

Converting Colors

YUV(143.3060, 42.7401,
-35.3484)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(143.3060, 42.7401, -35.3484)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(143.3060, 42.7401,
-35.3484)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6793E6
RGB	103, 147, 230
RGB Percent	40%, 58%, 90%
CMY	0.5961, 0.4235, 0.0980
CMYK	0.55, 0.36, 0.00, 0.10
HSL	219°, 72%, 65%
HSV	219°, 55%, 90%
XYZ	30.3102, 29.4642, 78.9525
YIQ	143.3060, -52.8670, 16.4850

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

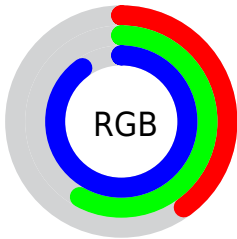
Format	Color
RYB	103, 136, 230
Decimal	6788070
CIELab	61.19, 8.89, -46.59
CIELCh	61, 47.435, 280.802
Yxy	29.4642, 0.2185, 0.2124
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284978150 (0xFF6793E6)
YUV	143.3060, 42.7401, -35.3484
Hunter-Lab	54.2809, 4.6818, -48.2417

Details

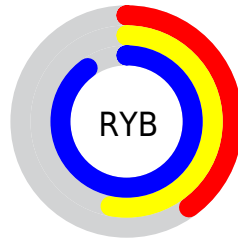
The YUV color **143.3060, 42.7401, -35.3484** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **6699FF**. A complement of this color would be **189.6940, -42.7401, 35.3484**, and the grayscale version is **143.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **195.1960, 29.4834, -29.9899**, and **87.8380, 42.4779, -44.5849** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **127.6240, 50.4714, -41.7662**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **158.9880, 35.0089, -28.9305**.

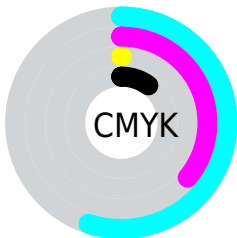
Distribution



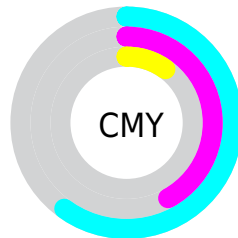
- Red (40%)
- Green (58%)
- Blue (90%)



- Red (40%)
- Yellow (53%)
- Blue (90%)



- Cyan (55%)
- Magenta (36%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (10%)



- Cyan (60%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (10%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 143.3060, 42.7401, -35.3484 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 143.3060, 42.7401, -35.3484 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 143.3060, 42.7401,
-35.3484

■ 143.3060, 42.7401,
-35.3484

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 115.8820, 42.4562,
-37.6075

■ 195.1960, 29.4834,
-29.9899

■ 87.8380, 42.4779,
-44.5849

■ 220.6020, 16.9582,
-25.9610

■ 60.1960, 42.7944,
-52.7919

■ 244.5350, 5.1592,
-21.5172

■ 44.3180, 37.8042,
-38.8669

■ 253.5050, 0.7370,
-3.0739

■ 29.1410, 32.9615,
-25.5567

■ 11.0290, 29.5657,
-9.6724

■ 7.8200, 19.8087,

-6.8581

■ 3.5510, 11.0674,
-3.1142

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 143.3060, 42.7401,
-35.3484

■ 143.3060, 42.7401,
-35.3484

■ 127.6240, 50.4714,
-41.7662

■ 158.9880, 35.0089,
-28.9305

■ 111.9420, 58.2026,
-48.1841

■ 174.6700, 27.2777,
-22.5126

■ 96.2600, 65.9338,
-54.6020

■ 190.3520, 19.5465,
-16.0947

■ 80.5780, 73.6650,
-61.0199

■ 206.0340, 11.8152,
-9.6768

■ 73.1800, 77.3123,
-64.1789

■ 221.7160, 4.0840,
-3.2589

■ 237.3980, -3.6472,
3.1590

■ 250.3890,
-10.0518, 4.0438

■ 252.1500,
-10.9200, 2.4994

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



119.6840, 52.4138, -104.9629



143.3060, 42.7401, -35.3484



152.0800, 29.0476, 16.5928

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



143.3060, 42.7401, -35.3484



147.3380, -25.8026, 62.8476



124.7510, -2.8352, -70.8186

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



143.3060, 42.7401, -35.3484



189.6940, -42.7401, 35.3484

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



137.3430, -27.2841, -22.2258



143.3060, 42.7401, -35.3484



145.4760, -38.6887, 42.5555

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



143.3060, 42.7401, -35.3484



148.5940, -7.1948, 67.8851



142.2460, -40.0543, 13.8163



117.6710, 21.8542, -103.1975

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



143.3060, 42.7401, -35.3484



151.7860, 18.3465, 42.2837



142.2460, -40.0543, 13.8163



130.6520, -12.6464, -50.5608

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



143.3060, 42.7401, -35.3484



225.7070, 14.4414, -12.0210



187.0110, -0.4984, -73.6776



110.2470, 8.7522, -7.2326



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



143.3060, 42.7401, -35.3484



140.1980, 56.5974, -46.6546



123.1590, 52.6726, -1.0164



106.7160, 4.0840, -3.2589



56.8000, 60.2446, -49.8136



16.3800, 17.0677, -14.3653

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



145.9890, 0.4984, 73.6776



143.8440, 0.5699, 97.4838



209.8410, -52.6726, 1.0164



107.0440, -0.0217, 6.9774



60.5890, 0.6956, 103.8464



17.3010, 0.3446, 29.5540

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 143.3060, 42.7401, -35.3484 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 143.3060, 42.7401, -35.3484 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 143.3060, 42.7401, -35.3484 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 143.3060, 42.7401, -35.3484.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 143.3060, 42.7401, -35.3484.

-35.3484.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

143.3060, 42.7401, -35.3484

Protanopia

145.5030, 40.6710, -24.9971

Deuteranopia

143.3060, 42.7401, -35.3484



Tritanopia

137.1600, 17.1761, -49.2523

Trichromacy



Original Color

143.3060, 42.7401, -35.3484

Protanomaly

144.7090, 41.5555, -28.6858

Deuteranomaly

143.3060, 42.7401, -35.3484

Tritanomaly

139.5980, 26.3272, -44.3744

Monochromacy



Original Color

143.3060, 42.7401, -35.3484

Achromatopsia

143.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

142.7500, 15.8993, -12.9357

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 143.3060, 42.7401, -35.3484 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(103, 147, 230)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(103, 147, 230)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(103, 147, 230) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(103, 147, 230) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 143.3060, 42.7401, -35.3484 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(103, 147, 230) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(103, 147, 230) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(103, 147, 230)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(103, 147, 230); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(103, 147, 230);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(103, 147,  
230) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 143.3060, 42.7401, -35.3484 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(103, 147, 230) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(103,  
147, 230) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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