

# Converting Colors

YUV(144.0700, 54.6885,  
52.5586)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(144.0700, 54.6885, 52.5586)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(144.0700, 54.6885,  
52.5586)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	CC5CFF
RGB	204, 92, 255
RGB Percent	80%, 36%, 100%
CMY	0.2000, 0.6392, 0.0000
CMYK	0.20, 0.64, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	281°, 100%, 68%
HSV	281°, 64%, 100%
XYZ	46.7790, 27.7117, 97.4911
YIQ	144.0700, 14.4290, 74.4370

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

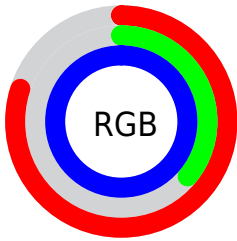
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	204, 92, 255
Decimal	13393151
CIE Lab	59.63, 68.79, -62.37
CIE LCh	60, 92.856, 317.799
Yxy	27.7117, 0.2720, 0.1611
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291583231 (0xFFCC5CFF)
YUV	144.0700, 54.6885, 52.5586
Hunter-Lab	52.6419, 66.4967, -72.9539

# Details

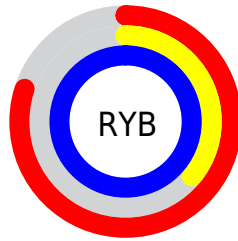
The YUV color **144.0700, 54.6885, 52.5586** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC66FF**. The color can be described as light muted magenta. A complement of this color would be **202.9300, -54.6885, -52.5586**, and the grayscale version is **144.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **192.1910, 30.9648, 55.0835**, and **83.4230, 55.9935, 54.0030** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **127.0030, 63.1025, 60.5104**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **161.7240, 45.9851, 44.0921**.

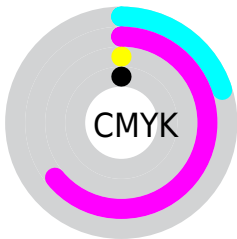
# Distribution



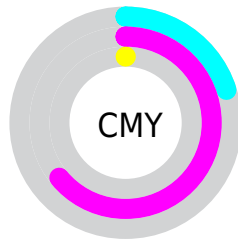
- Red (80%)
- Green (36%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (80%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (64%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (64%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 144.0700, 54.6885, 52.5586 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 144.0700, 54.6885, 52.5586 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 144.0700, 54.6885,  
52.5586


 144.0700, 54.6885,  
52.5586


255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 115.0700, 54.6885,  
52.5586

 192.1910, 30.9648,  
55.0835


 83.4230, 55.9935,  
54.0030


 209.2140, 22.5725,  
40.1543


 54.2490, 56.5722,  
55.0326

 226.2370, 14.1802,  
25.2252

 42.5000, 49.0535,  
39.9035

 243.2600, 5.7878,  
10.2960

 30.8650, 41.9716,  
24.6744

 19.6430, 35.1790,  
9.9601

 7.5240, 28.8287,

-6.5985

■ 6.6630, 17.9141,  
-5.8435

■ 2.9810, 8.8834,  
-2.6143

■ 144.0700, 54.6885,  
52.5586

■ 144.0700, 54.6885,  
52.5586

■ 127.0030, 63.1025,  
60.5104

■ 161.7240, 45.9851,  
44.0921

■ 109.3490, 71.8059,  
68.9769

■ 178.7910, 37.5710,  
36.1403

■ 92.2820, 80.2200,  
76.9287

■ 196.4450, 28.8676,  
27.6737

■ 81.3950, 85.5873,  
82.0916

■ 213.5120, 20.4536,  
19.7220

■ 231.1660, 11.7502,  
11.2554

■ 248.2330, 3.3361,  
3.3037

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



109.4890, 71.7369, -96.0219



144.0700, 54.6885, 52.5586



106.8580, 36.5520, 129.9205

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



144.0700, 54.6885, 52.5586



135.2350, -66.6709, 57.6759



126.3740, 32.3536, -110.8300

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



144.0700, 54.6885, 52.5586



202.9300, -54.6885, -52.5586

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



115.3960, -4.6322, -101.2023



144.0700, 54.6885, 52.5586



129.5560, -63.8711, -0.4876

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



144.0700, 54.6885, 52.5586



126.2370, -59.2768, 112.9252



99.2030, -48.9071, -87.0010



131.7950, 60.7401, -115.5842



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



144.0700, 54.6885, 52.5586



90.6090, 17.4478, 144.1709



99.2030, -48.9071, -87.0010



122.5950, 20.4127, -107.5158

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



144.0700, 54.6885, 52.5586



222.3390, 16.1019, 15.4887



141.1060, 56.1497, -43.0660



107.4000, 10.1558, 9.2962



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



144.0700, 54.6885, 52.5586



121.7090, 65.7125, 63.3992



155.8990, 34.0668, 86.9116



119.1730, 4.3517, 4.2333



60.9430, 64.1181, 61.4400



20.4520, 21.4692, 20.6516



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



146.5510, -1.7506, 95.1098



124.5580, -2.2471, 114.3976



191.1010, -34.0668, -86.9116



119.3430, -0.1691, 7.5922



63.9490, -1.9469, 111.4237

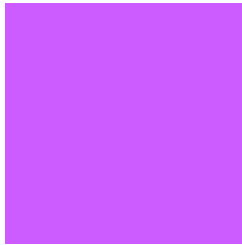


21.4160, -0.6981, 37.3462



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 144.0700, 54.6885, 52.5586 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

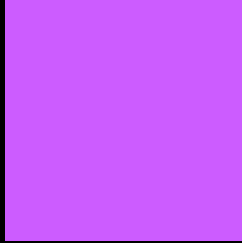
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 144.0700, 54.6885, 52.5586 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

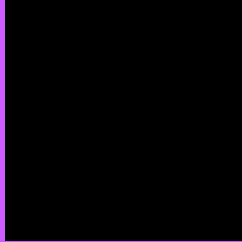
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 144.0700, 54.6885, 52.5586

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 144.0700, 54.6885, 52.5586.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 144.0700, 54.6885, 52.5586.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

144.0700, 54.6885, 52.5586

### Protanopia

137.5620, 57.8969, -43.4659

### Deuteranopia

133.6760, 54.8827, -56.7209



## Tritanopia

145.7810, -4.3290, 35.2721

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

144.0700, 54.6885, 52.5586



## Protanomaly

140.1410, 56.6255, -8.8937



## Deuteranomaly

137.6300, 54.9054, -17.2155



## Tritanomaly

145.1450, 17.1835, 41.9688

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

144.0700, 54.6885, 52.5586



## Achromatopsia

144.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



## Achromatomaly

143.9850, 19.7274, 19.3072

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 144.0700, 54.6885, 52.5586 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(204, 92, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(204, 92, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(204, 92, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(204, 92, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 144.0700, 54.6885, 52.5586 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(204, 92, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(204, 92, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(204, 92, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(204, 92, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(204, 92, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(204, 92,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 144.0700, 54.6885, 52.5586 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(204, 92, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(204, 92,  
255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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