

# Converting Colors

YUV(143.9740, -6.8892,  
63.1668)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(143.9740, -6.8892, 63.1668)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(143.9740, -6.8892,  
63.1668)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	D86E82
RGB	216, 110, 130
RGB Percent	85%, 43%, 51%
CMY	0.1529, 0.5686, 0.4902
CMYK	0.00, 0.49, 0.40, 0.15
HSL	349°, 58%, 64%
HSV	349°, 49%, 85%
XYZ	37.9241, 27.3625, 24.4018
YIQ	143.9740, 56.7560, 28.6920

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

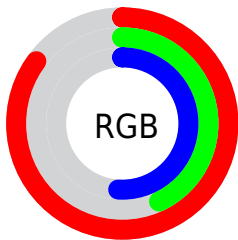
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	216, 110, 130
Decimal	14184066
CIE Lab	59.31, 43.49, 8.36
CIE LCh	59, 44.288, 10.879
Yxy	27.3625, 0.4228, 0.3051
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292374146 (0xFFD86E82)
YUV	143.9740, -6.8892, 63.1668
Hunter-Lab	52.3092, 37.8713, 8.9582

# Details

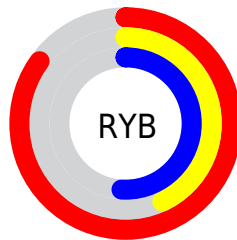
The YUV color **143.9740, -6.8892, 63.1668** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6666**. A complement of this color would be **182.0260, 6.8892, -63.1668**, and the grayscale version is **144.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **193.3750, -5.1149, 54.0451**, and **90.5220, -4.6943, 59.1782** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **129.0080, -8.3849, 76.2920**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **158.9400, -5.3934, 50.0416**.

# Distribution



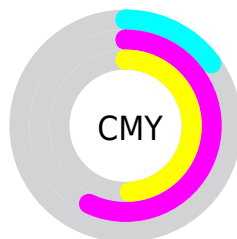
- Red (85%)
- Green (43%)
- Blue (51%)



- Red (85%)
- Yellow (43%)
- Blue (51%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (49%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Black (15%)



- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (57%)
- Yellow (49%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 143.9740, -6.8892, 63.1668 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 143.9740, -6.8892, 63.1668 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 143.9740, -6.8892,  
63.1668


 143.9740, -6.8892,  
63.1668


255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 117.1910, -6.0102,  
61.2225


 193.3750, -5.1149,  
54.0451

 90.5220, -4.6943,  
59.1782


 212.8890, -1.4243,  
36.9313


 63.3800, -2.6523,  
57.5487

 232.6310, 3.1399,  
19.6176

 34.4170, 1.2734,  
58.3933

 251.4780, 1.7363,  
3.0888

 23.9500, -3.9193,  
43.8939

 15.1780, -6.4968,  
30.5389

 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 143.9740, -6.8892,  
63.1668

■ 143.9740, -6.8892,  
63.1668

■ 129.0080, -8.3849,  
76.2920

■ 158.9400, -5.3934,  
50.0416

■ 114.7430, -9.7333,  
88.8024

■ 173.2050, -4.0451,  
37.5312

■ 99.7770, -11.2291,  
101.9276

■ 188.1710, -2.5493,  
24.4060

■ 85.5120, -12.5774,  
114.4380

■ 202.4360, -1.2009,  
11.8956

■ 70.5460, -14.0732,  
127.5632

■ 217.4020, 0.2948,  
-1.2296

■ 69.2580, -13.9312,  
128.6927

■ 232.2540, 1.3538,  
-14.2548

■ 243.1110, 4.8753,  
-23.7763

■ 243.3390, 5.7489,  
-23.9763

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



146.5820, 11.0521, 48.6016



143.9740, -6.8892, 63.1668



142.7720, -24.0446, 58.9590

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



143.9740, -6.8892, 63.1668



133.2230, -25.2529, -20.3666



115.0220, 49.7822, -100.8743

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



143.9740, -6.8892, 63.1668



182.0260, 6.8892, -63.1668

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



116.5090, 37.7101, -102.1784



143.9740, -6.8892, 63.1668



122.6810, -3.2937, -63.7412

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



143.9740, -6.8892, 63.1668



137.7450, -36.8493, 12.5016



113.4650, 20.9698, -99.5088



139.1170, 39.3823, -31.6746



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



143.9740, -6.8892, 63.1668



141.7030, -32.8846, 47.6185



113.4650, 20.9698, -99.5088



116.0990, 46.2932, -101.8188

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



143.9740, -6.8892, 63.1668



229.1600, -2.5439, 22.6617



147.4990, 33.7710, 41.6584



112.3330, -1.6432, 13.7400



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



143.9740, -6.8892, 63.1668



153.0420, -9.8807, 89.4172



160.4780, -24.8857, 48.6928



99.5170, -0.7479, 6.5626



54.7770, -11.2291, 101.9276



13.7690, -2.8441, 25.6356



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



143.9740, -6.8892, 63.1668



153.0420, -9.8807, 89.4172



165.5220, 24.8857, -48.6928



99.5170, -0.7479, 6.5626



54.7770, -11.2291, 101.9276



13.7690, -2.8441, 25.6356



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 143.9740, -6.8892, 63.1668 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

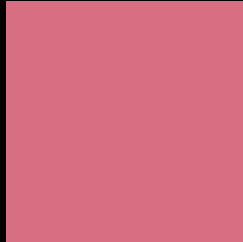
Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 143.9740, -6.8892, 63.1668 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

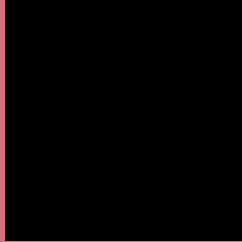
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 143.9740, -6.8892, 63.1668

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 143.9740, -6.8892, 63.1668.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 143.9740, -6.8892,

63.1668.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

143.9740, -6.8892, 63.1668

### Protanopia

143.2820, 2.3260, 0.6297

### Deuteranopia

144.2920, -9.5110, 17.2839



## Tritanopia

143.7090, -11.6885, 62.5222

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

143.9740, -6.8892, 63.1668

## Protanomaly

143.2140, -1.0915, 23.4913

## Deuteranomaly

144.3310, -8.5442, 33.9127

## Tritanomaly

143.5780, -9.6520, 62.6371

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

143.9740, -6.8892, 63.1668

## Achromatopsia

144.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

144.1600, -2.5439, 22.6617

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 143.9740, -6.8892, 63.1668 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(216, 110, 130)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(216, 110, 130)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(216, 110, 130) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(216, 110, 130) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 143.9740, -6.8892, 63.1668 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(216, 110, 130) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(216, 110, 130) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(216, 110, 130)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(216, 110, 130); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(216, 110, 130);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(216, 110,  
130) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 143.9740, -6.8892, 63.1668 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(216, 110, 130) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(216,  
110, 130) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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