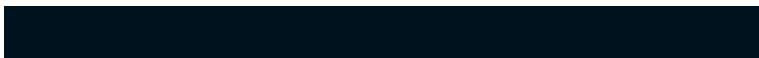
116.5320, 36.7127, -15.3756



89.5480, 2.1948, -3.9886



75.5380, 40.6538, -66.2468



14.6870, 8.0423, -12.8805



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



133.0060, 11.3360, 50.8607



156.9030, 17.7958, 79.0151



173.4680, -36.7127, 15.3756



88.3750, 1.2941, 4.9331



58.4140, 19.5159, 87.3369



11.4350, 3.7295, 17.1585



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 142.9470, 23.6901, -38.5415 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 142.9470, 23.6901, -38.5415 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 142.9470, 23.6901, -38.5415

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 142.9470, 23.6901, -38.5415.



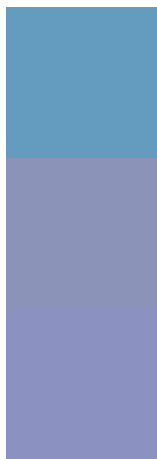
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 142.9470, 23.6901, -38.5415.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

142.9470, 23.6901, -38.5415

### Protanopia

149.2390, 17.6302, -8.1026

### Deuteranopia

149.2650, 21.5614, -9.0024



## Tritanopia

140.7480, 15.4072, -41.8750

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

142.9470, 23.6901, -38.5415

## Protanomaly

146.7430, 19.8467, -19.0686

## Deuteranomaly

147.0140, 22.1781, -20.1833

## Tritanomaly

141.5570, 18.4594, -40.8305

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

142.9470, 23.6901, -38.5415

## Achromatopsia

143.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

143.0890, 8.3371, -14.1101

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 142.9470, 23.6901, -38.5415 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(99, 156, 191)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(99, 156, 191)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(99, 156, 191) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(99, 156, 191) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 142.9470, 23.6901, -38.5415 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(99, 156, 191) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(99, 156, 191) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(99, 156, 191)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(99, 156, 191); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(99, 156, 191);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(99, 156,  
191) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 142.9470, 23.6901, -38.5415 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(99, 156, 191) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(99, 156,  
191) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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